

Medway and Swale

Health and Care Partnership profile

Created by Medway Council Public Health Intelligence Team and
Kent Public Health Observatory



Summary part 1: Medway and Swale

Indicator	Compared to England
Life expectancy at birth (Male)	Similar
Life expectancy at birth (Female)	Similar
Smoking Prevalence in adults (18+) - current smokers (APS)	Similar
Percentage of adults (aged 18+) classified as overweight or obese	Worse
Children with excess weight Year 6, three year average	Worse
Percentage of physically inactive adults	Worse
Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions	Better
Air pollution: fine particulate matter (historic indicator)	Not compared
Total number of prescribed antibiotic items per STAR-PU	Higher
Breast cancer screening coverage (females aged 50-70)	Better
Cervical cancer screening coverage (females aged 25-49)	Better
Bowel cancer screening coverage (persons aged 60-74)	Similar
Infant mortality rate	Similar
Low birth weight of term babies	Similar
Stillbirth rate	Similar
Smoking status at time of delivery	Worse
AE attendances (0-4 years)	Worse
Percentage of 5 year olds with experience of visually obvious dental decay	Similar

Summary part 2: Medway and Swale

Indicator	Compared to England
Under 18s conception rate / 1,000	Worse
Emergency hospital admissions for asthma (< 19 yrs)	Similar
Emergency hospital admissions for epilepsy (< 19 yrs)	Worse
Emergency hospital admissions for diabetes (< 19 yrs)	Worse
Hospital admissions for mental health conditions (0-17 years)	Better
Hospital admissions as a result of self-harm (10-24 years)	Worse
Hospital admissions due to substance misuse (15-24 years)	Similar
Hypertension: QOF prevalence (all ages)	Higher
Diabetes: QOF prevalence (17+)	Higher
CHD: QOF prevalence (all ages)	Lower
CKD: QOF prevalence (18+)	Similar
Stroke: QOF prevalence (all ages)	Lower
Deaths from circulatory disease, under 75 years	Similar
Deaths from all cancer, under 75 years	Worse
Cancer diagnosed at early stage (experimental statistics)	Not compared
Unplanned hospitalisation for chronic ACSC	Worse
Depression: Recorded prevalence (aged 18+)	Higher
Serious Mental Illness: QOF prevalence (all ages)	Lower

Summary part 3: Medway and Swale

Indicator	Compared to England
Suicide rate (Persons)	Better
Suicide rate (Male)	Better
Estimated dementia diagnosis rate (aged 65 and over)	Not compared
Emergency hospital admissions due to falls (persons aged 65 and over)	Better
Emergency hospital admissions for hip fracture (persons aged 65 and over)	Worse
Osteoporosis: QOF prevalence (50+)	Lower

Contact details

If you have any questions or would like further information about these profiles, please contact either:

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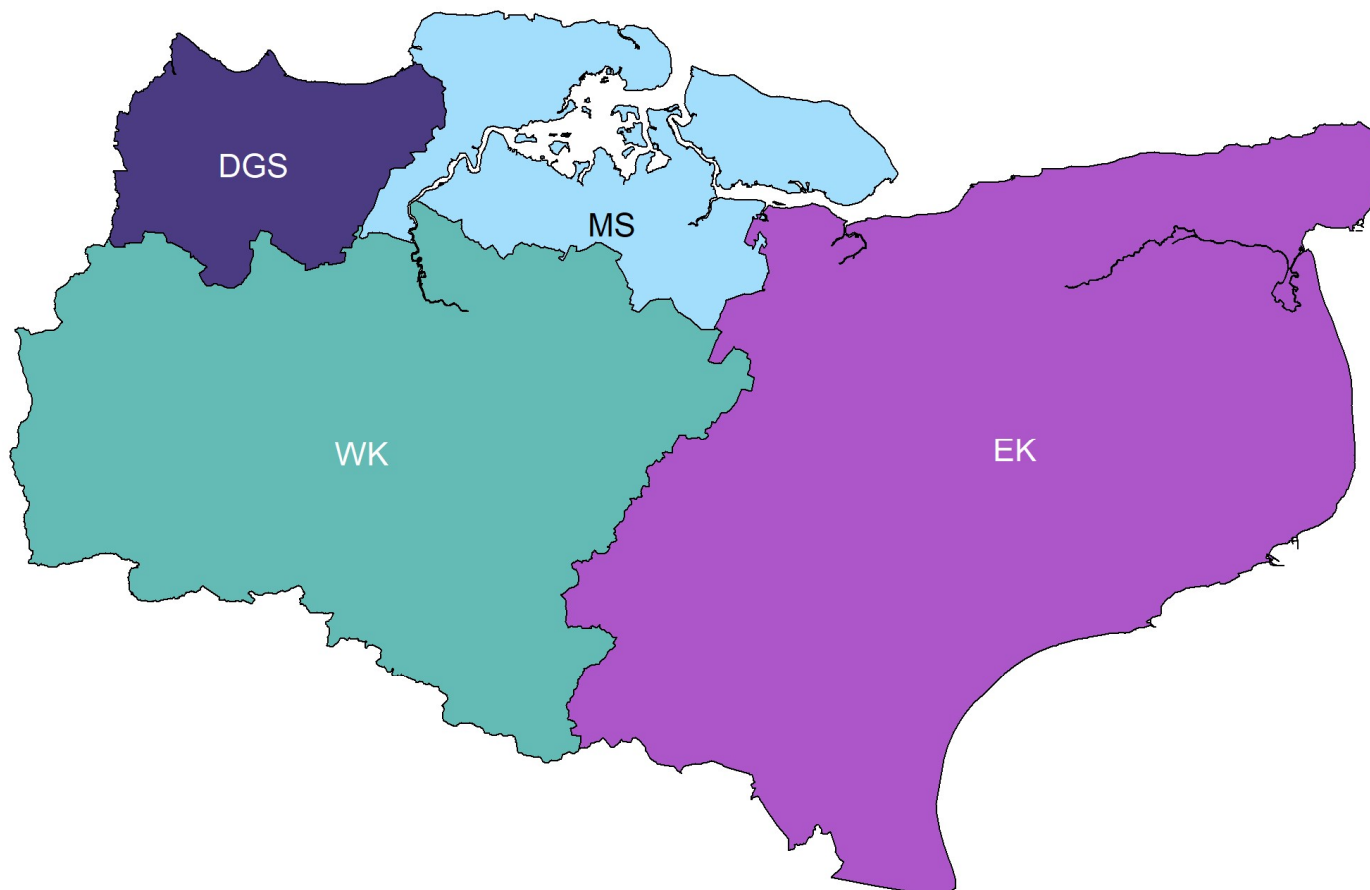
mark.chambers@kent.gov.uk

03000 422 794

Purpose

- Profiles have been created for each of the Health and Care Partnerships (HCPs) in the Kent and Medway Integrated Care System (ICS).
- 1) Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley; 2) East Kent; 3) Medway and Swale; 4) West Kent.
- The aim of the profiles is to allow comparison between each of the HCPs and identify priority areas to focus work.

Kent and Medway HCPs



Health and Care Partnerships

 Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley HCP  East Kent HCP  Medway and Swale HCP  West Kent HCP

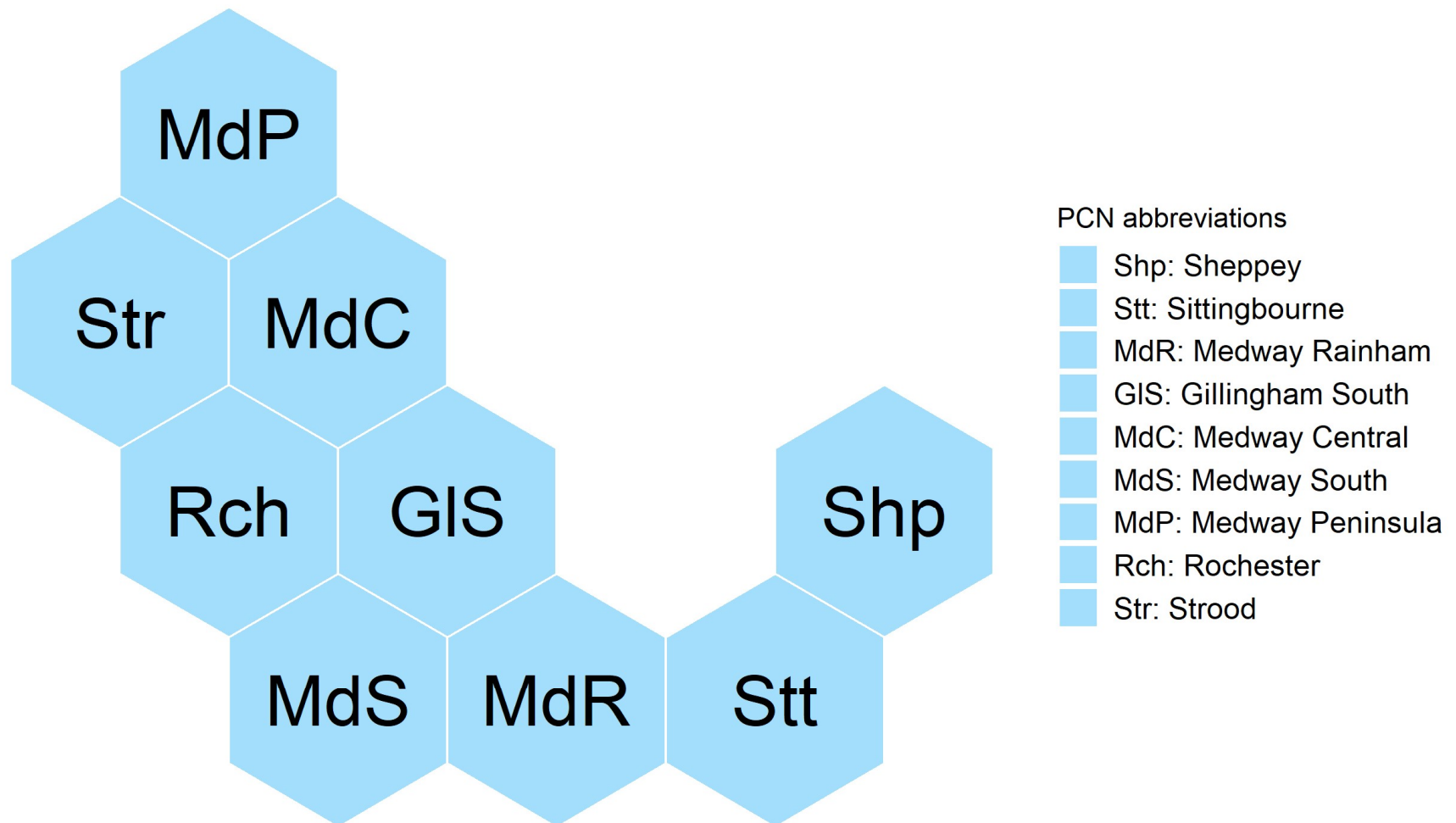
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Rationale

- The profiles contain five sections, which are based on key themes identified in the NHS Long Term Plan.
- 1) Demographics; 2) Prevention and Health Inequalities; 3) Best Start in Life; 4) Major Health Conditions; 5) Ageing Well.
- Key stakeholders were consulted to identify the indicators that should be included.
- Due to limitations in the available data, some indicators could not be included for all the priorities identified at this time.

PCN hex map explained

- Some slides contain a hex map, which displays the indicator value at PCN level.
- Each hexagon represents a PCN, arranged according to its relative geography within the HCP.



Number grid explained

- Some slides contain a number grid, which displays the indicator value at different levels of geography.
- England, Kent and Medway ICS, HCP, and small area.
- The small area type displayed depends on the data available for the indicator.
- Either District & Unitary Authority (UA) or Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG).

HCP value	England value
	ICS value
Small area values	Time period

Small areas

- District & UA and former CCG data have been mapped to the HCP boundaries as per the table below.
- Caveat: District & UA data does not align with the HCP areas exactly.
- For the purpose of this profile, data for whole District & UAs have been assigned to the HCP where the majority of residents reside.

Health and Care Partnership	District & Unitary Authority	Former Clinical Commissioning Group
Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley	Dartford; Gravesham	Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley CCG
East Kent	Ashford; Canterbury; Dover; Folkestone and Hythe; Thanet	Ashford CCG; Canterbury and Coastal CCG; South Kent Coast CCG; Thanet CCG
Medway and Swale	Medway; Swale	Medway CCG; Swale CCG
West Kent	Maidstone; Sevenoaks; Tonbridge and Malling; Tunbridge Wells	West Kent CCG

Small areas continued

- Data at several small area levels has been used as building blocks to calculate the PCN values: Lower Super Output Area (LSOA), ward, general practice and school.
- LSOAs have a defined geographical boundary. On average the population is about 1,700 people so they can be thought of as representing a neighbourhood. There are 1,065 LSOAs within Kent and Medway.
- LSOAs and wards were assigned to PCNs on a first passed the post basis, e.g. LSOAs or wards were mapped to PCNs based on which PCN has the highest count of registered patients living in that LSOA/ward.
- School level data was assigned to PCNs based on the ward the school was located in. Only primary and nursery school data was used as this more likely reflects the child profile of the local area due to the larger catchment areas of secondary schools.

HCP value and comparison

- The HCP values have been calculated from either LSOA, ward, general practice, school, District & UA or CCG level data using one of two methods:
- 1) Aggregated data: HCP values are created from aggregated counts and denominators, where data is available.
- 2) Small areas averaged: Where count and/or denominator data is not available, the HCP value is the median of the small area values.
- A RAG rating (red, amber, green) has been applied to the majority of indicators to show how well an area is performing compared to a benchmark (England). The RAG rating is assigned by comparing an area's value to a reference range, which was created using either confidence intervals (CIs) or a range around the England average (usually 5%). Green corresponds to a value that is better than England, red to a value that is worse, and amber indicates that there is no difference.
- Where it is inappropriate to label high or low values as 'better' or 'worse', for example osteoporosis prevalence, the terms 'higher' and 'lower' have been used with neutral colouring: shades of blue from light to dark. Such labelling does not imply that high values of these indicators, for example, are 'worse'.
- An indicator is shaded grey where it is inappropriate to apply a RAG rating due to the methods used in the calculation or the count is less than 10.

DEMOGRAPHICS

Population

Age Profile for Medway and Swale

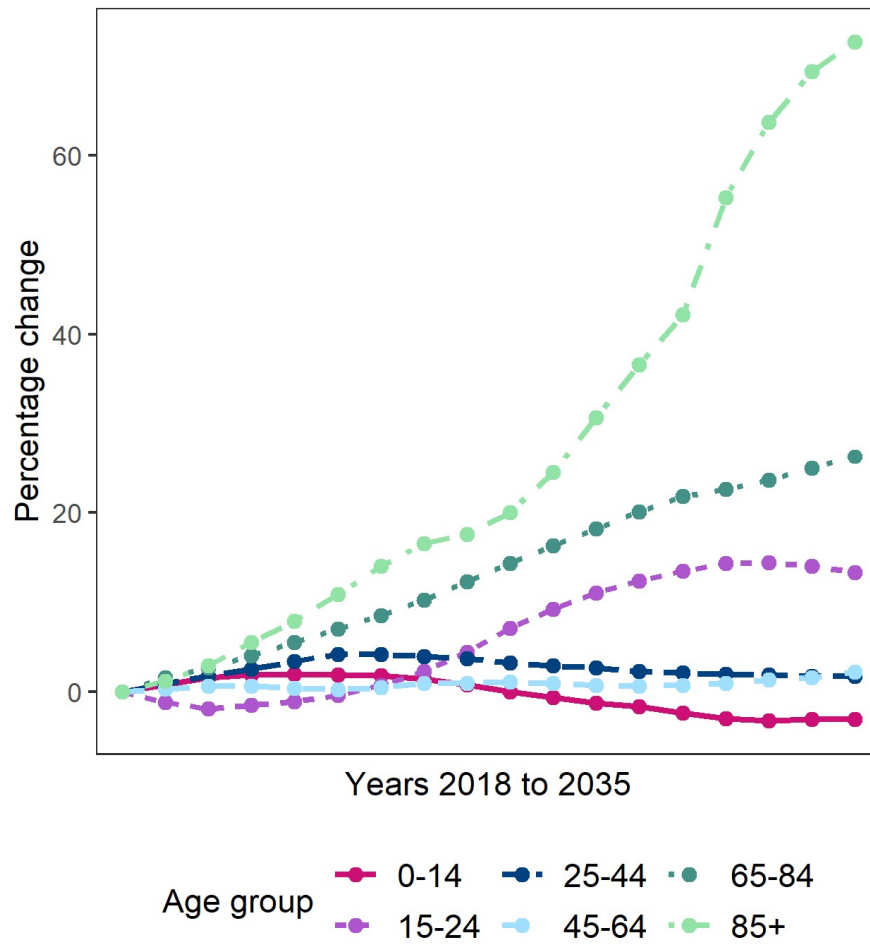
Total population: 432,986



Source: NHS Digital. Patients Registered at a GP Practice. 01May2022

Projected population for MS

Percentage change from 2018



Source: ONS. Population projections for local authorities. 2018 based.

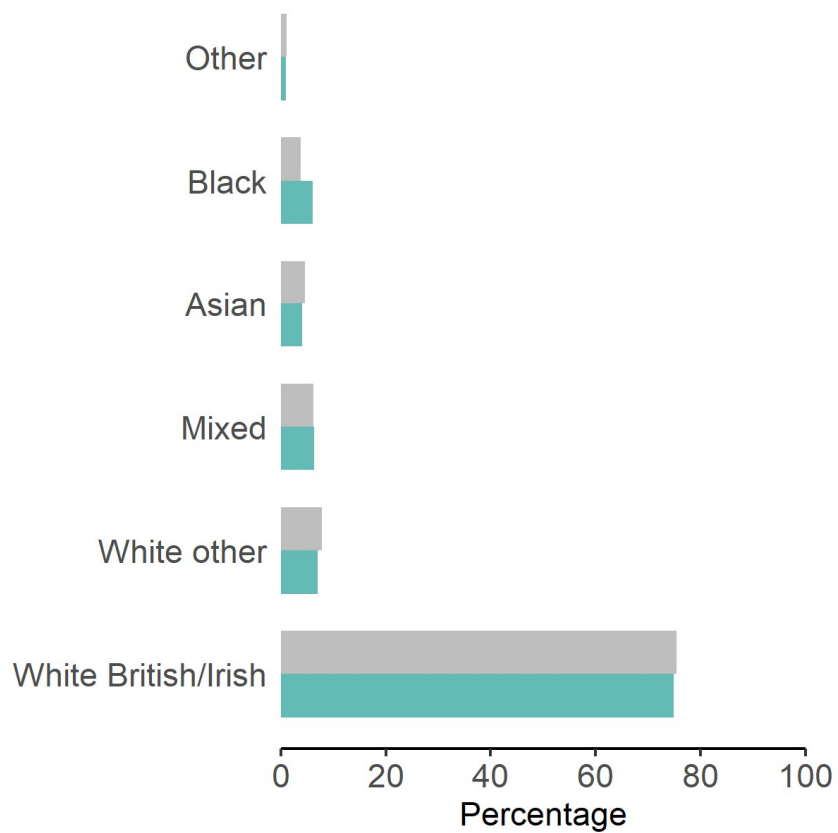
Note: Population projections have been calculated by aggregating the local authority districts assigned to the HCP.

Ethnicity

School Census, January 2021

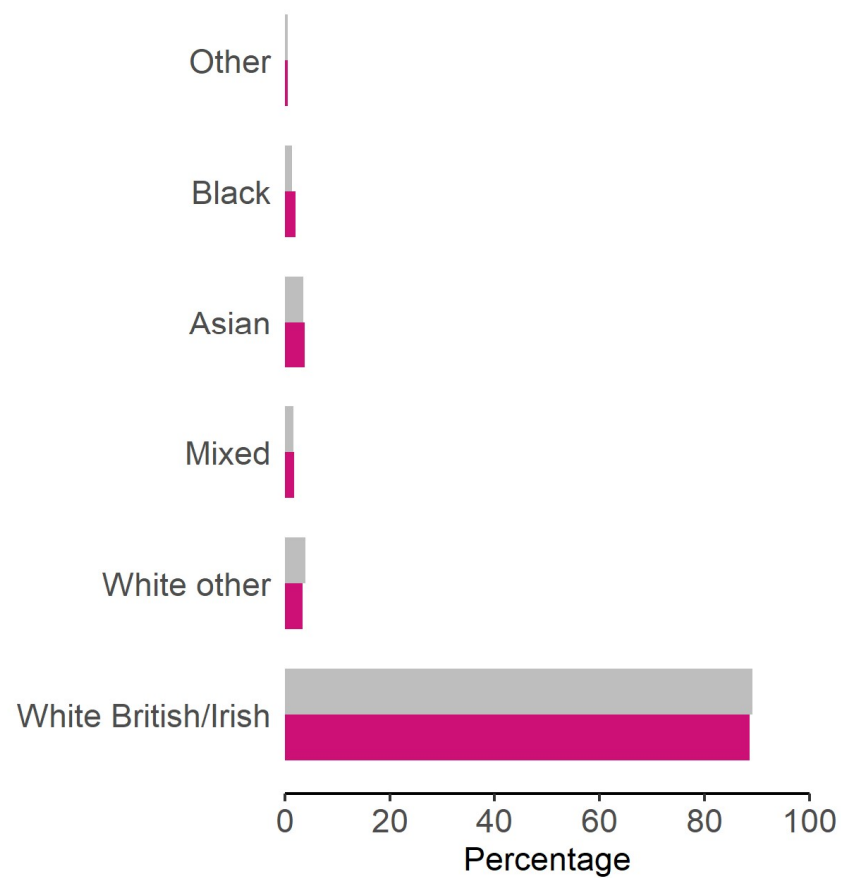
Nursery and Primary schools

Medway and Swale
Kent and Medway



Census, 2011

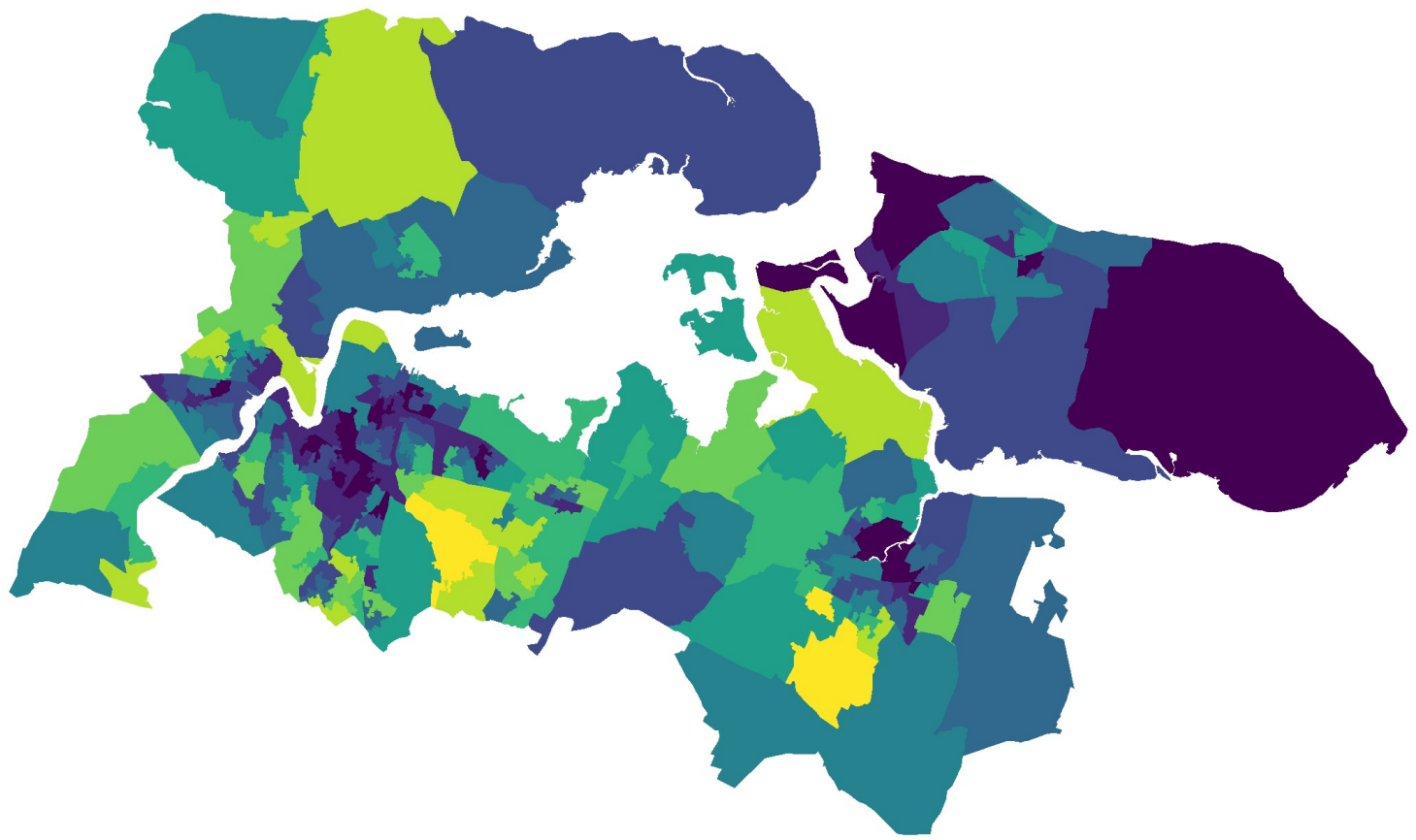
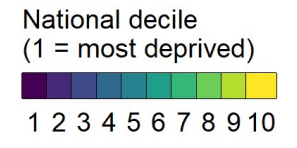
Medway and Swale
Kent and Medway



Census source: NOMIS. 2011 Census. KS201EW - Ethnic group.

School Census source: GOV.UK. Department for Education. Schools, pupils and their characteristics: January 2021.

Deprivation



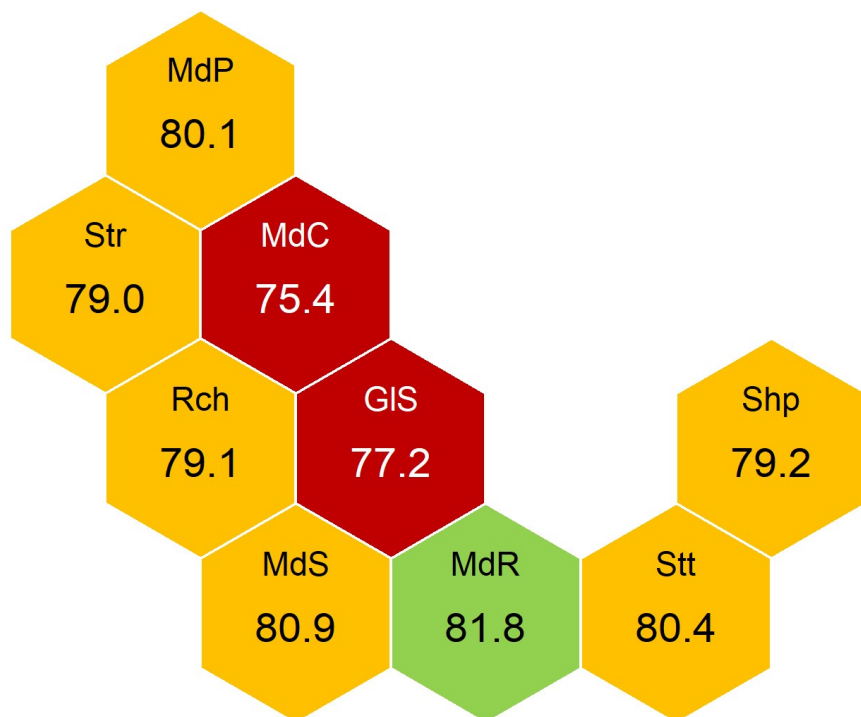
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PREVENTION AND HEALTH INEQUALITIES

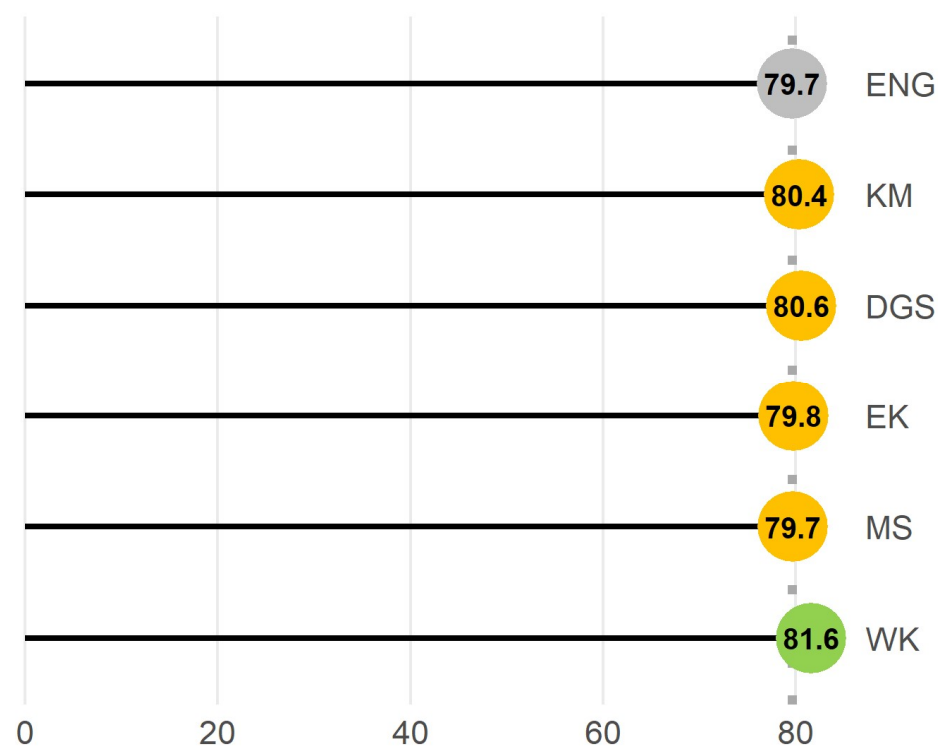
Life expectancy at birth (Male)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



Trend data not available.



The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Years.

Latest time period: 2015 - 19.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93283.

Value calculation: Small areas averaged.

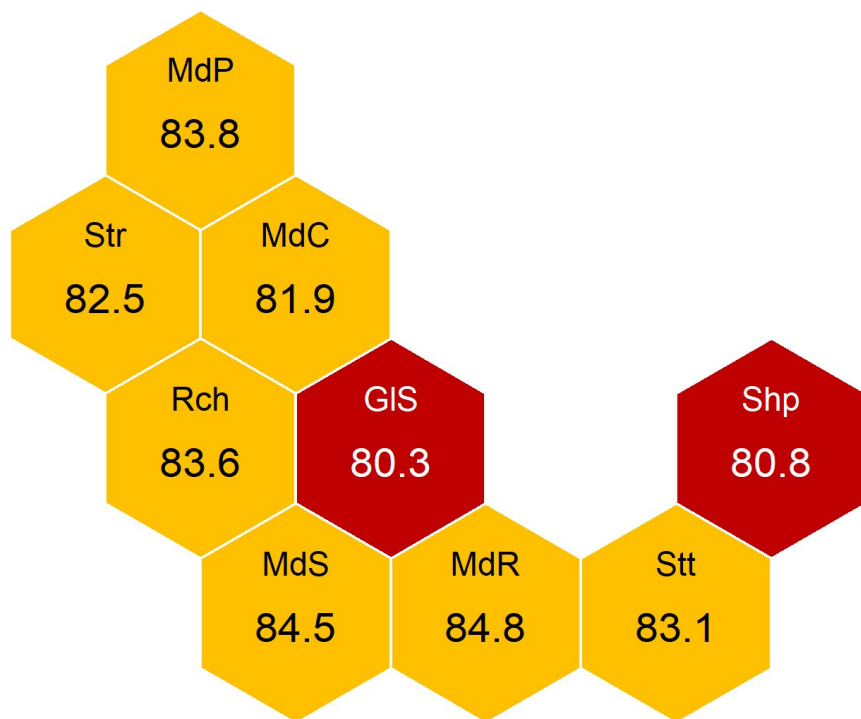
Small area type: Ward to PCN.

RAG method: England plus/minus 2%.

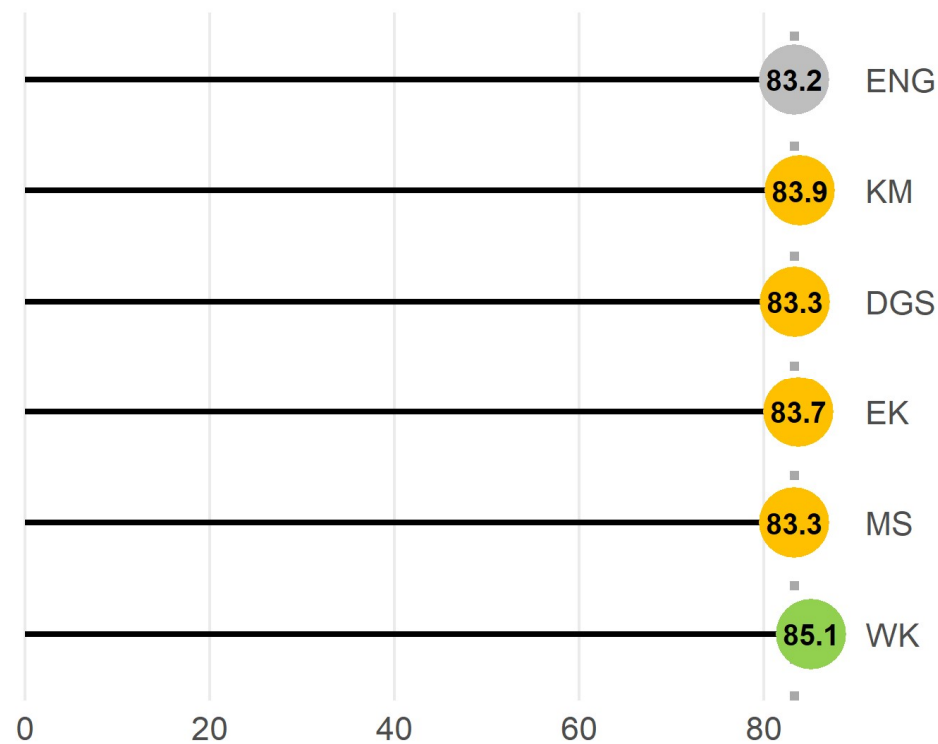
Life expectancy at birth (Female)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



Trend data not available.



The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Years.

Latest time period: 2015 - 19.

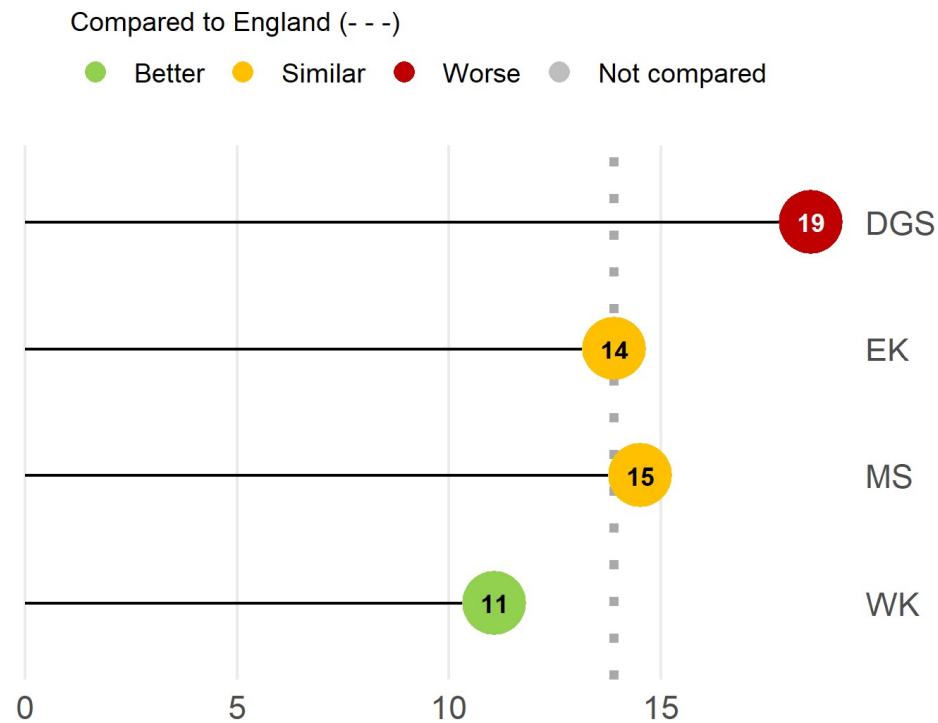
Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93283.

Value calculation: Small areas averaged.

Small area type: Ward to PCN.

RAG method: England plus/minus 2%.

Smoking Prevalence in adults (18+) - current smokers (APS)



The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Proportion - %.

Latest time period: 2019.

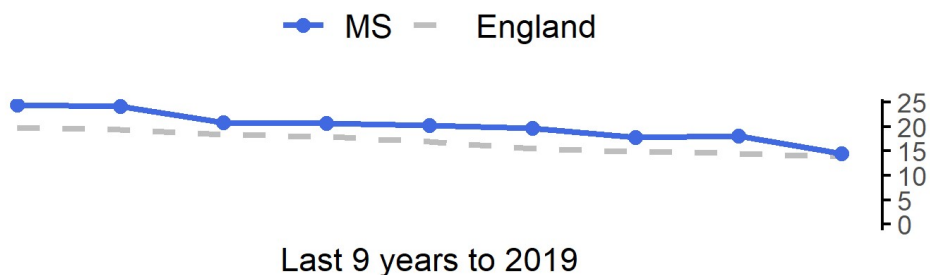
Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 92443.

Value calculation: Small areas averaged.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).

RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.

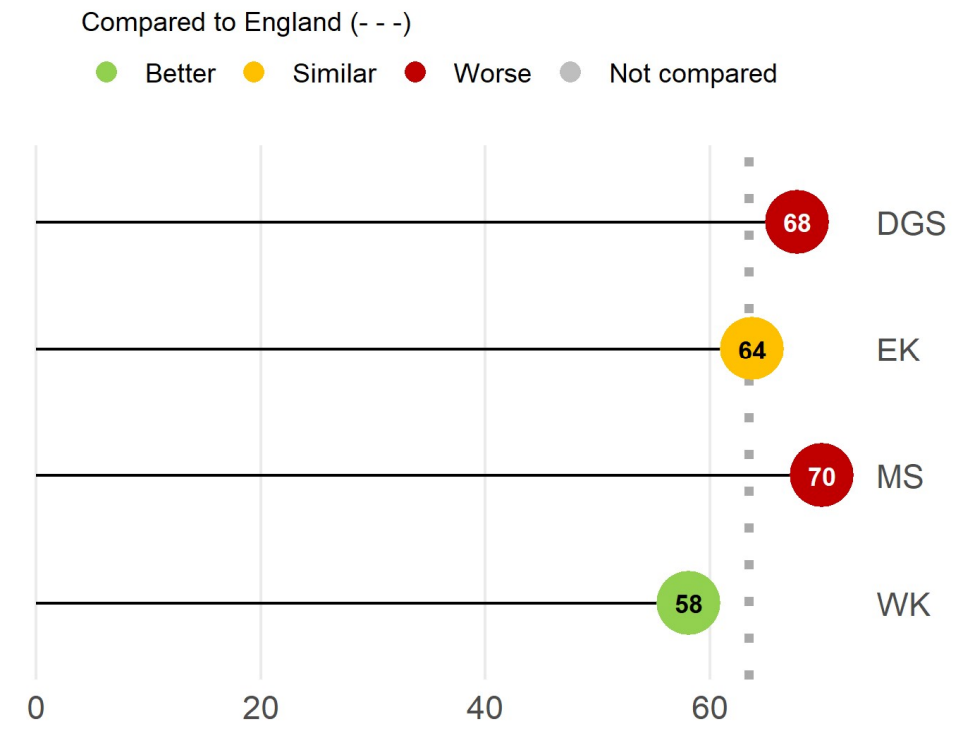
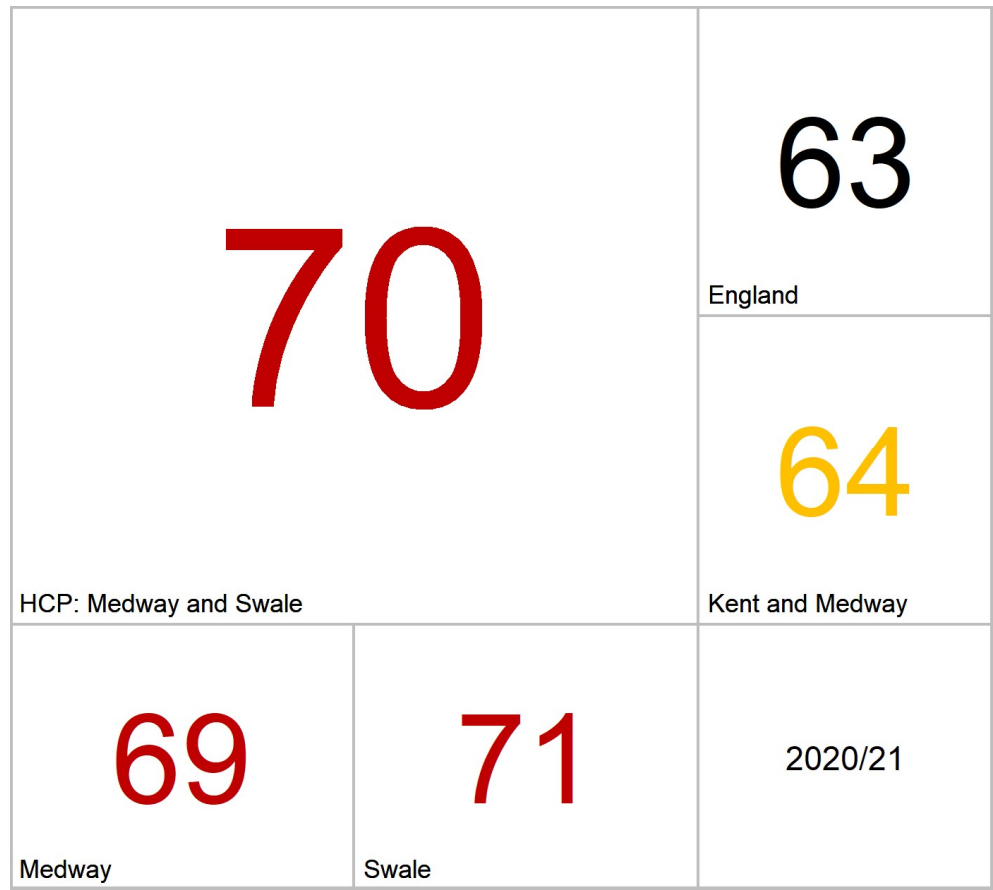
There are data quality concerns with the figure for Dartford LA (see notes on the next slide).



Smoking Prevalence in adults (18+) - Notes

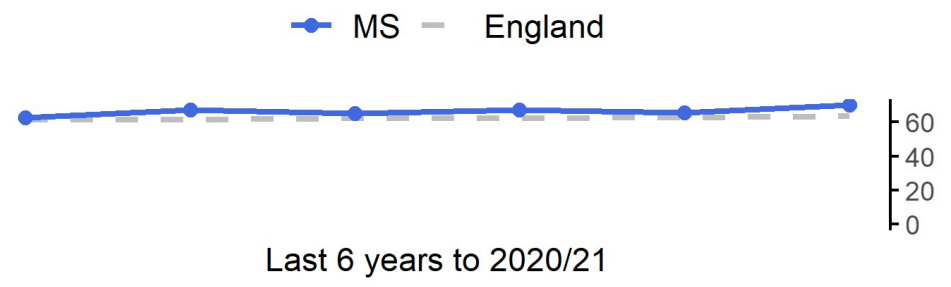
- Smoking prevalence is an estimate based on a sample of the population questioned in the Annual Population Survey run by the Office for National Statistics.
- The figure for Dartford LA in 2019 was high (26.4%) but with a very wide degree of uncertainty.
- This is most likely due to a small sample of people.
- Therefore the aggregate figure for DGS HCP should be interpreted with caution.

Percentage of adults (aged 18+) classified as overweight or obese



The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

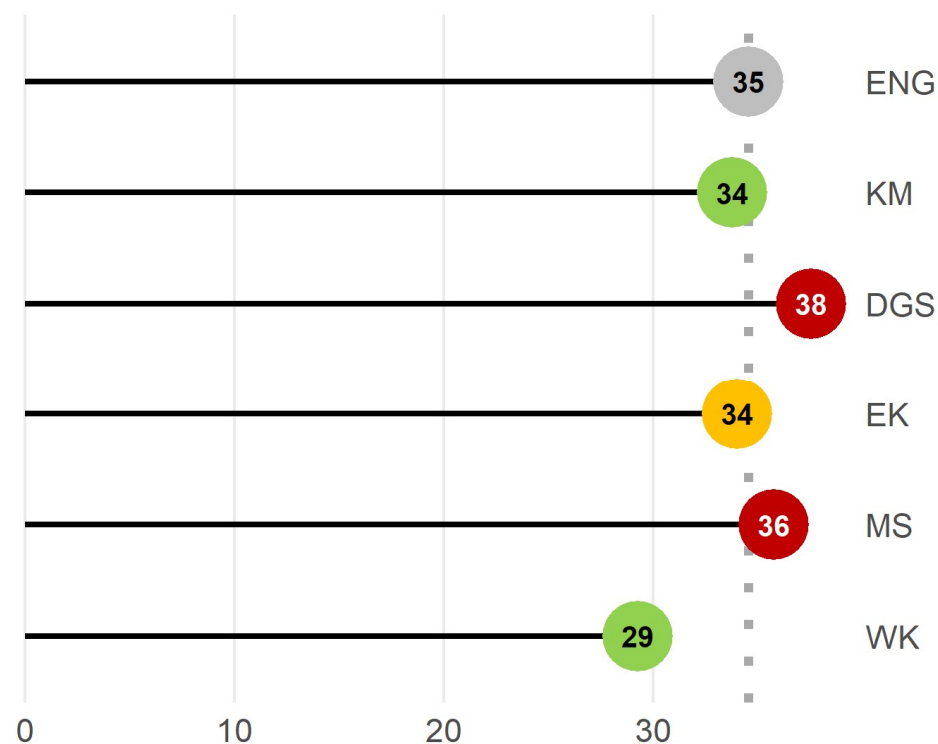
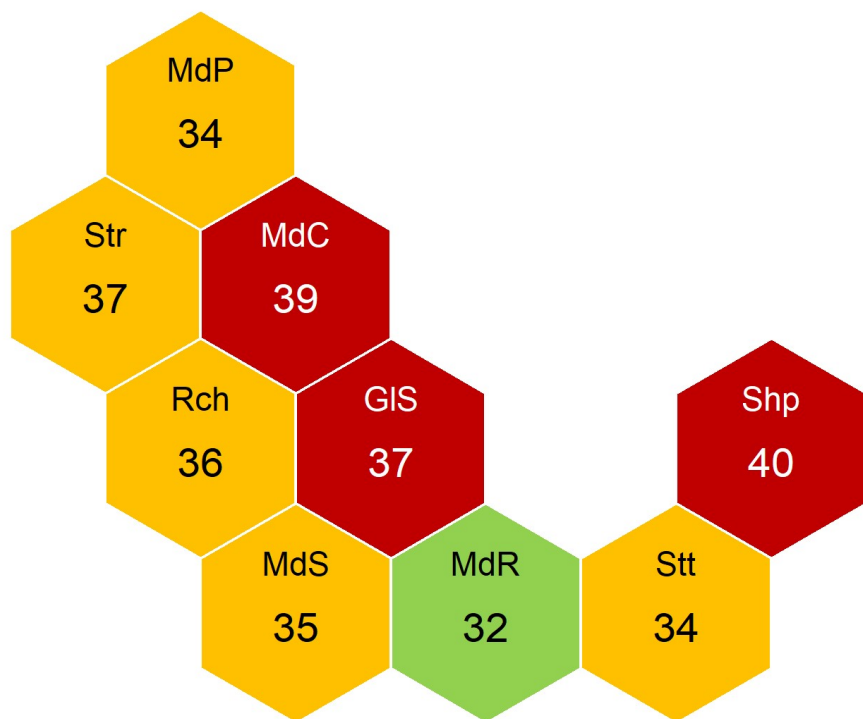
Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93088.
 Value calculation: Small areas averaged.
 Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).
 RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.



Children with excess weight Year 6, three year average

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.

Latest time period: 2017/18 - 19/20.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93108.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Ward to PCN.

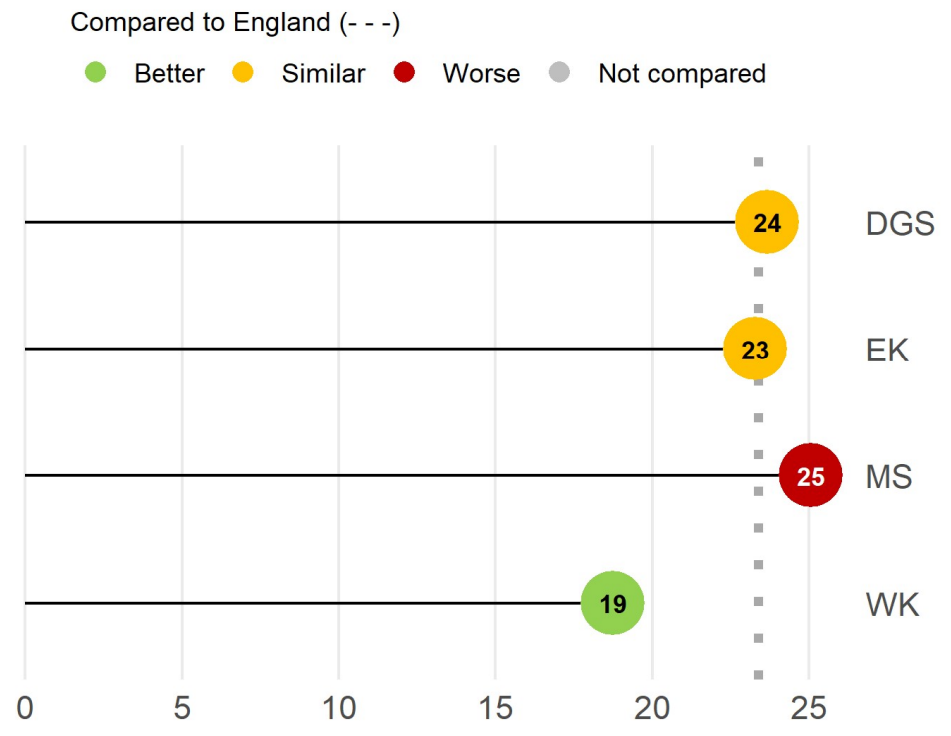
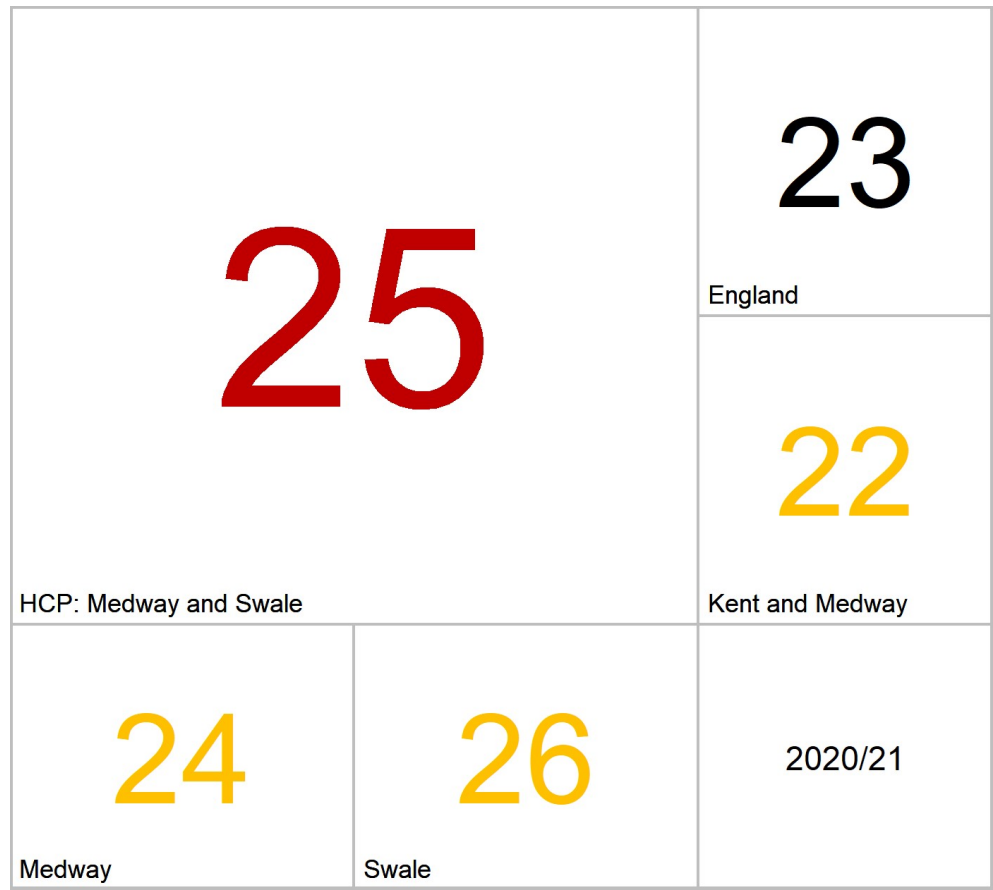
RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Wilson Score method.

● MS — England



Last 10 years to 2017/18 - 19/20

Percentage of physically inactive adults



The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

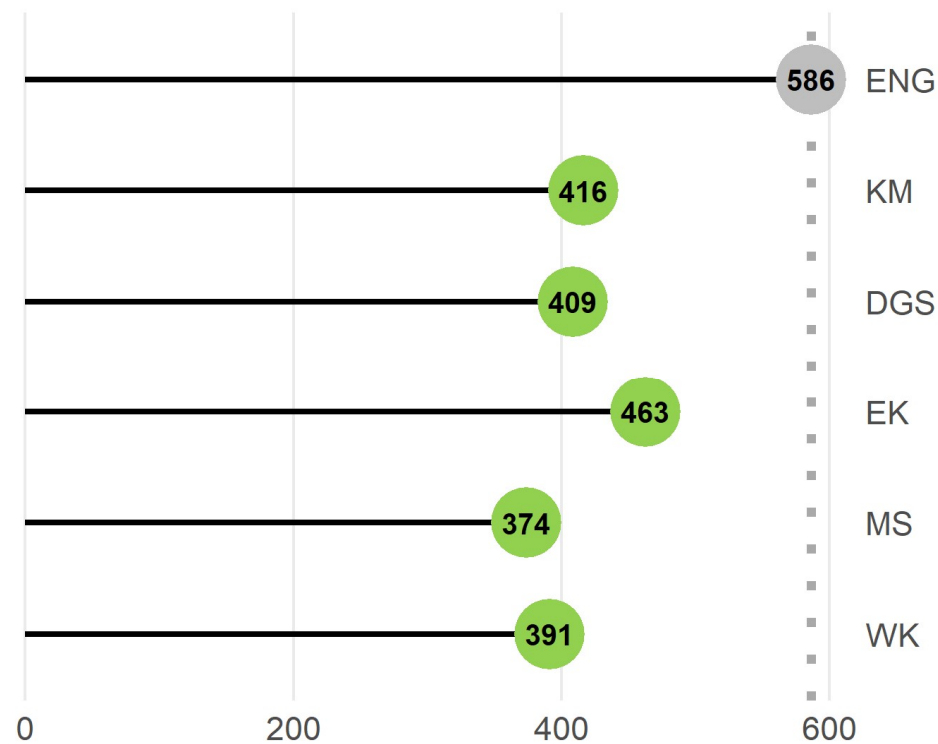
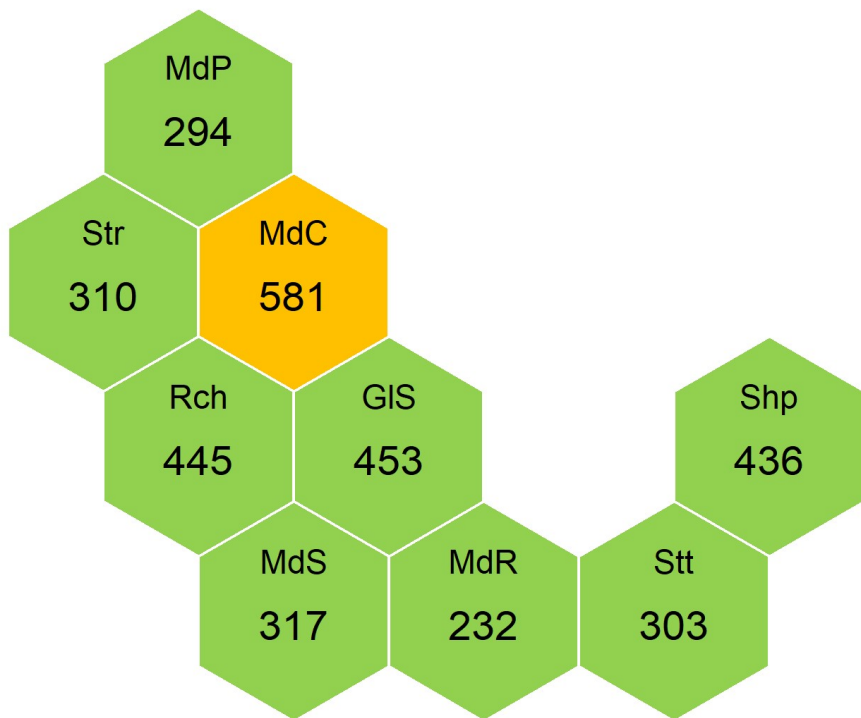
Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93015.
 Value calculation: Small areas averaged.
 Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).
 RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.



Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Directly standardised rate per 100,000.

Latest time period: 2020/21.

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: LSOA to PCN.

RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Dobson's method.

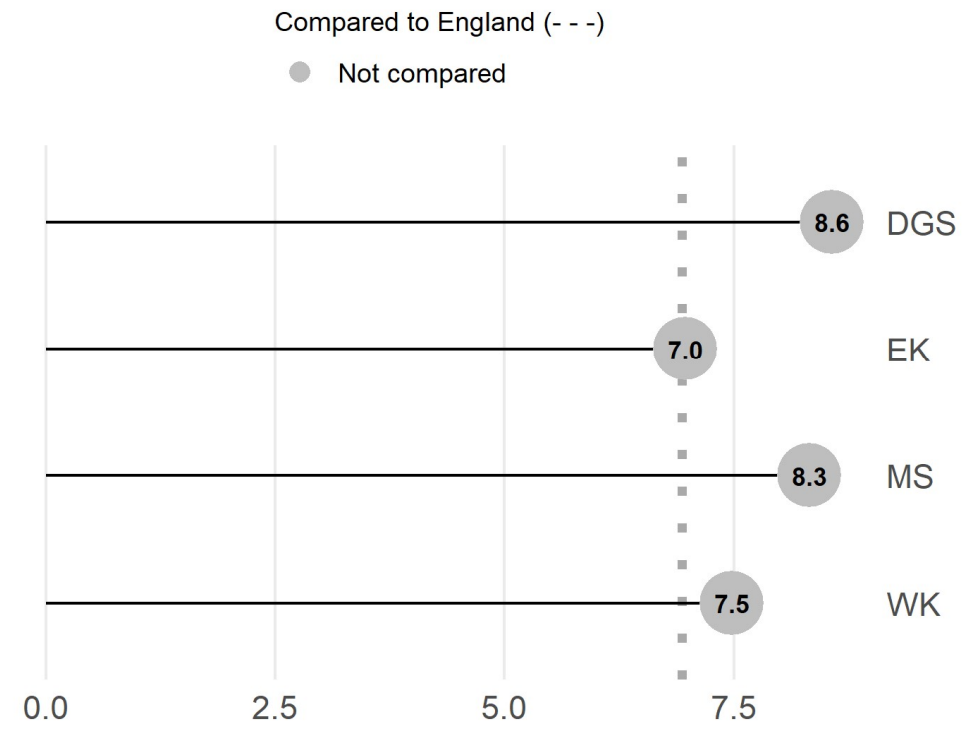
● MS — England



Last 10 years to 2020/21

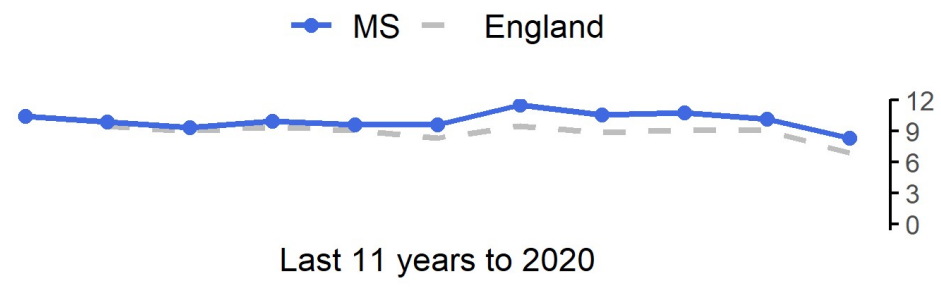
Air pollution: fine particulate matter (historic indicator)

8.3		6.9
		England
HCP: Medway and Swale		7.6
		Kent and Medway
8.9	7.7	2020
Medway	Swale	



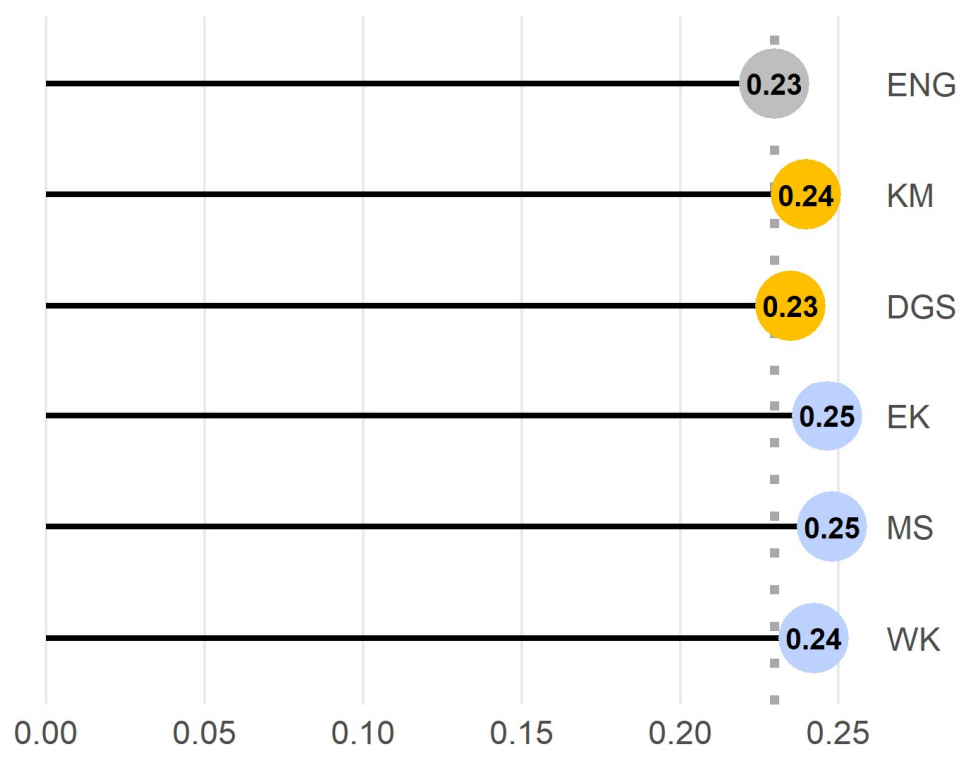
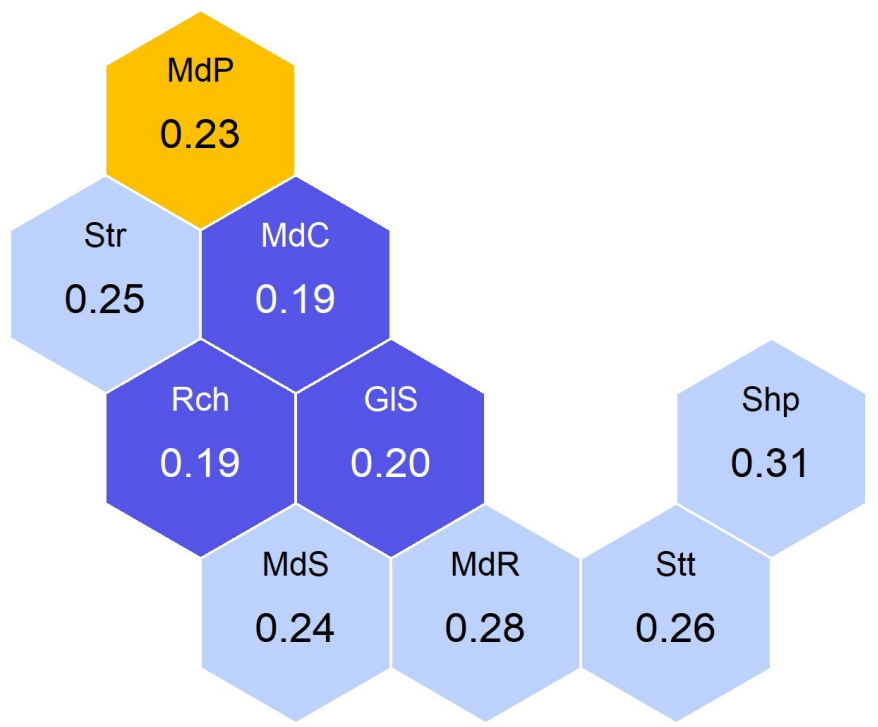
Medway and Swale cannot be compared to England statistically.

Value type: Mean - µg/m3.
 Latest time period: 2020.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 92924.
 Value calculation: Small areas averaged.
 Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).
 RAG method: None applied.



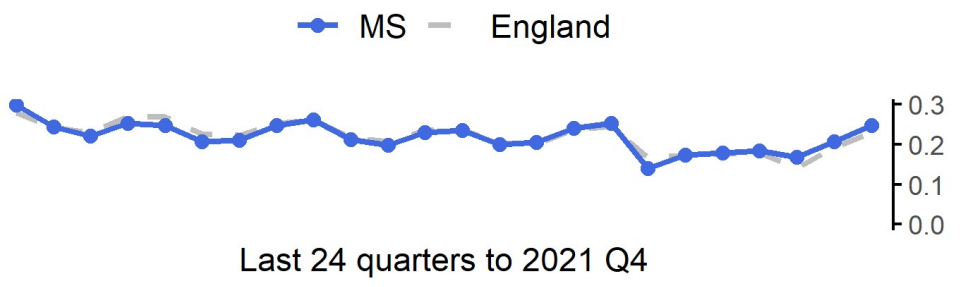
Total number of prescribed antibiotic items per STAR-PU

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher ■ Not compared



STAR-PU: Specific Therapeutic group Age-sex weightings Related Prescribing Unit
The rate in Medway and Swale is higher than England.

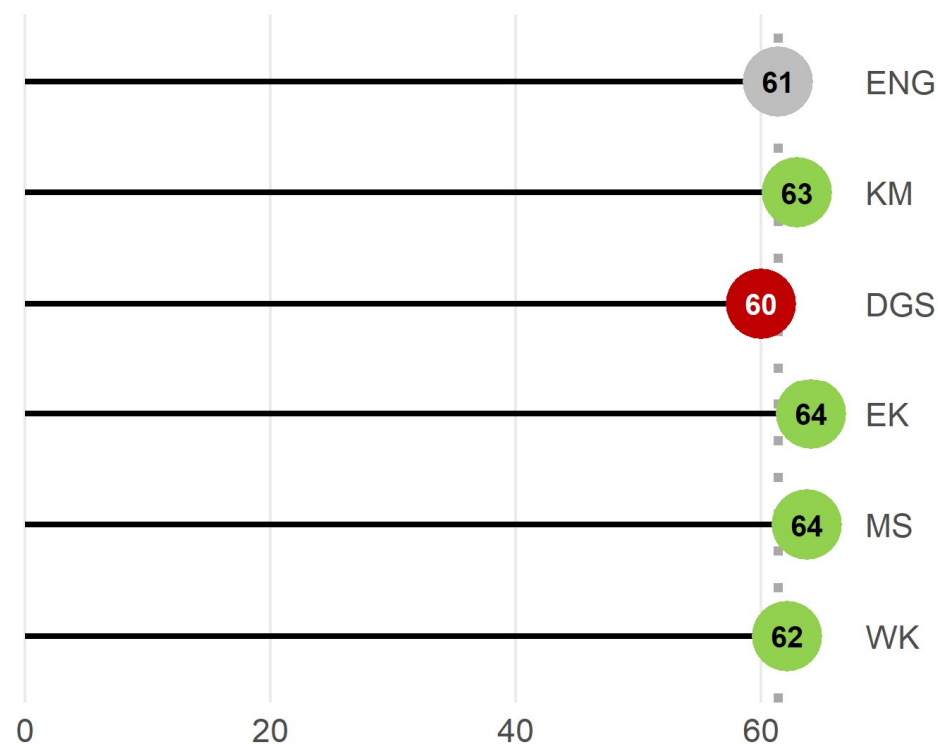
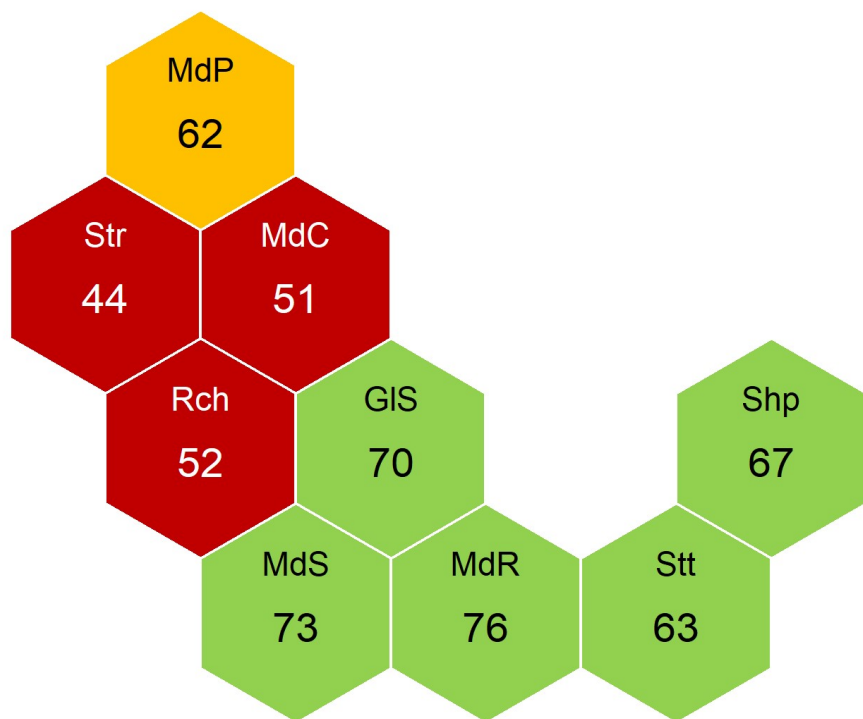
Value type: Indirectly standardised ratio - per STAR-PU.
Latest time period: 2021 Q4.
Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 91900.
Value calculation: Small areas averaged.
Small area type: Practice to PCN.
RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.



Breast cancer screening coverage (females aged 50-70)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.

Latest time period: 2020/21.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 91339.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Practice to PCN.

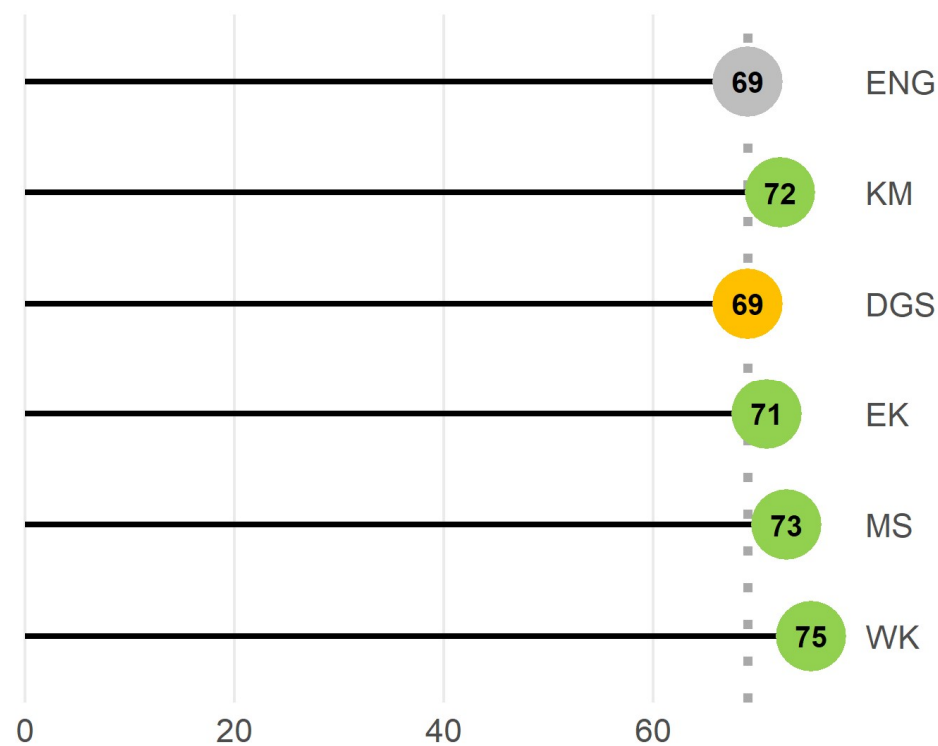
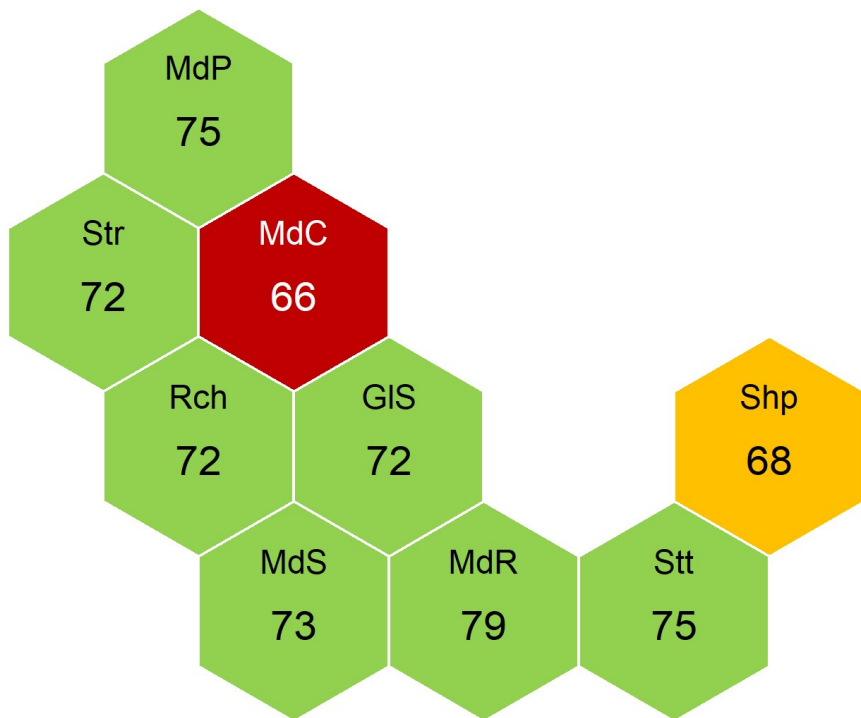
RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.



Cervical cancer screening coverage (females aged 25-49)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.

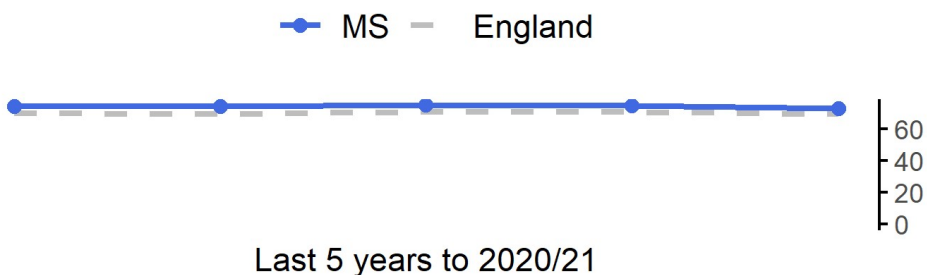
Latest time period: 2020/21.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93725.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Practice to PCN.

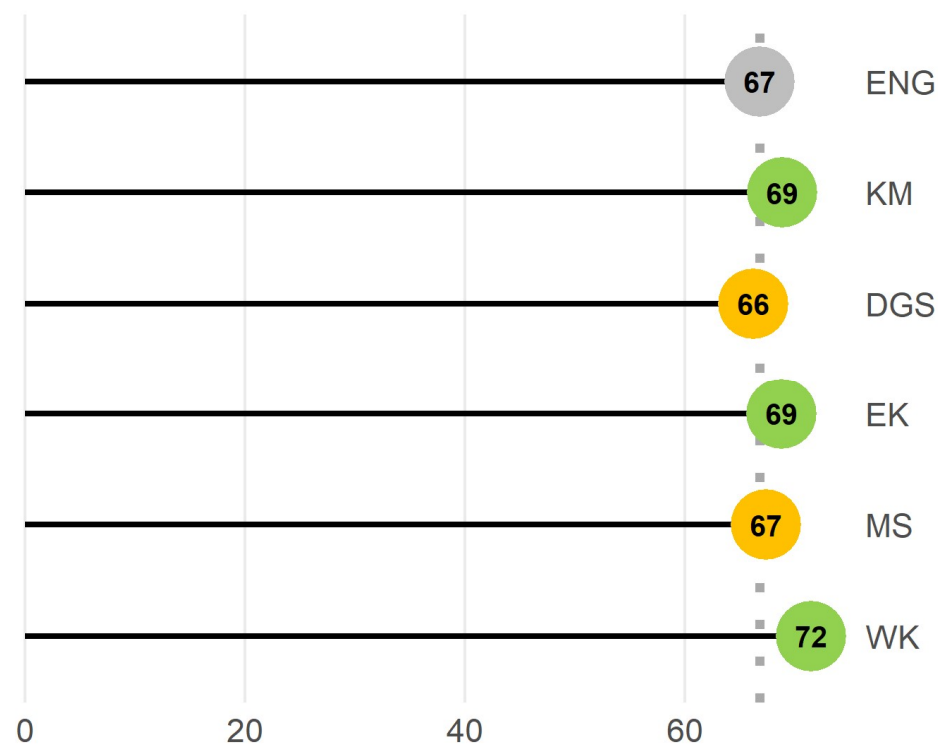
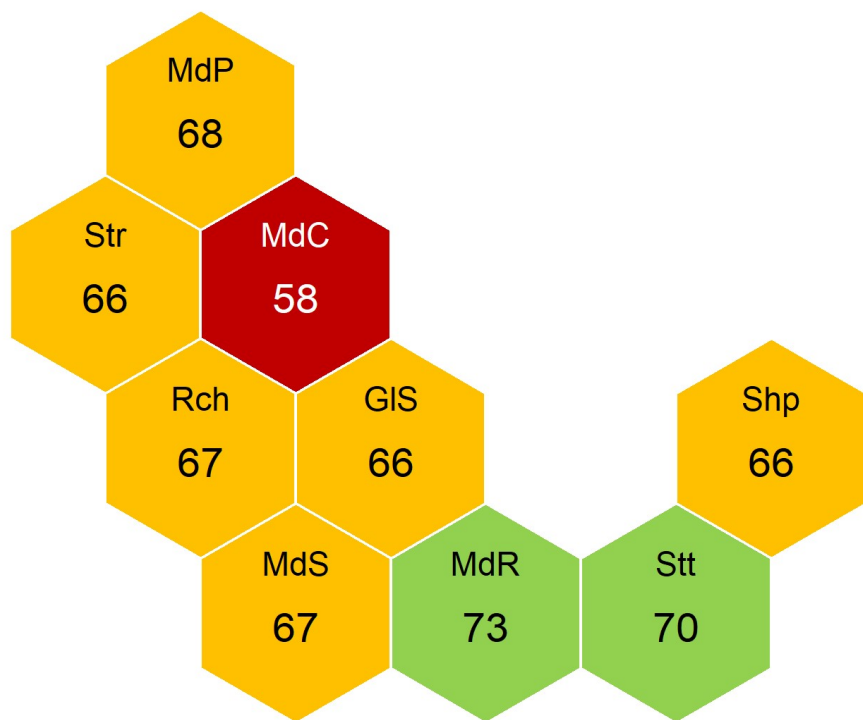
RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.



Bowel cancer screening coverage (persons aged 60-74)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Proportion - %.

Latest time period: 2020/21.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 92600.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

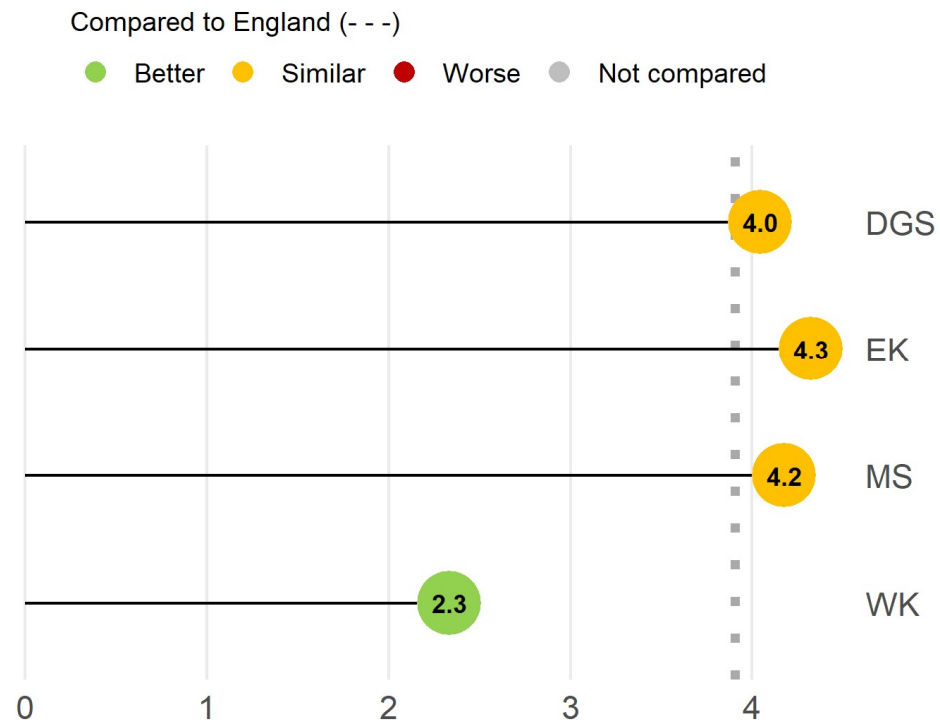
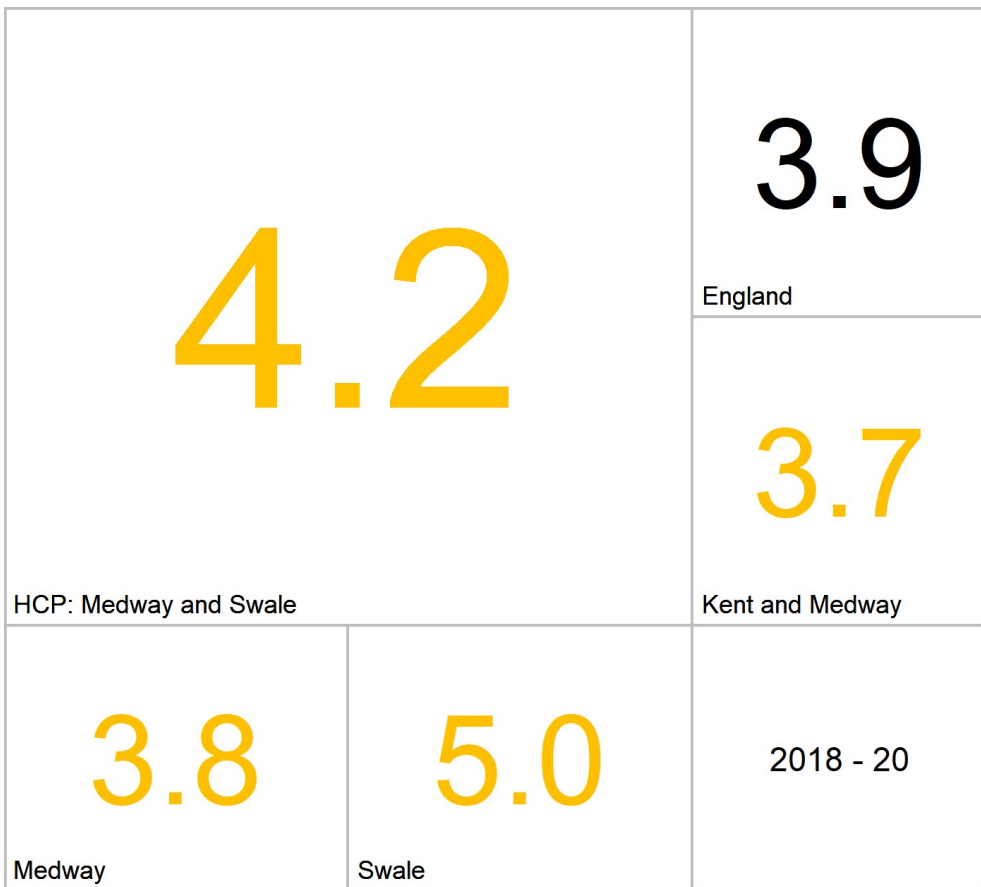
Small area type: Practice to PCN.

RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.



BEST START IN LIFE

Infant mortality rate



The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Crude rate - per 1,000.

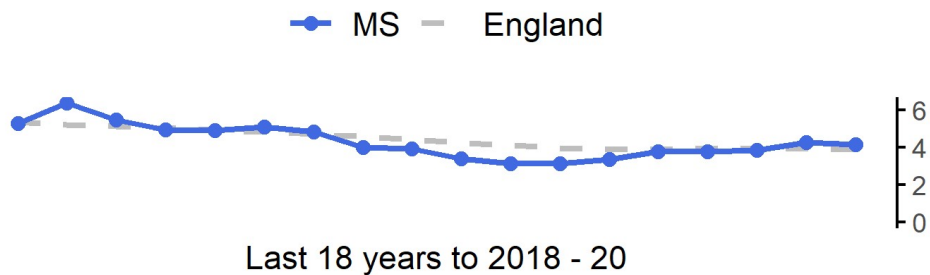
Latest time period: 2018 - 20.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 92196.

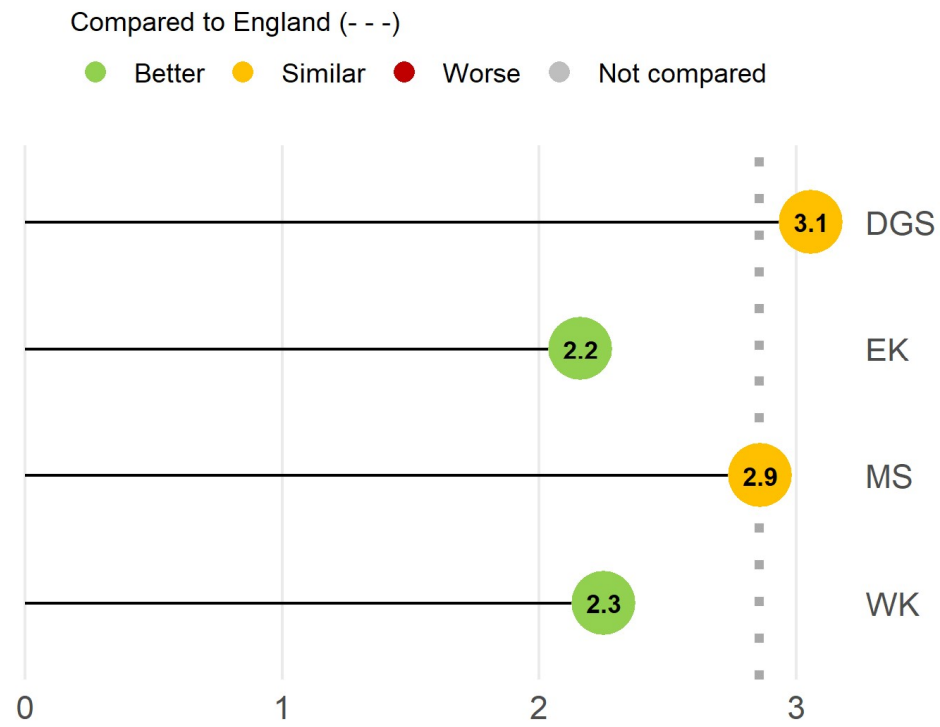
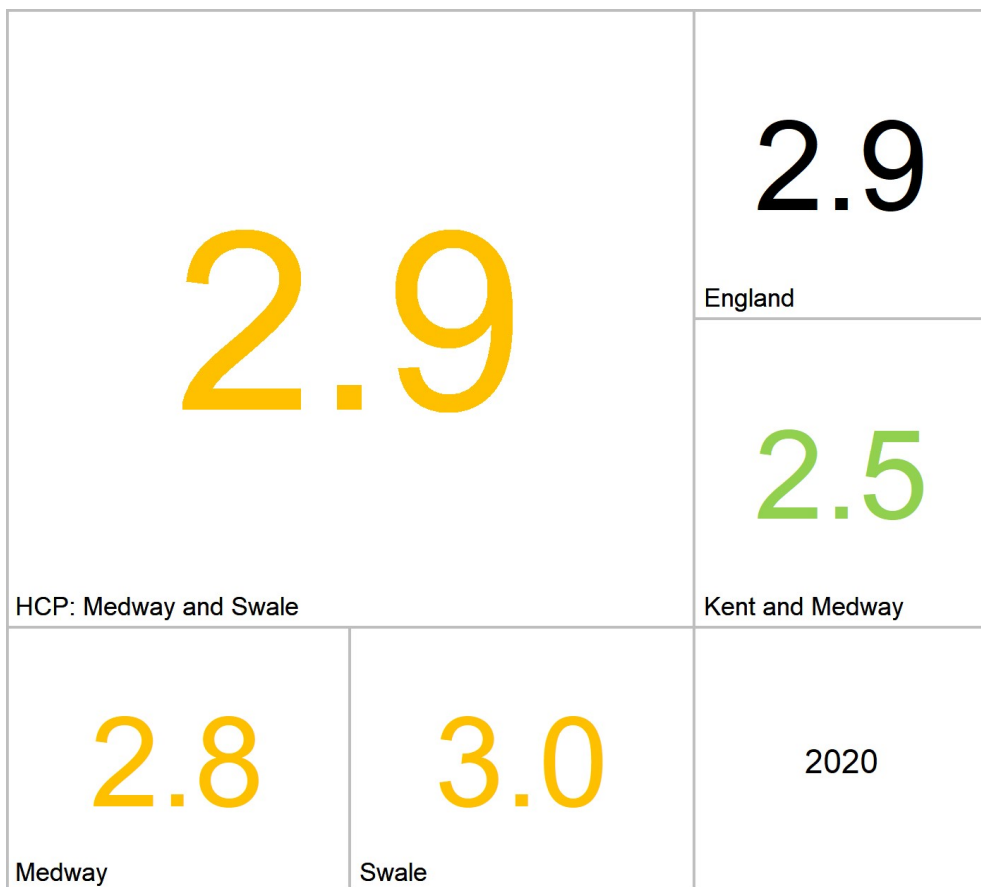
Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).

RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.



Low birth weight of term babies



The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Proportion - %.

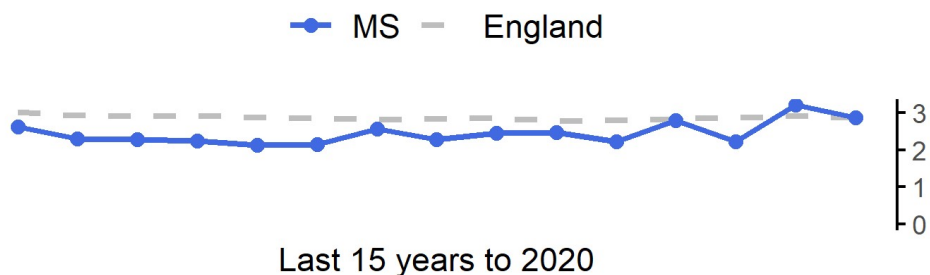
Latest time period: 2020.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 20101.

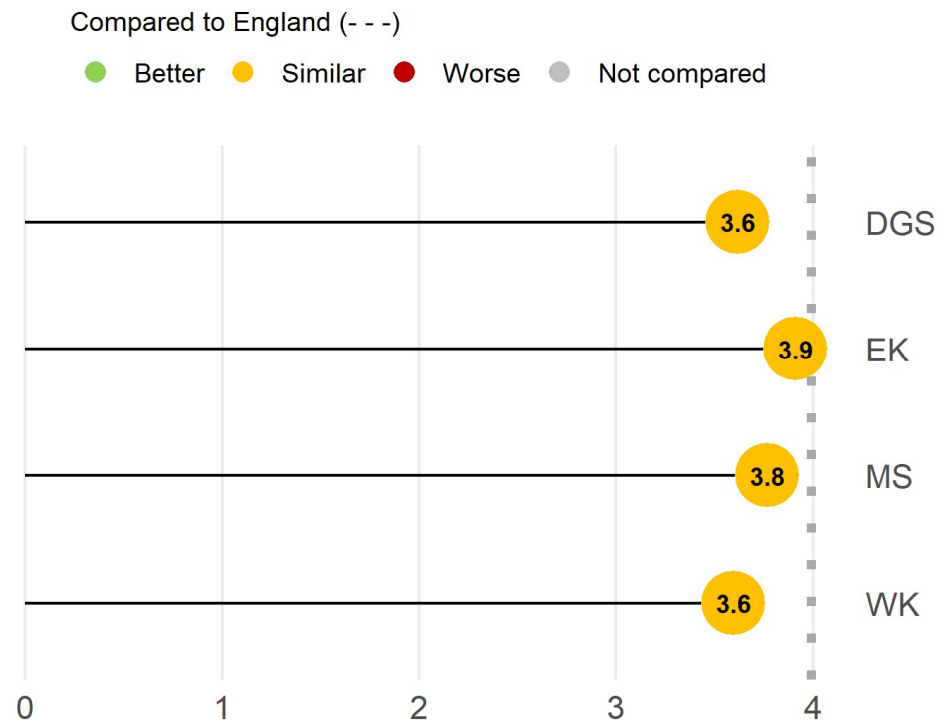
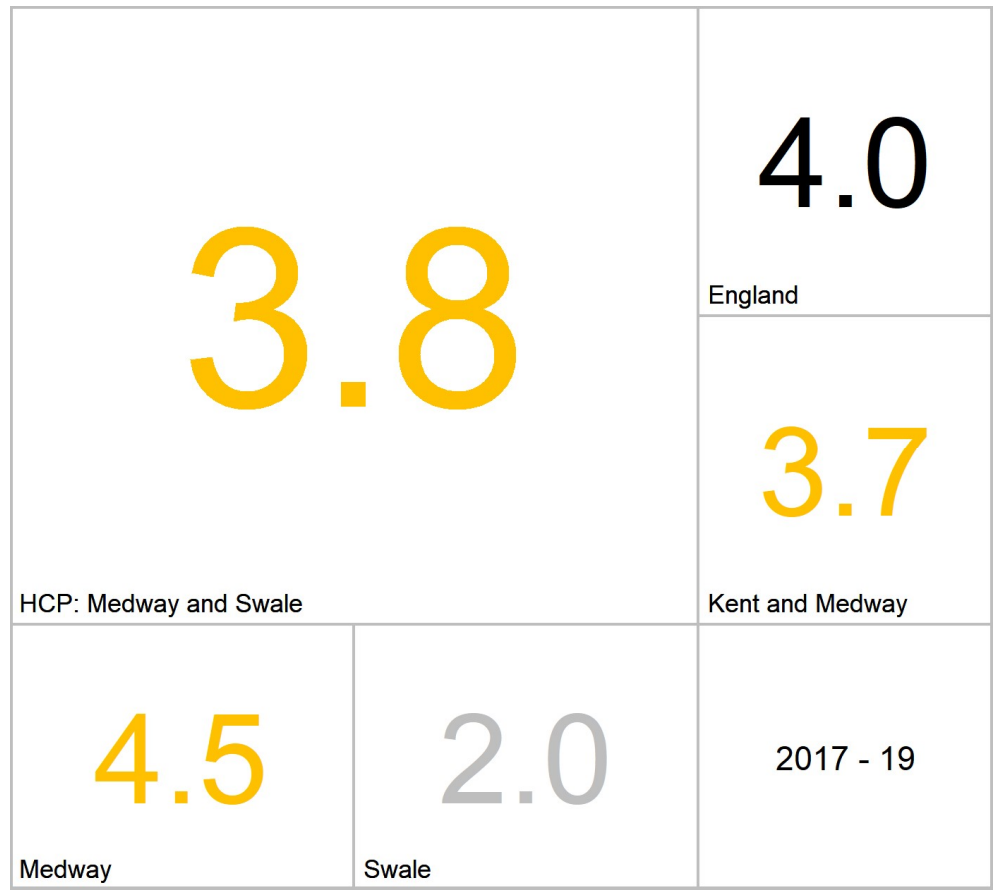
Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).

RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Wilson Score method.

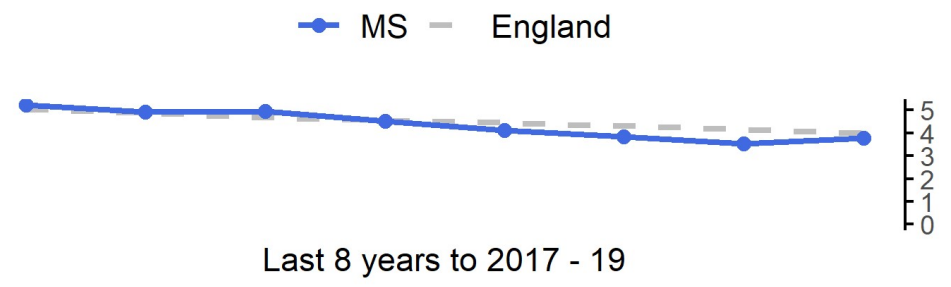


Stillbirth rate

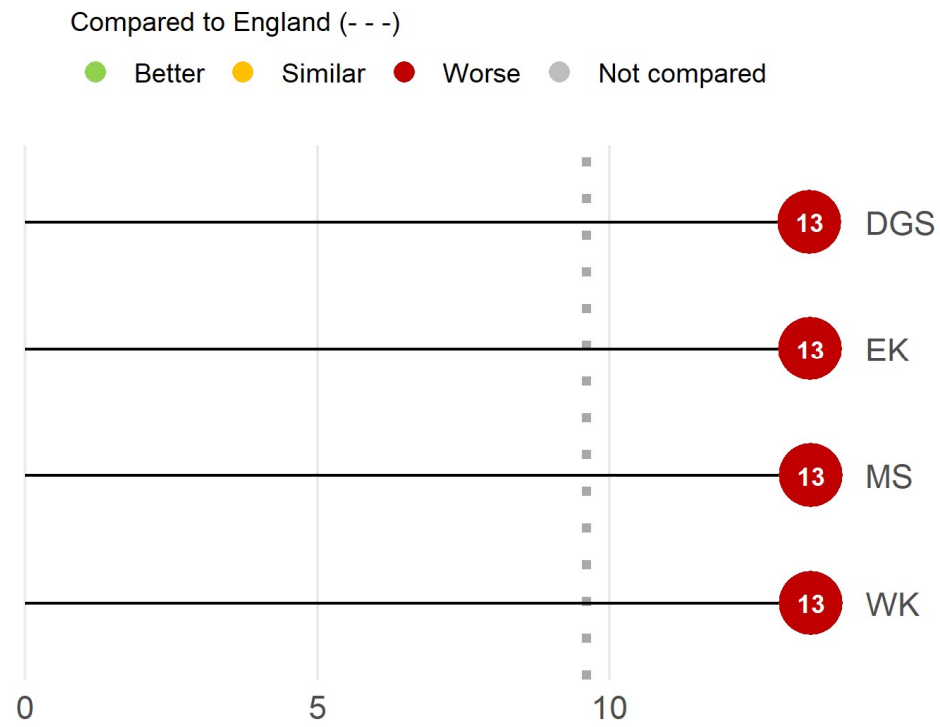


The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Crude rate - per 1,000.
 Latest time period: 2017 - 19.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 92530.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: CCGs (2018/19).
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.

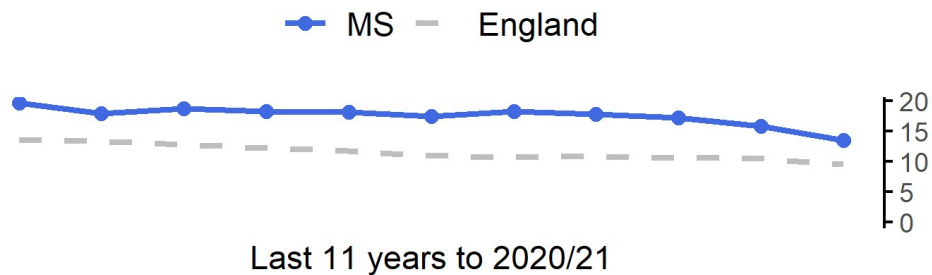


Smoking status at time of delivery



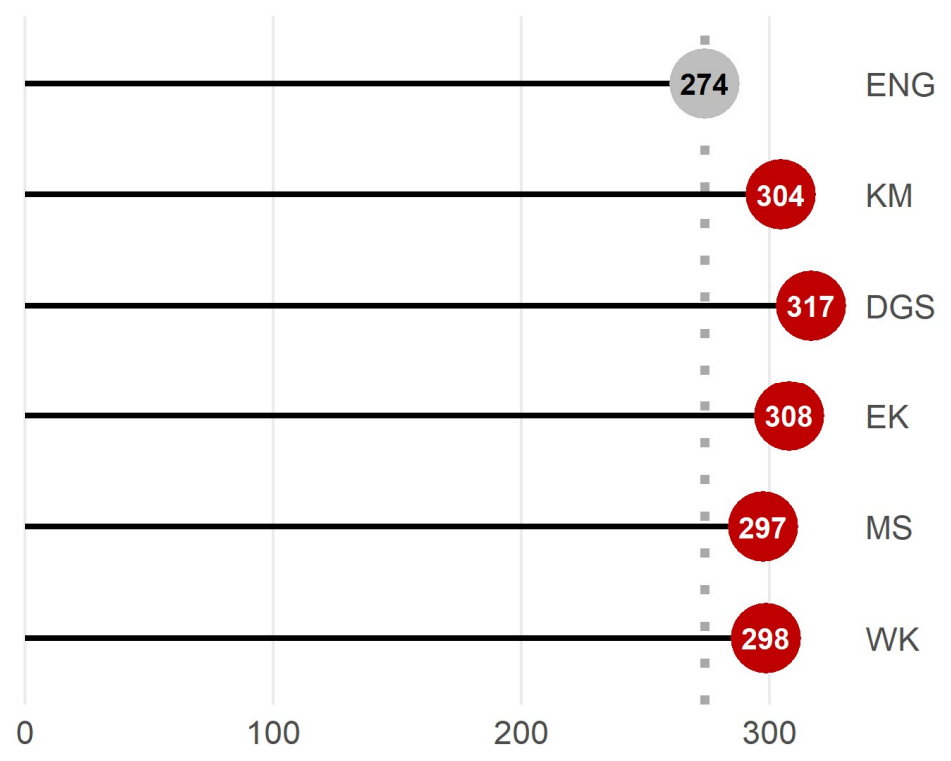
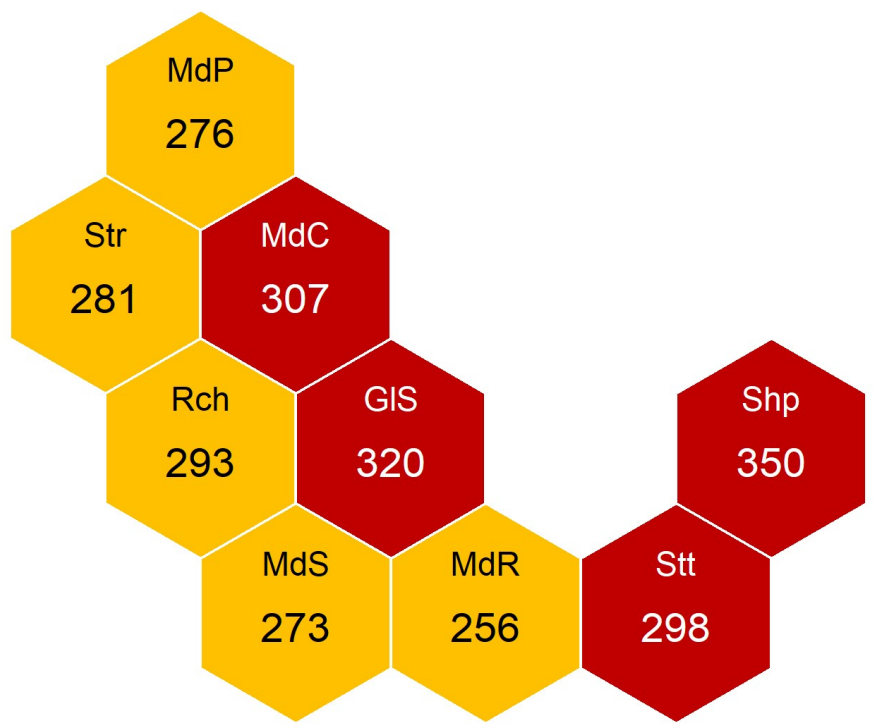
The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93085.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Wilson Score method.



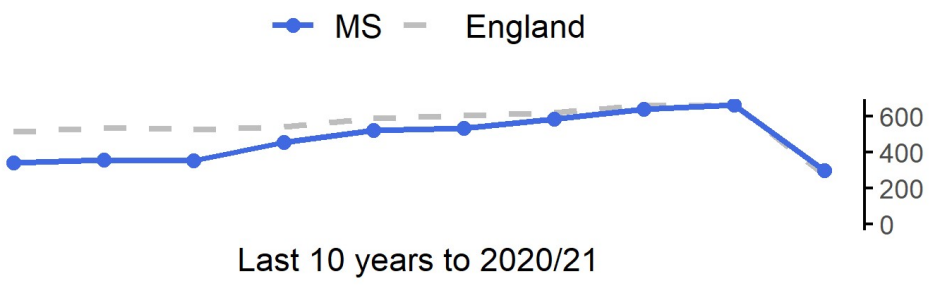
AE attendances (0-4 years)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
 ■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



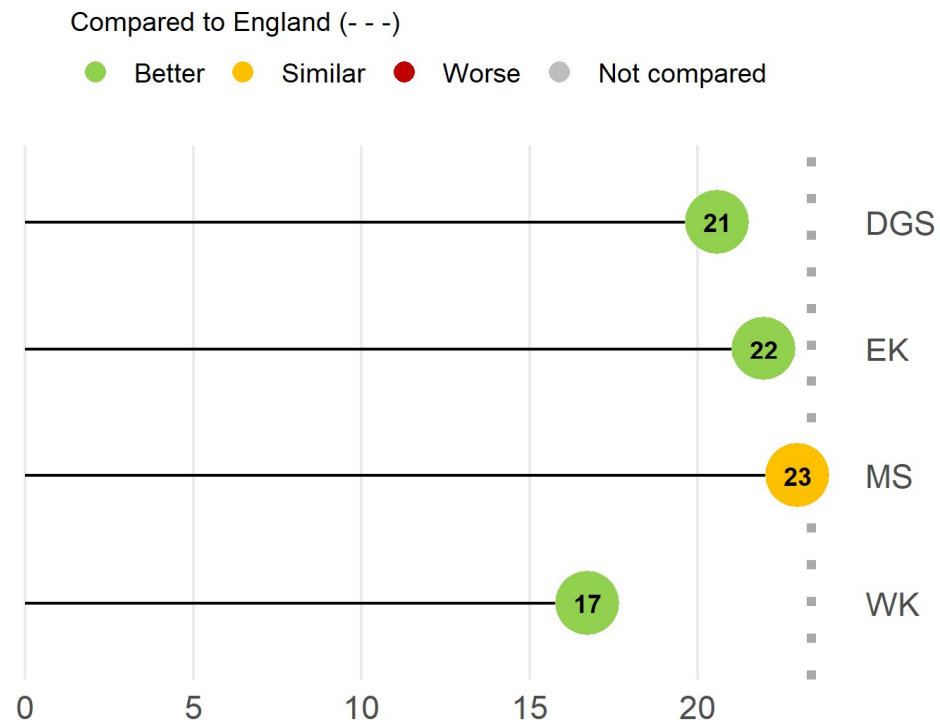
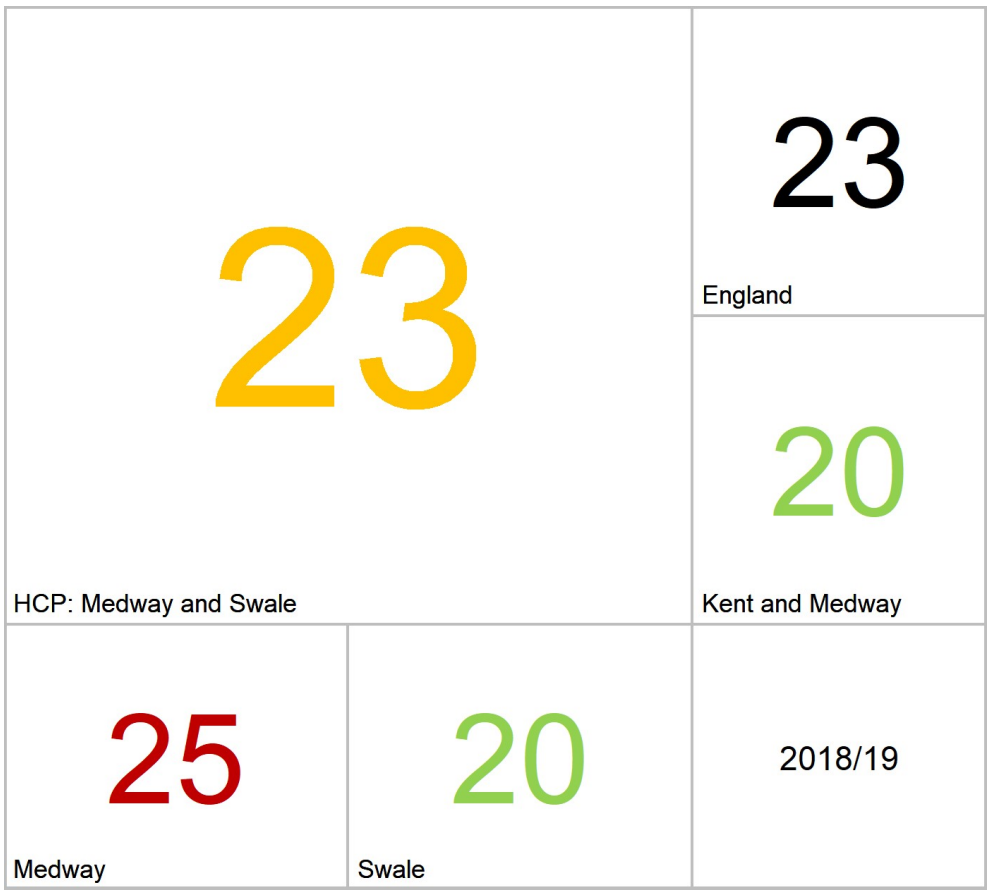
The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Crude rate per 1,000.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: LSOA to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.



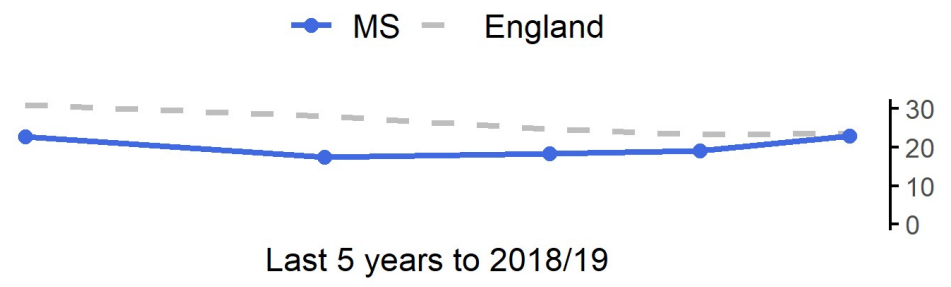
Last 10 years to 2020/21

Percentage of 5 year olds with experience of visually obvious dental decay

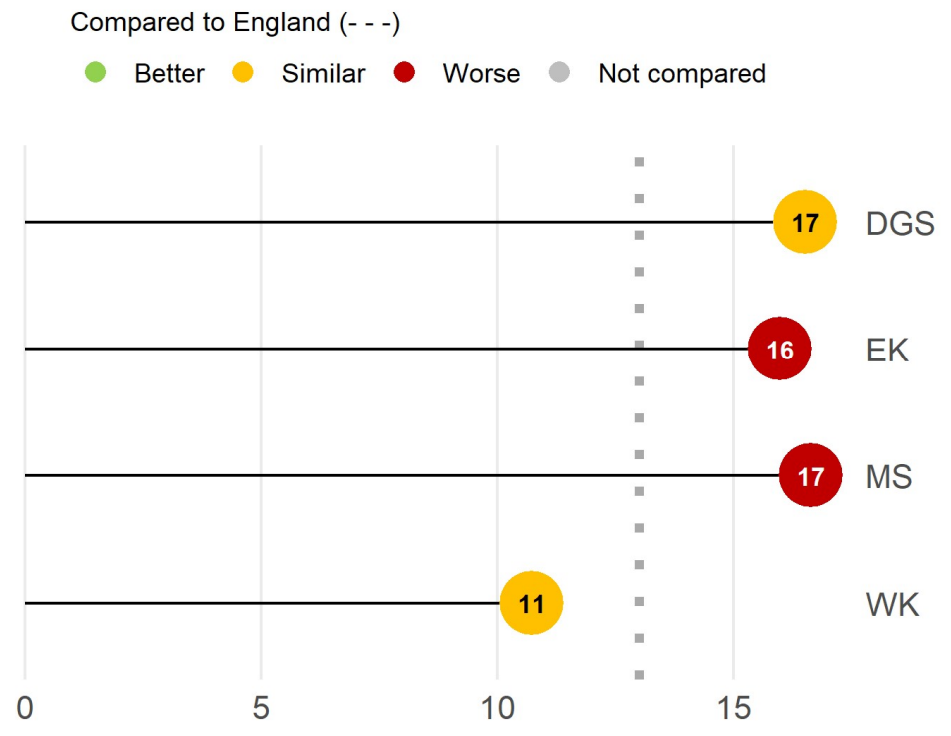
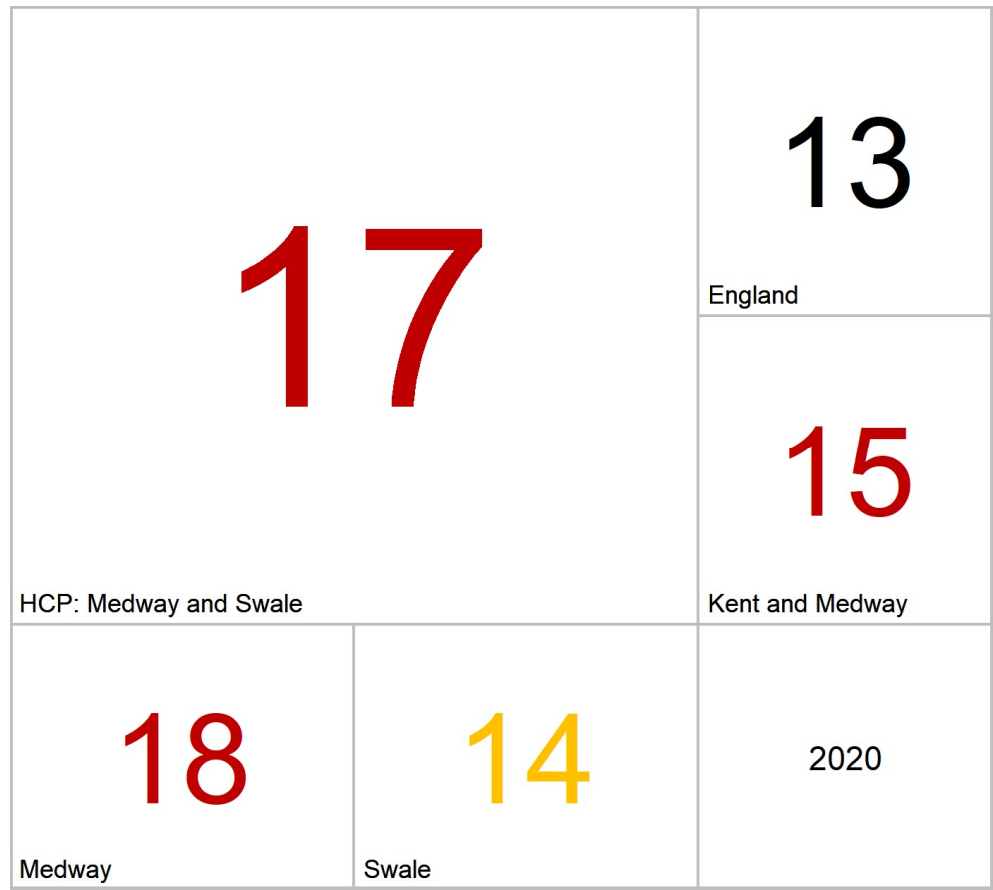


The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2018/19.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93563.
 Value calculation: Small areas averaged.
 Small area type: Districts & UAs (pre Apr 2019).
 RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.

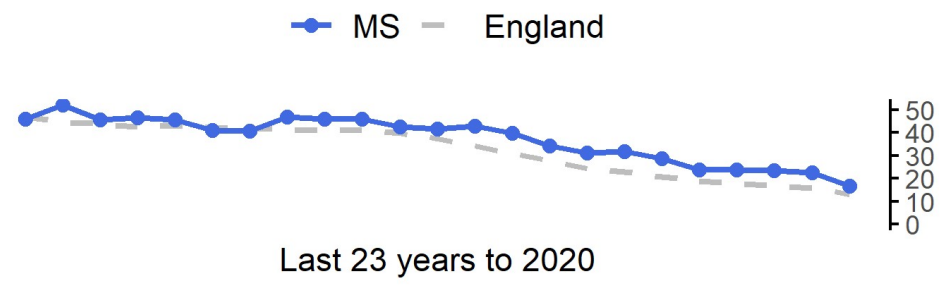


Under 18s conception rate / 1,000



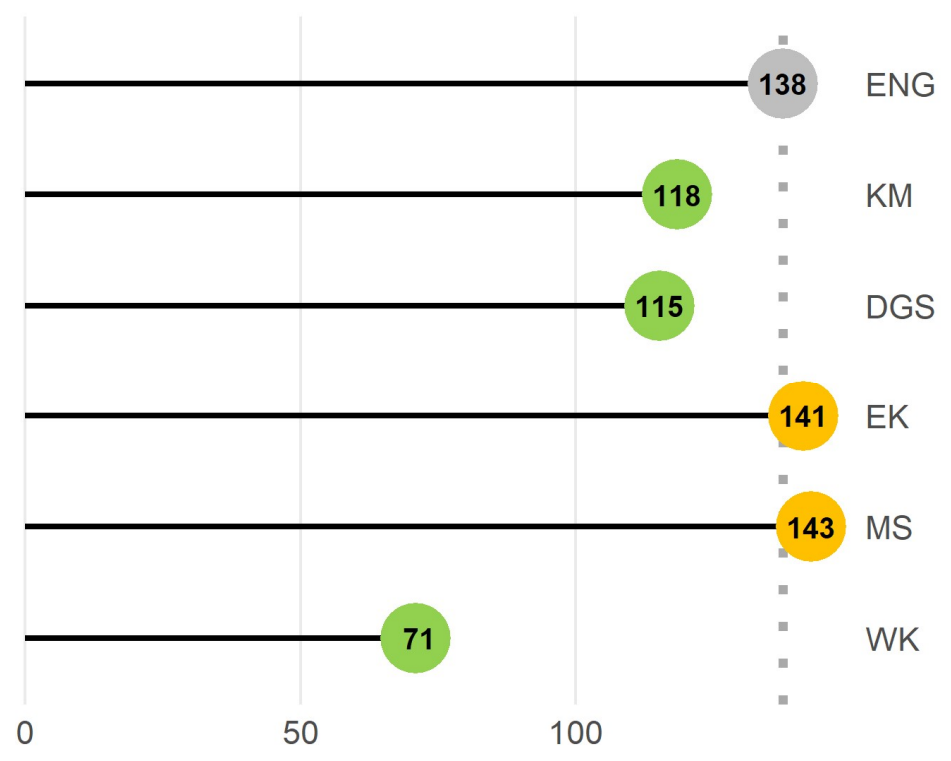
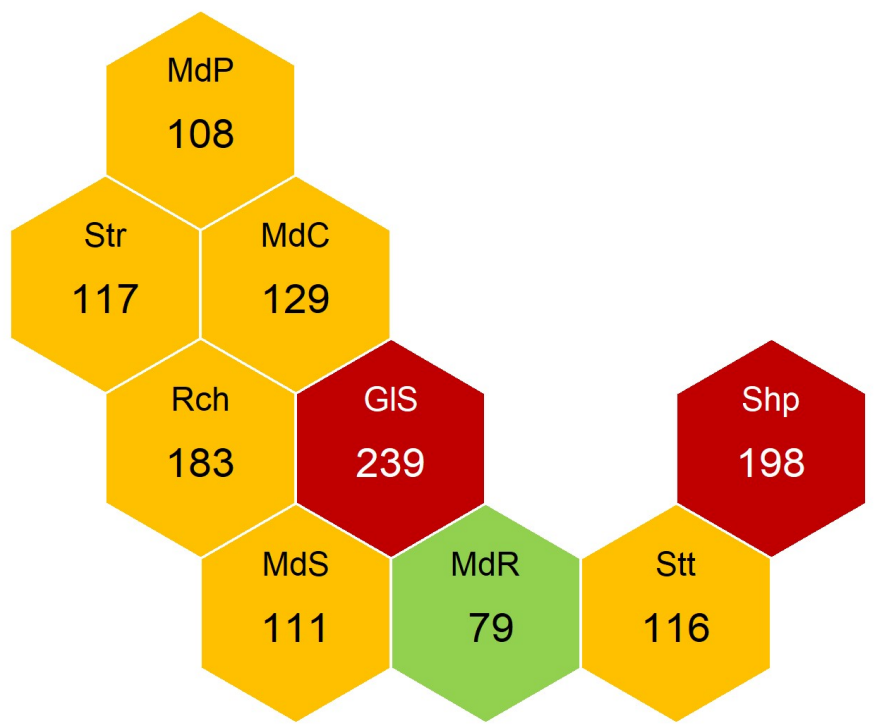
The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Crude rate - per 1,000.
 Latest time period: 2020.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 20401.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.



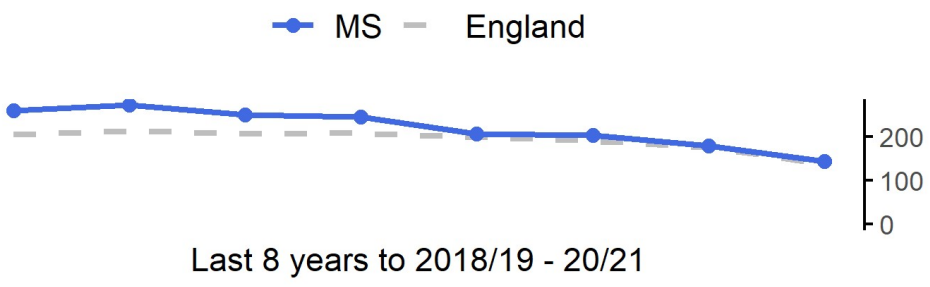
Emergency hospital admissions for asthma (< 19 yrs)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
 ■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



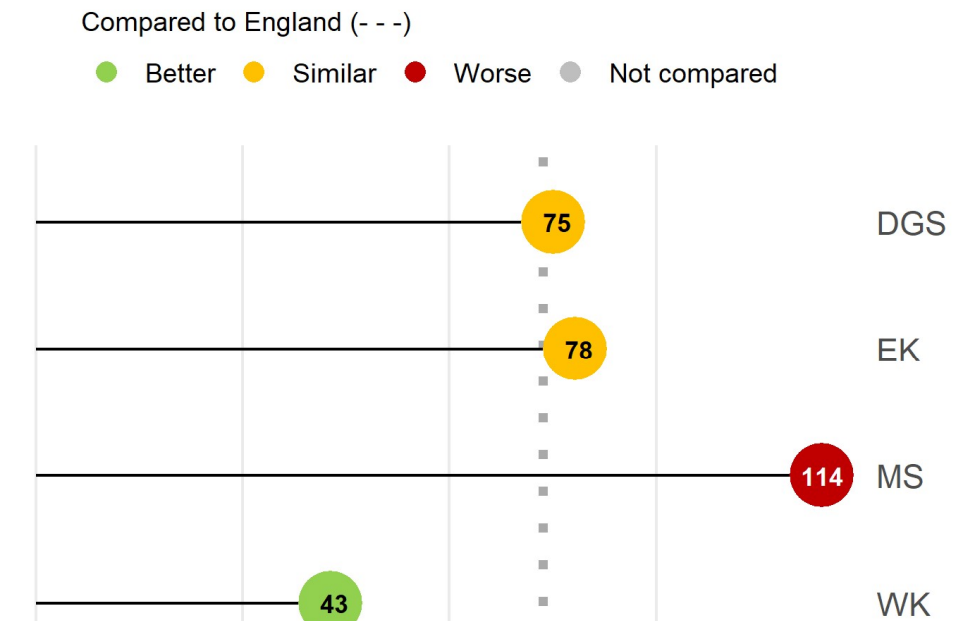
The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000.
 Latest time period: 2018/19 - 20/21.
 Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: LSOA to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.



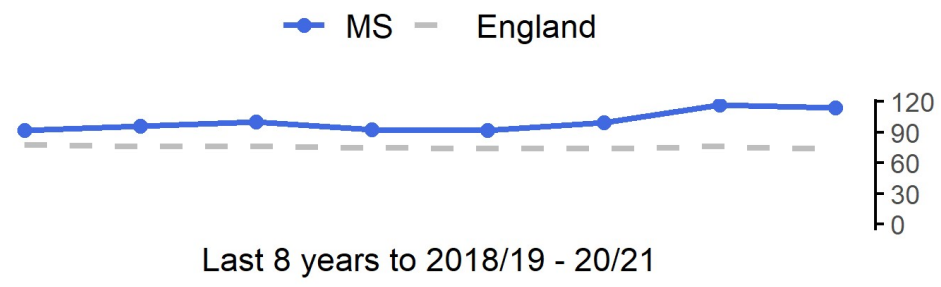
Emergency hospital admissions for epilepsy (< 19 yrs)

<h1 style="color: red;">114</h1> <p>HCP: Medway and Swale</p>		<h1 style="color: black;">74</h1> <p>England</p>
		<h1 style="color: yellow;">76</h1> <p>Kent and Medway</p>
<h1 style="color: red;">117</h1> <p>Medway</p>	<h1 style="color: red;">108</h1> <p>Swale</p>	<p>2018/19 - 20/21</p>

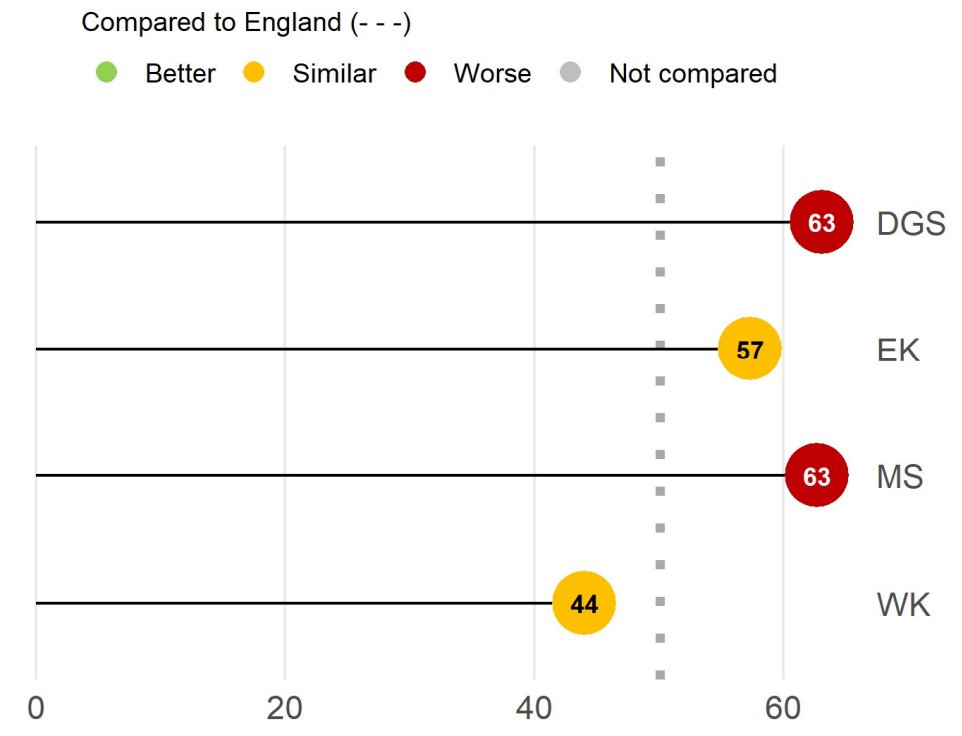
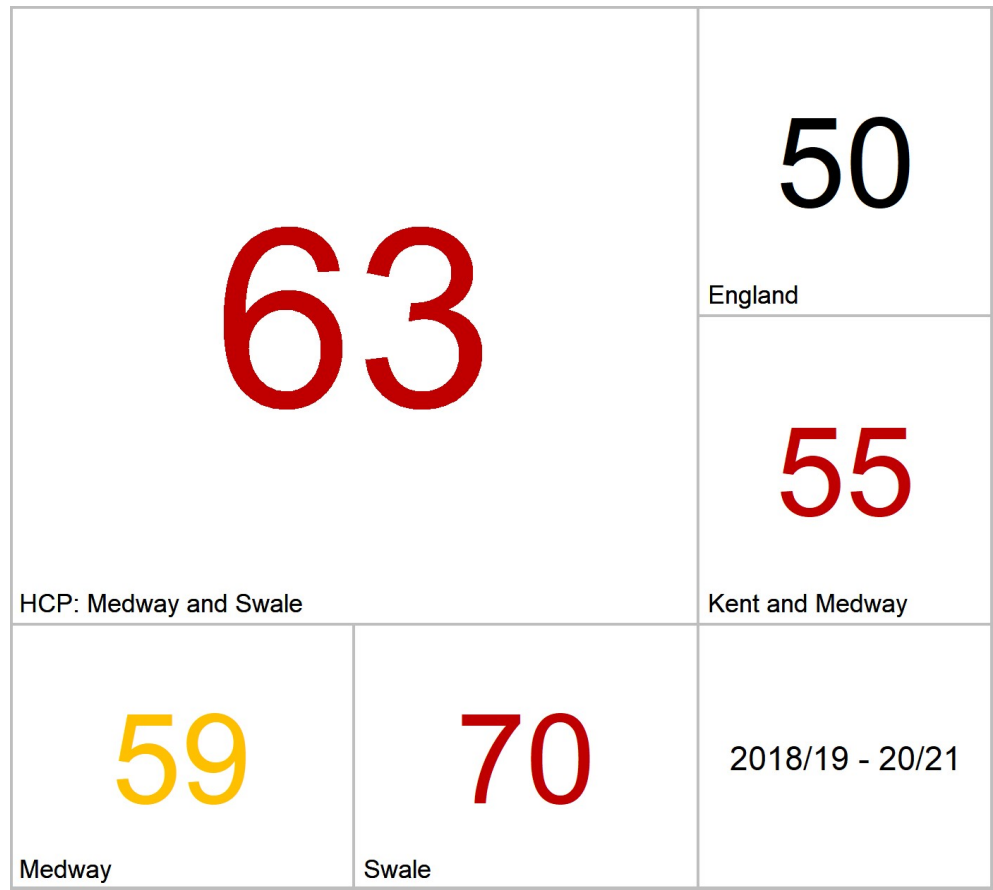


The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000.
 Latest time period: 2018/19 - 20/21.
 Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: District & UA.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.

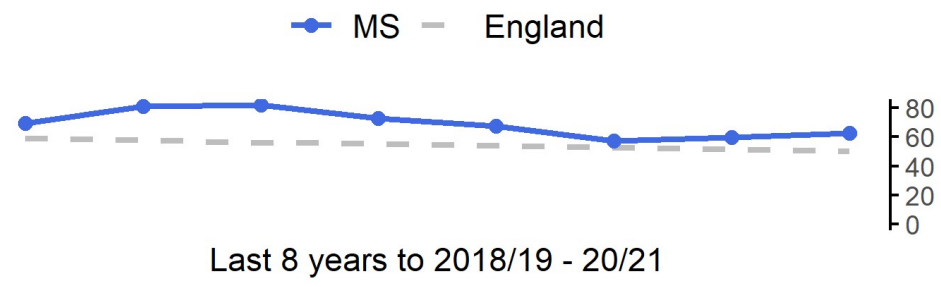


Emergency hospital admissions for diabetes (< 19 yrs)

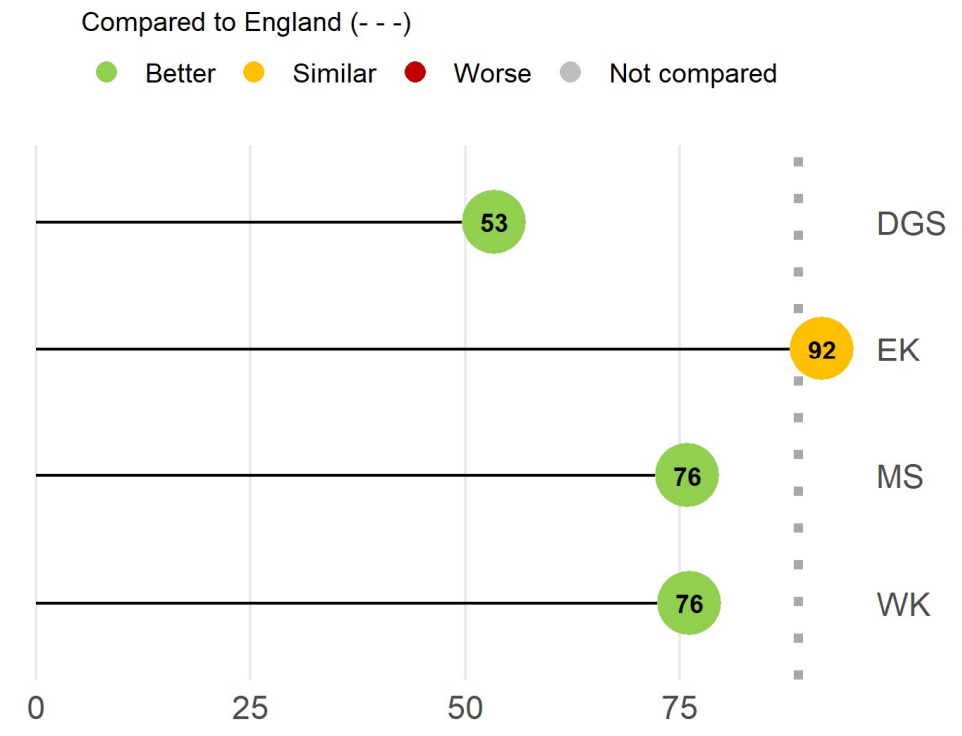
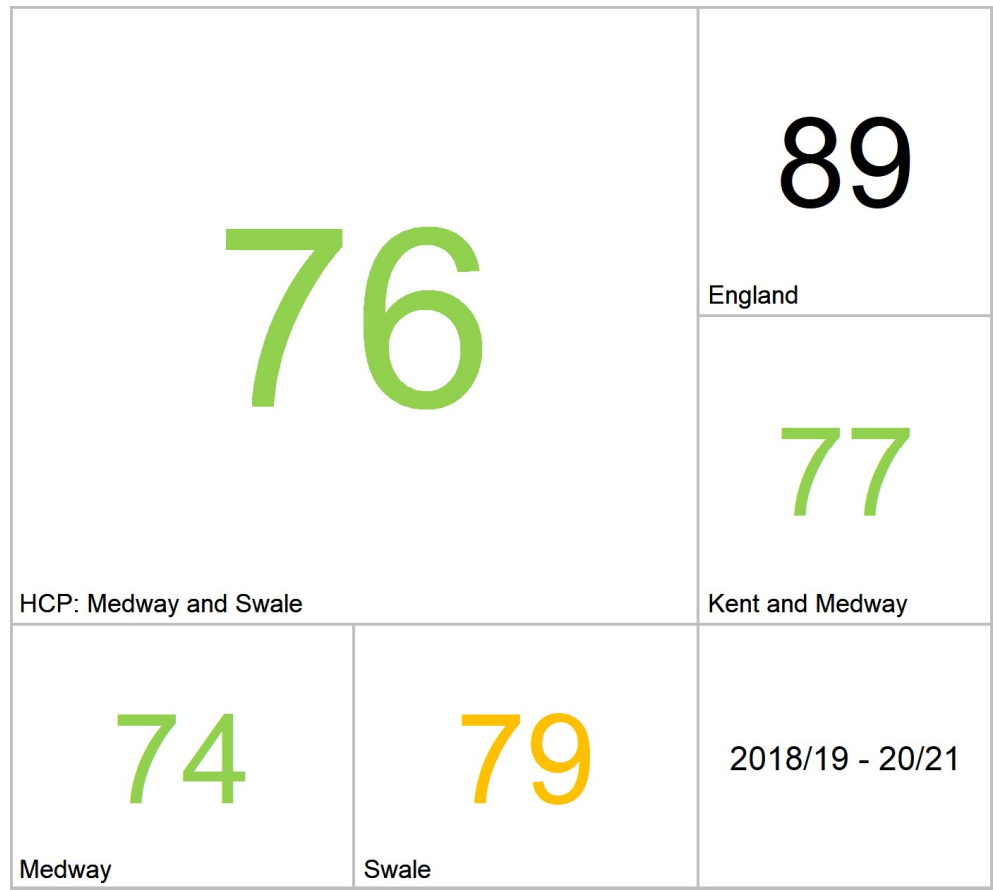


The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000.
 Latest time period: 2018/19 - 20/21.
 Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: District & UA.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.

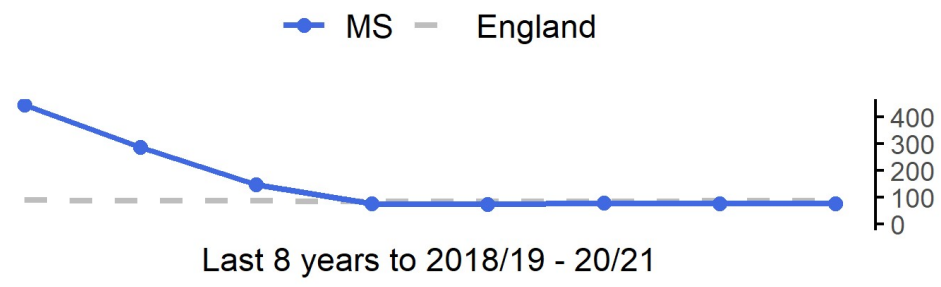


Hospital admissions for mental health conditions (0-17 years)



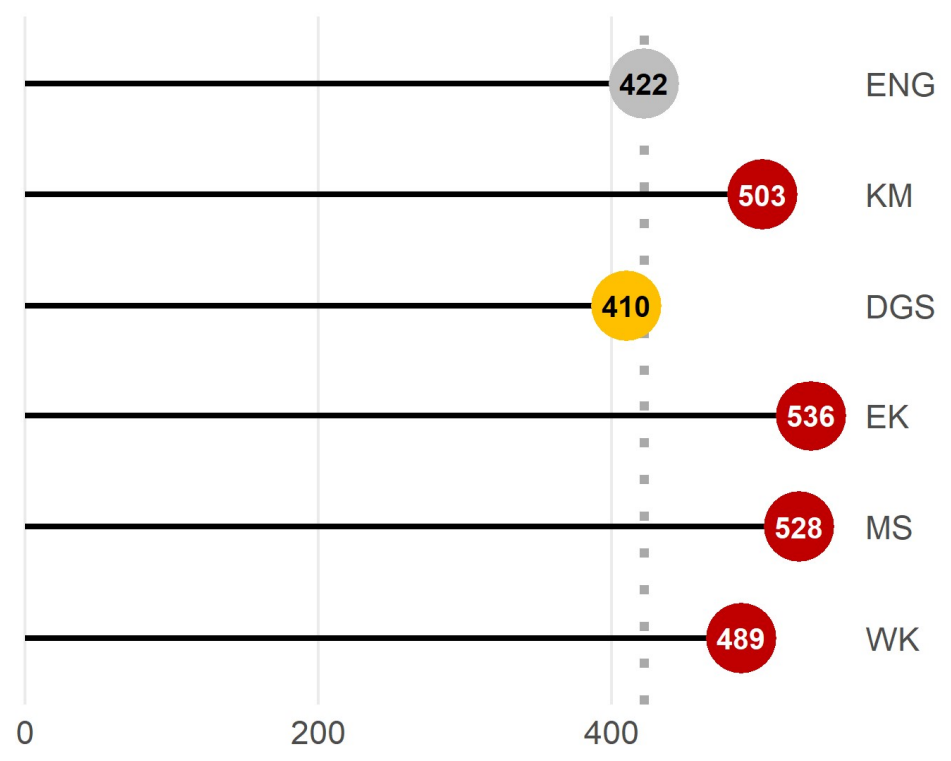
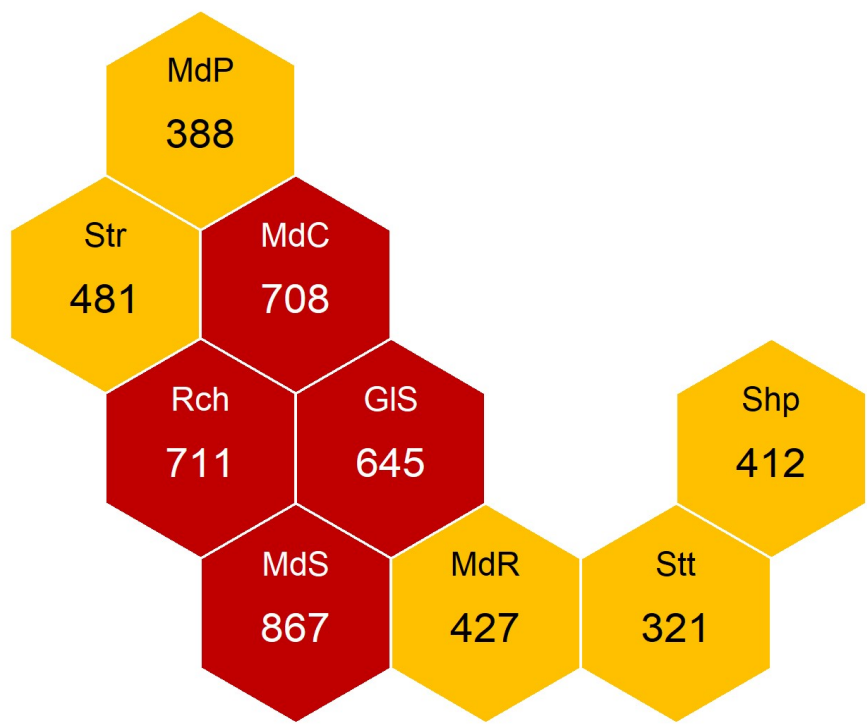
The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000.
 Latest time period: 2018/19 - 20/21.
 Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: District & UA.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.



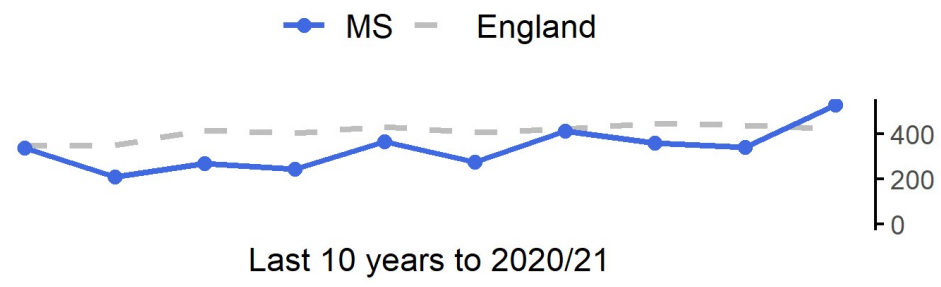
Hospital admissions as a result of self-harm (10-24 years)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
 ■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared

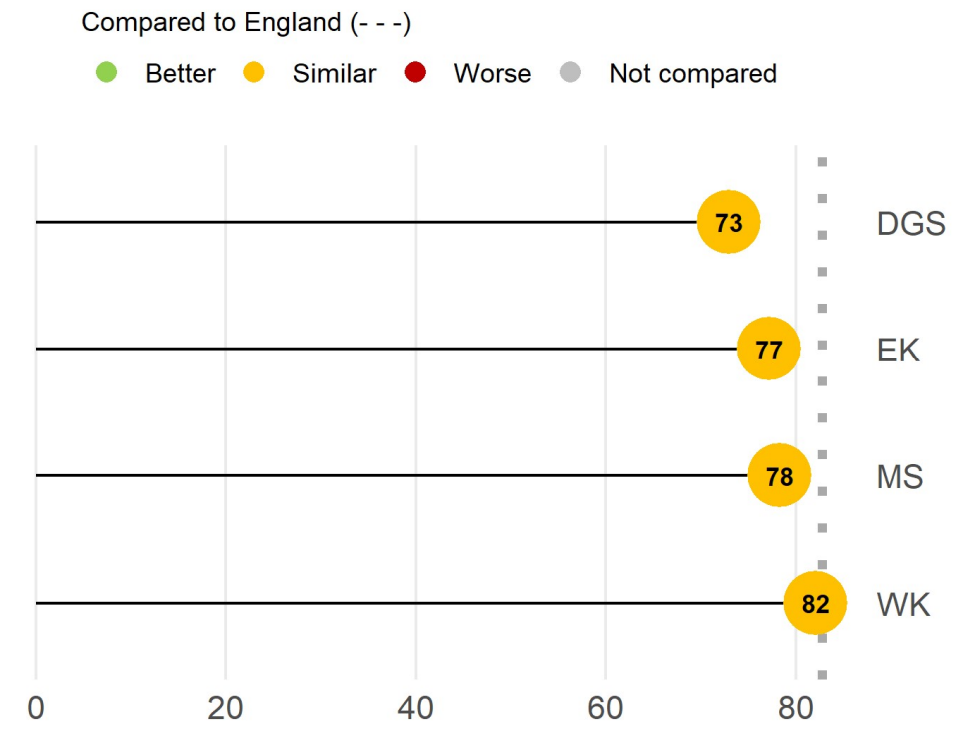
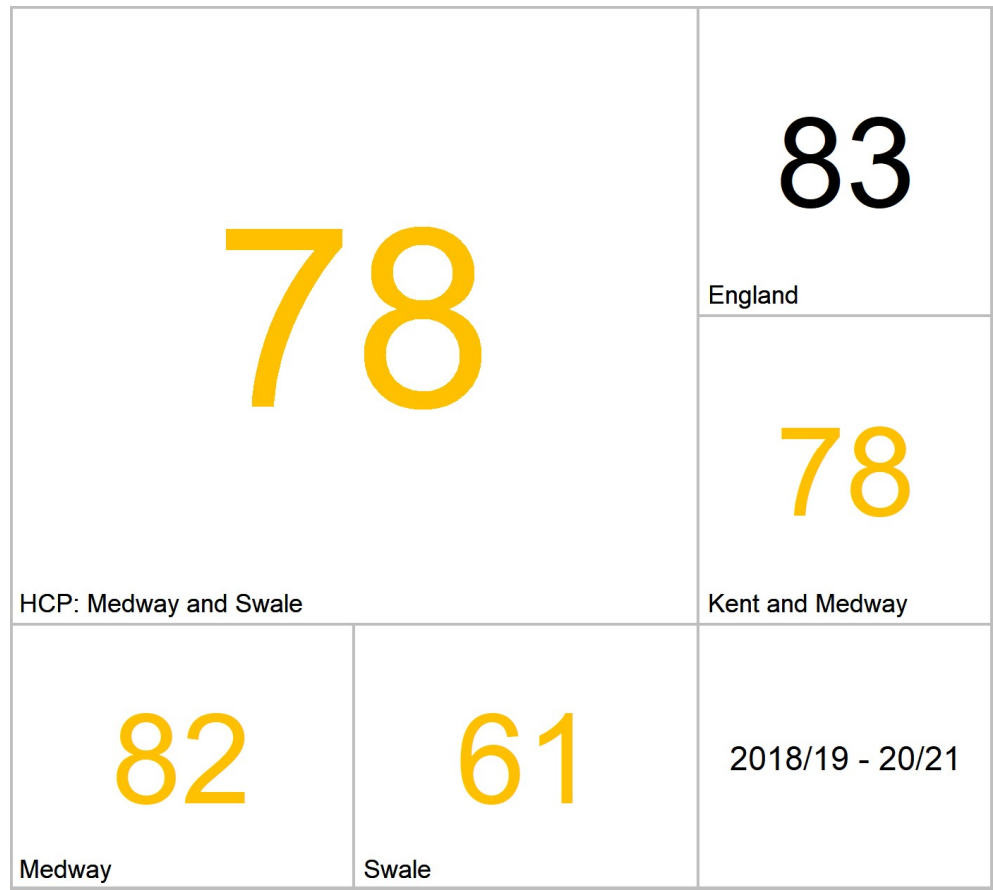


The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Directly standardised rate.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: LSOA to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Dobson's method.

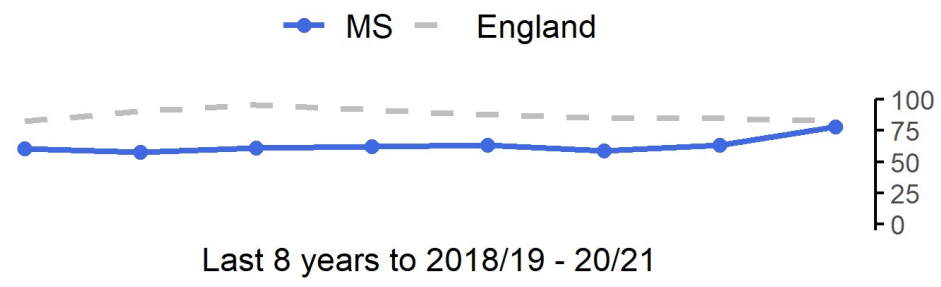


Hospital admissions due to substance misuse (15-24 years)



The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

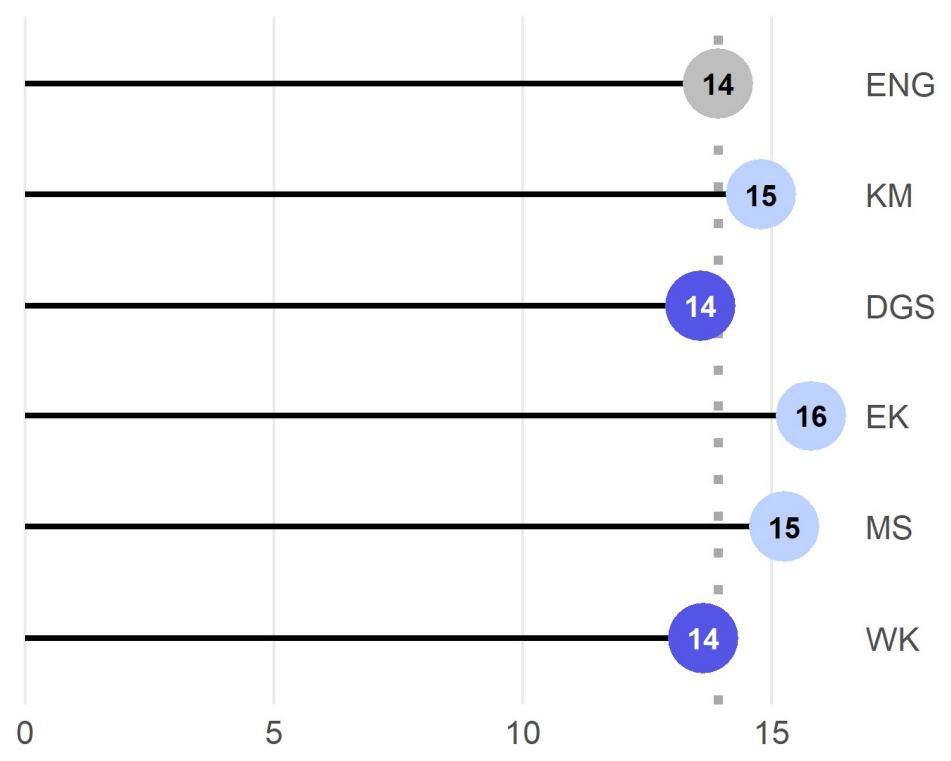
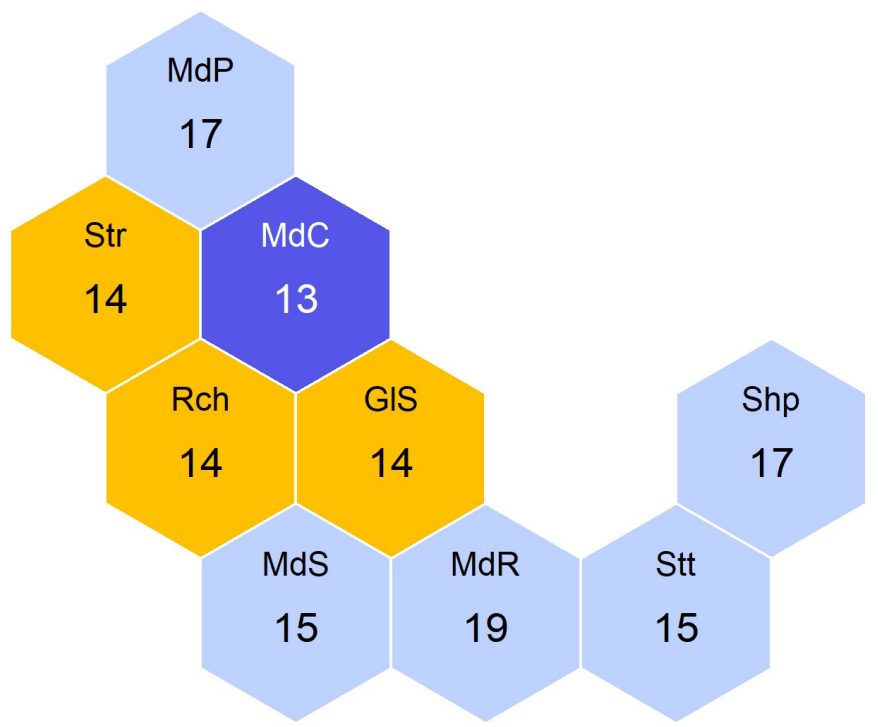
Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000.
 Latest time period: 2018/19 - 20/21.
 Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: District & UA.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.



MAJOR HEALTH CONDITIONS

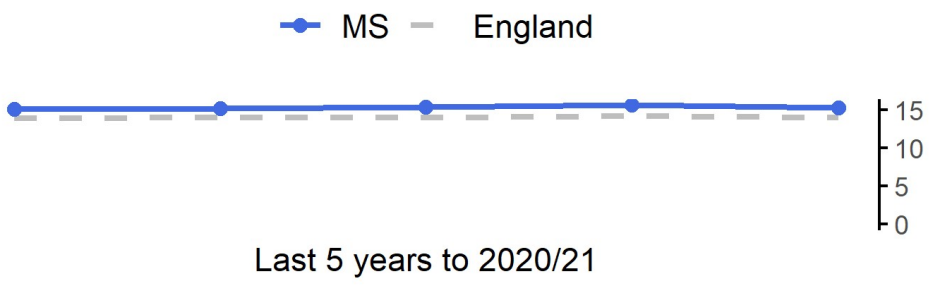
Hypertension: QOF prevalence (all ages)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher ■ Not compared



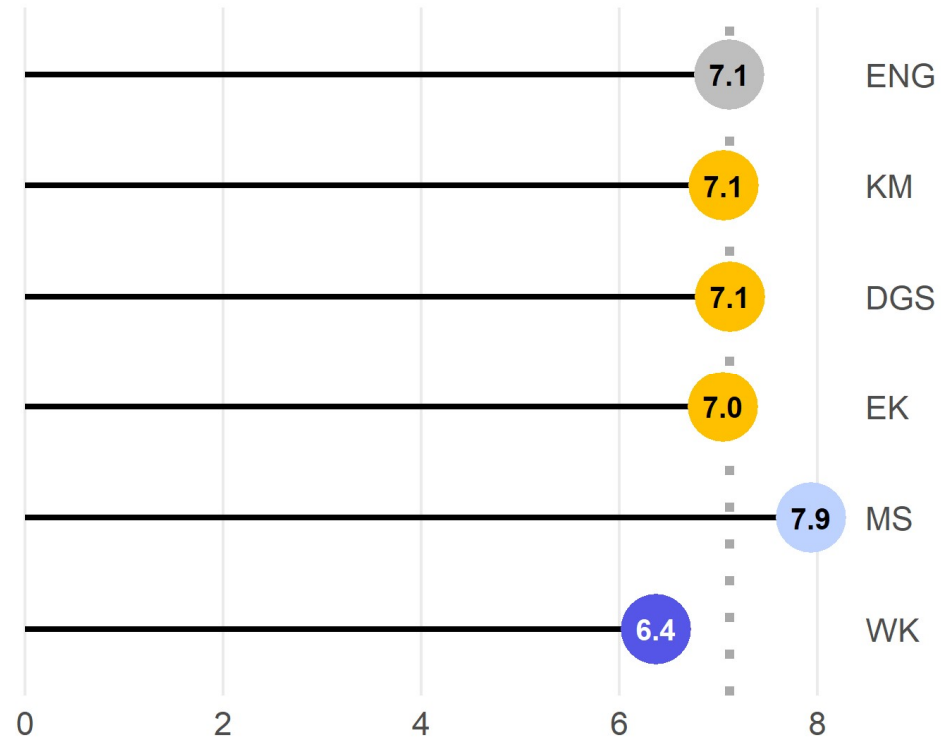
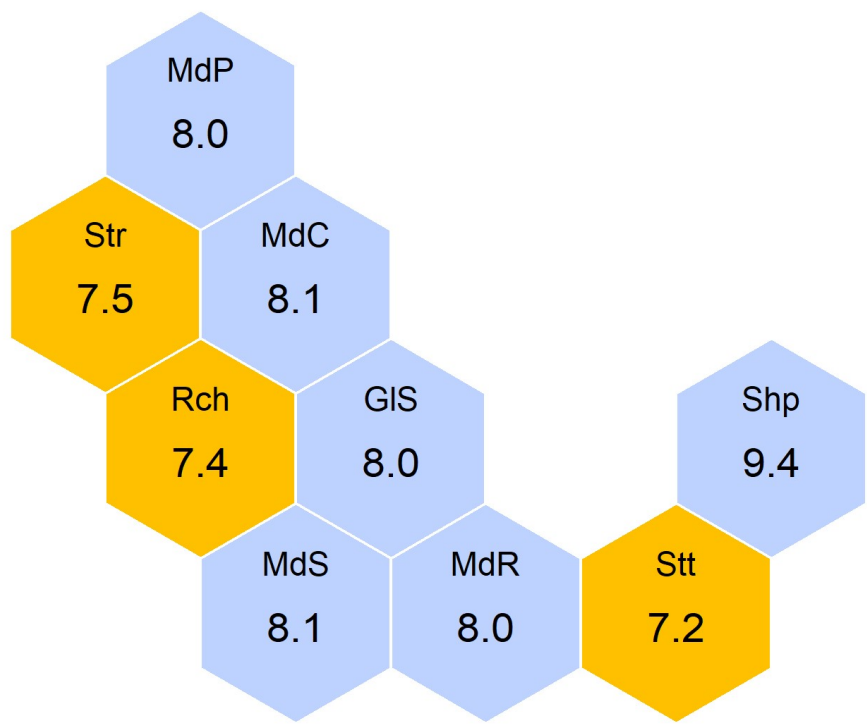
The rate in Medway and Swale is higher than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 219.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: Practice to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.

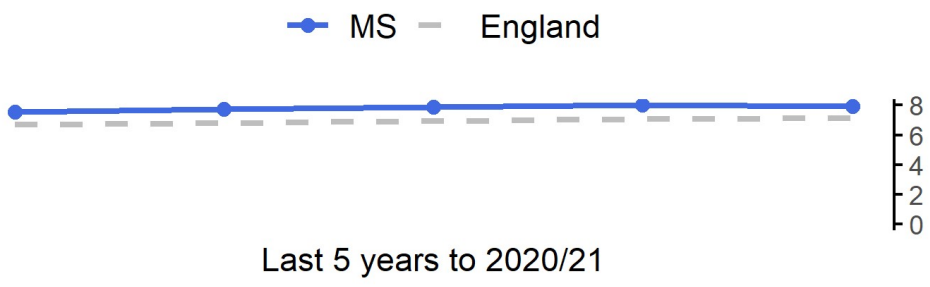


Diabetes: QOF prevalence (17+)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
 ■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher ■ Not compared



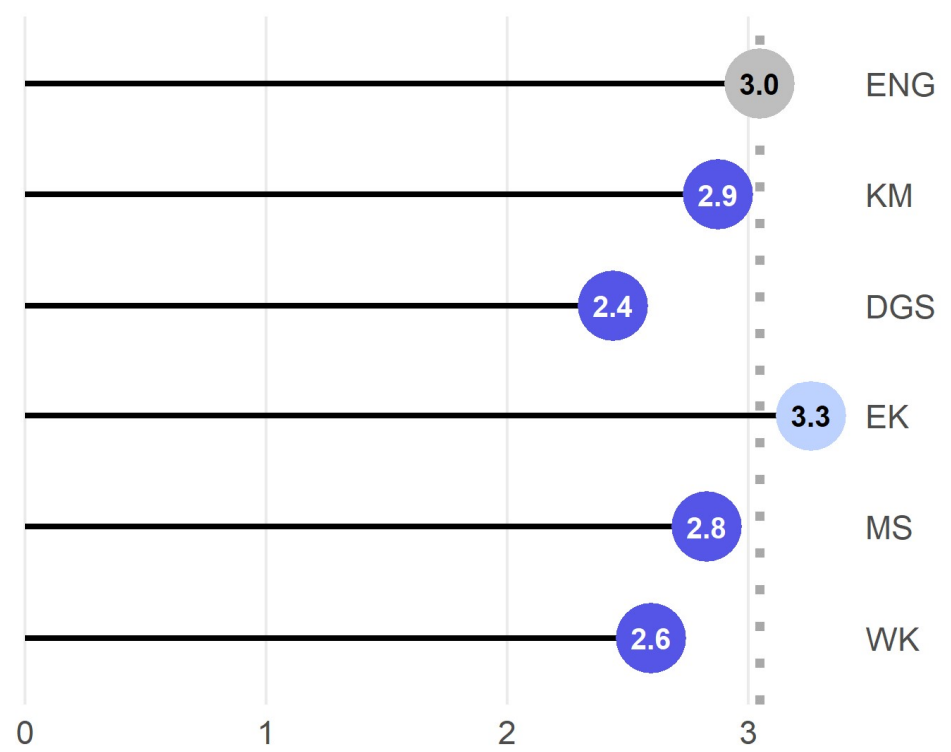
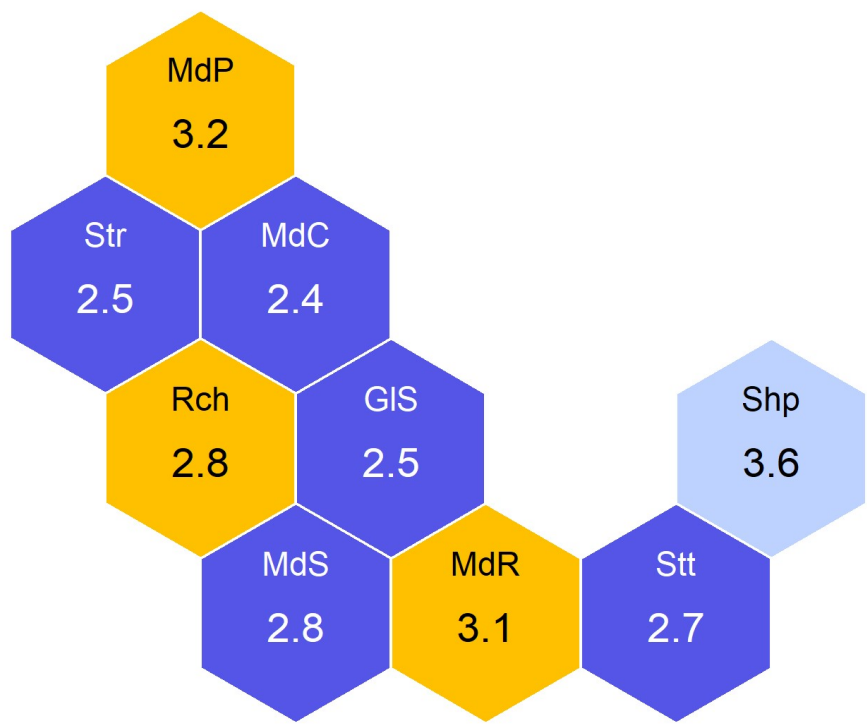
The rate in Medway and Swale is higher than England.



Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 241.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: Practice to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.

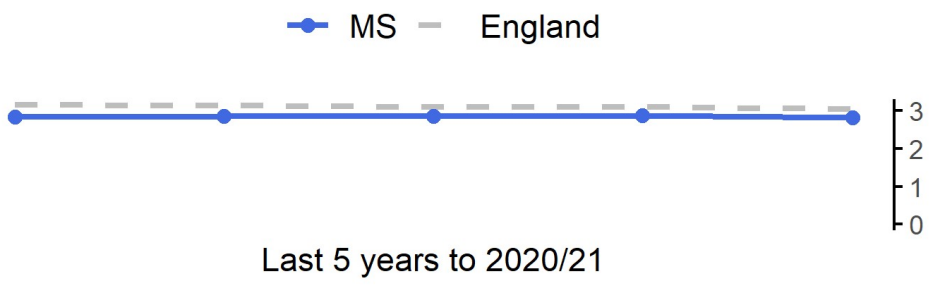
CHD: QOF prevalence (all ages)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher ■ Not compared



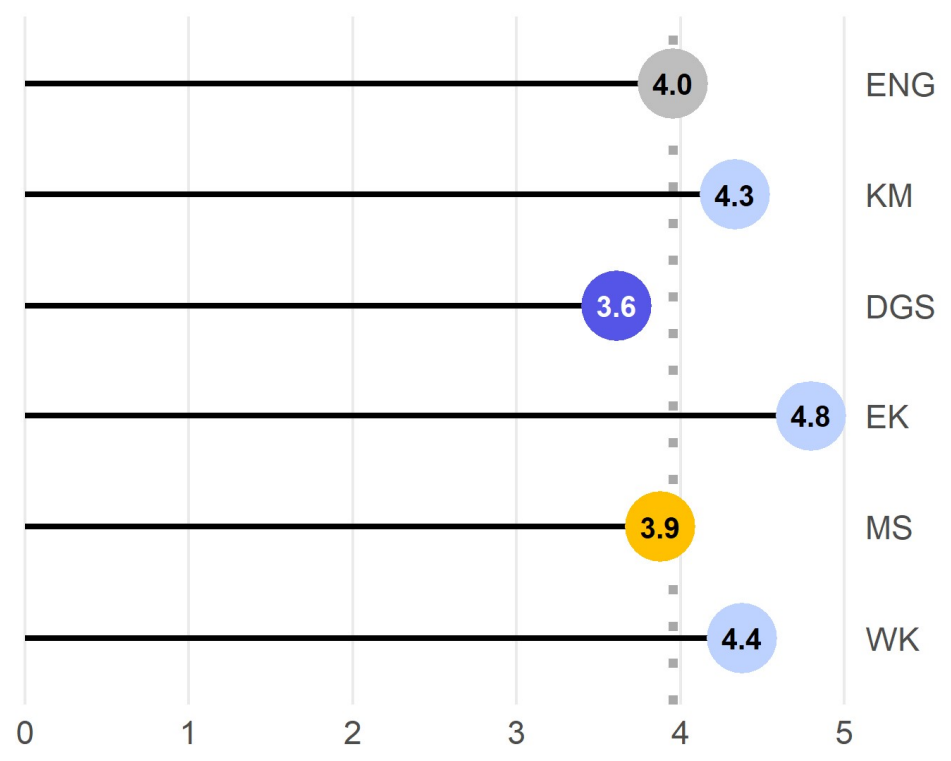
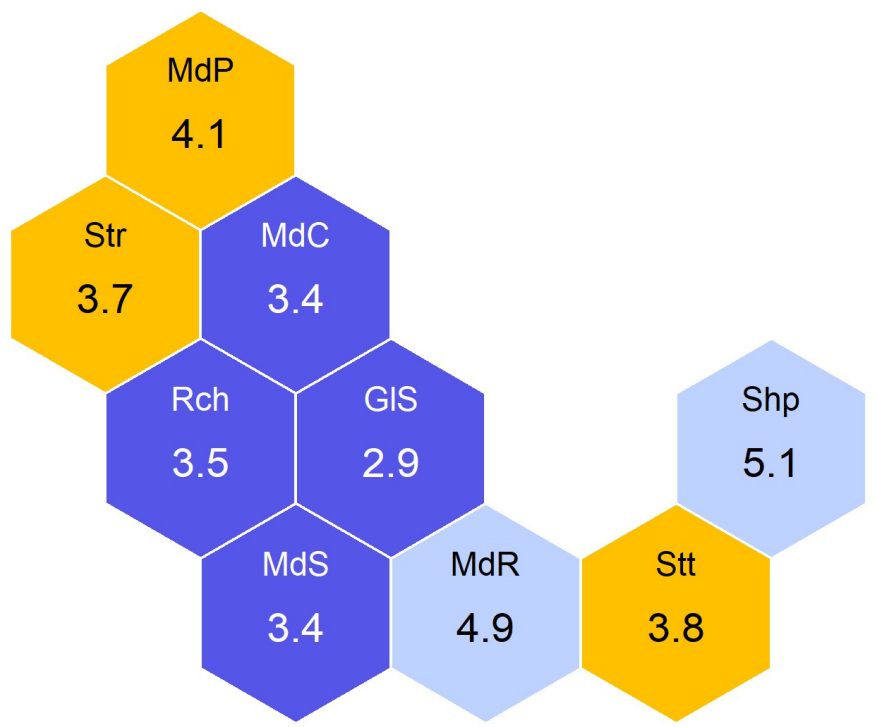
The rate in Medway and Swale is lower than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 273.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: Practice to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.



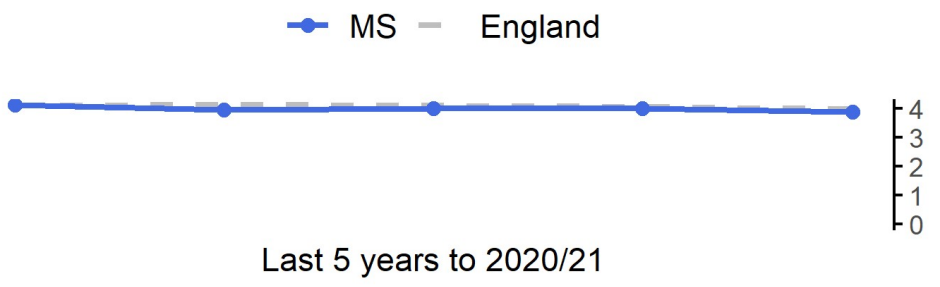
CKD: QOF prevalence (18+)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher ■ Not compared



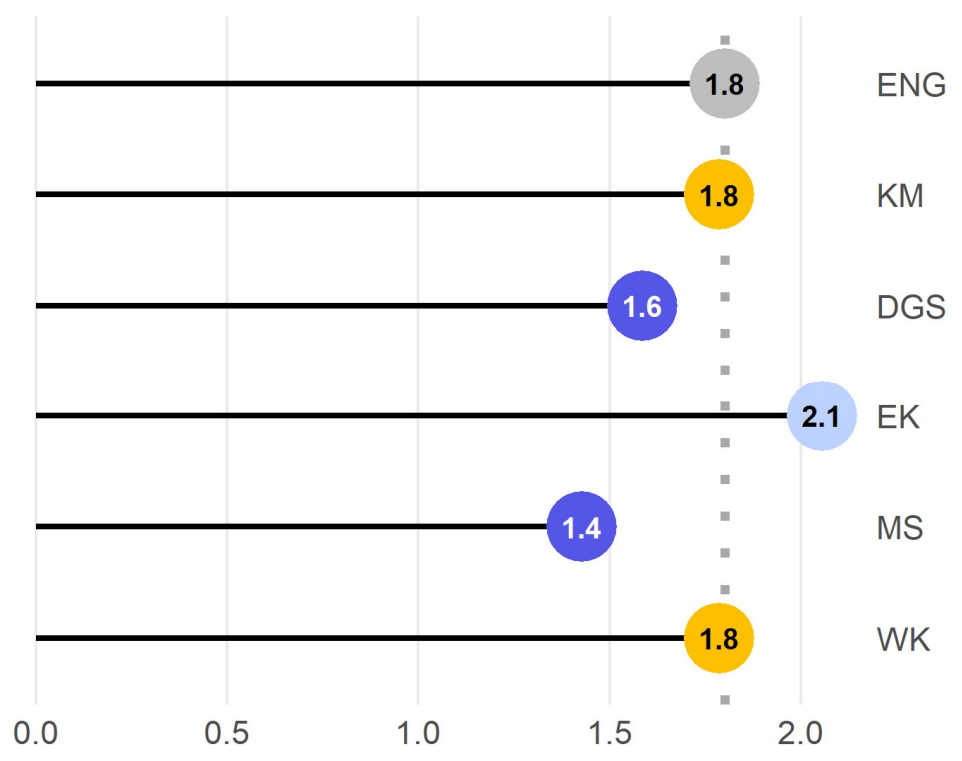
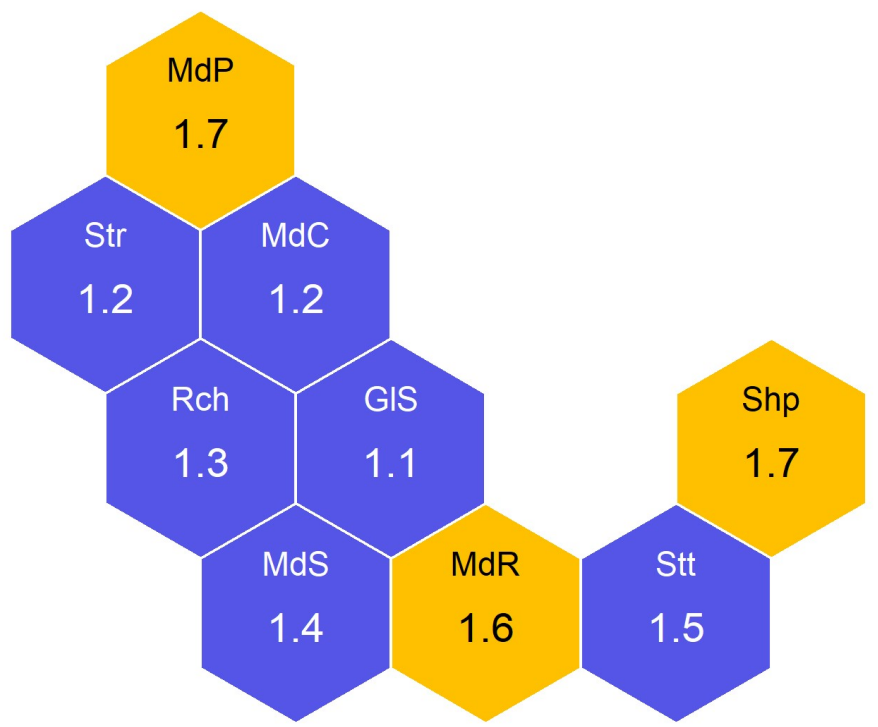
The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 258.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: Practice to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.



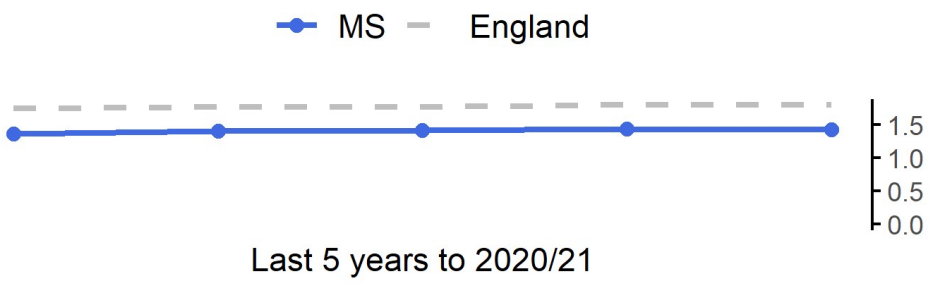
Stroke: QOF prevalence (all ages)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher ■ Not compared



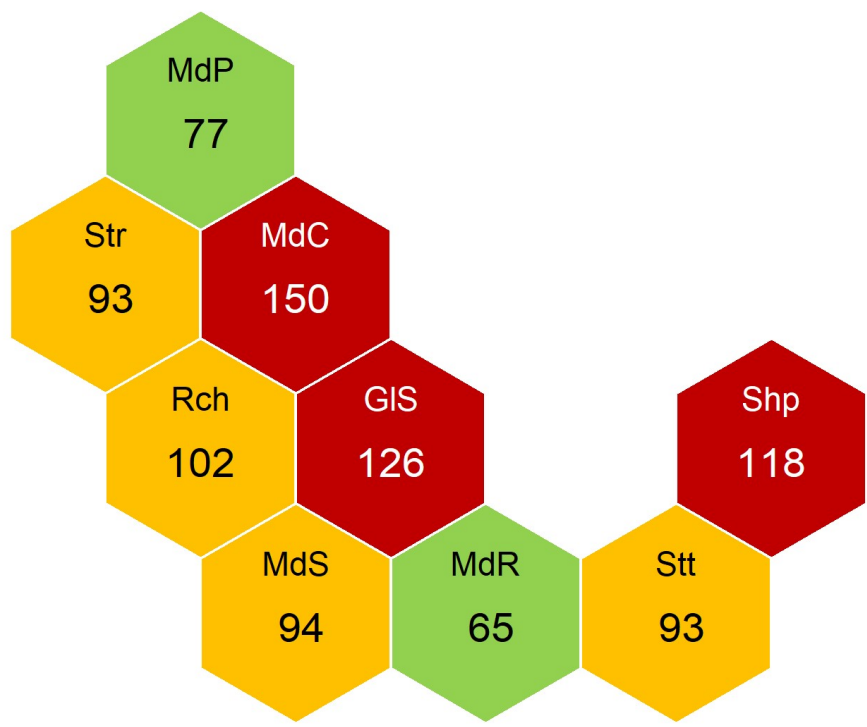
The rate in Medway and Swale is lower than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 212.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: Practice to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.

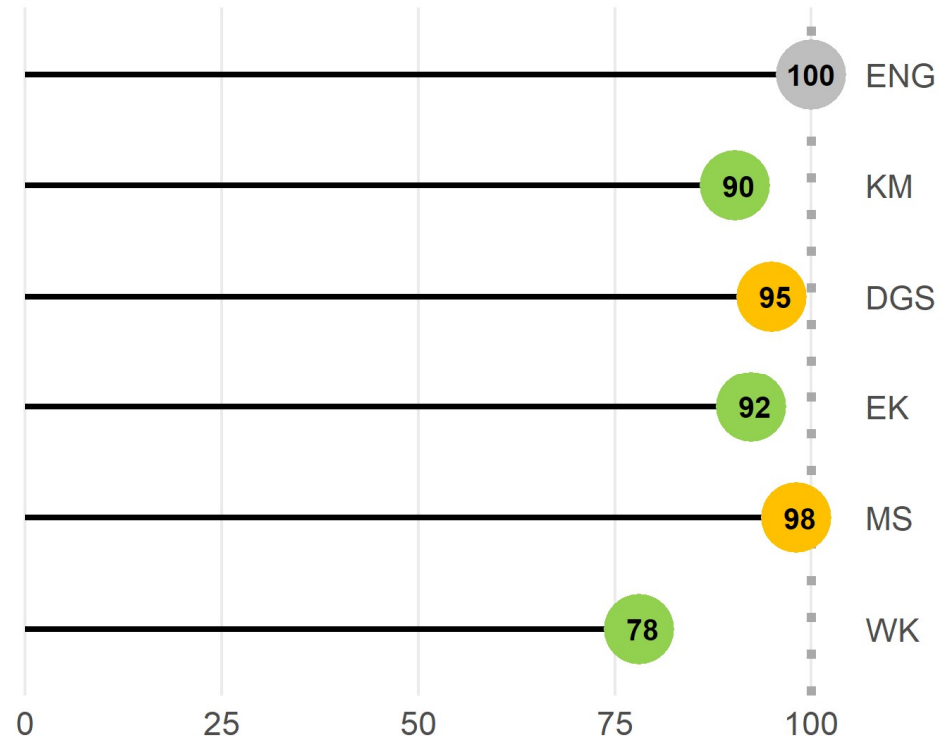


Deaths from circulatory disease, under 75 years

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



Trend data not available.

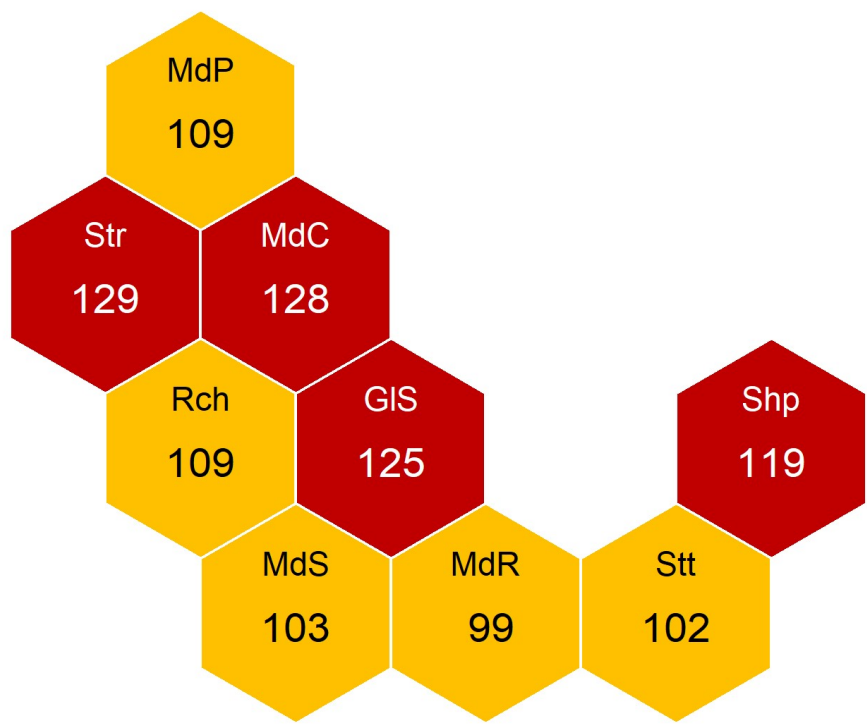


The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

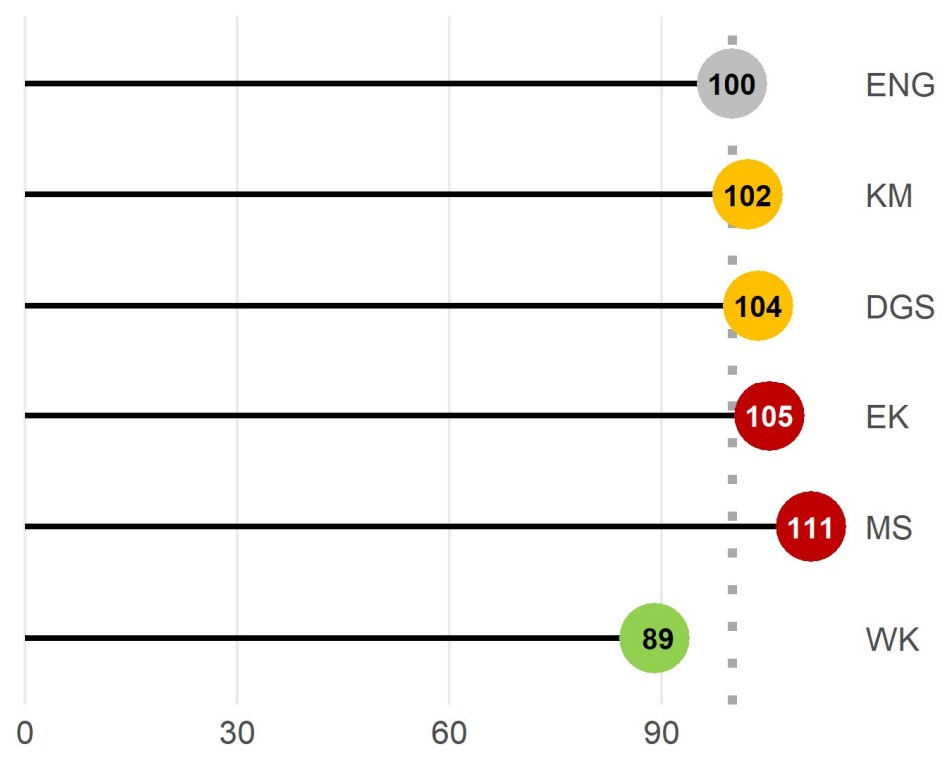
Value type: Indirectly standardised ratio per 100.
 Latest time period: 2015 - 19.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93256.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: Ward to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.

Deaths from all cancer, under 75 years

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



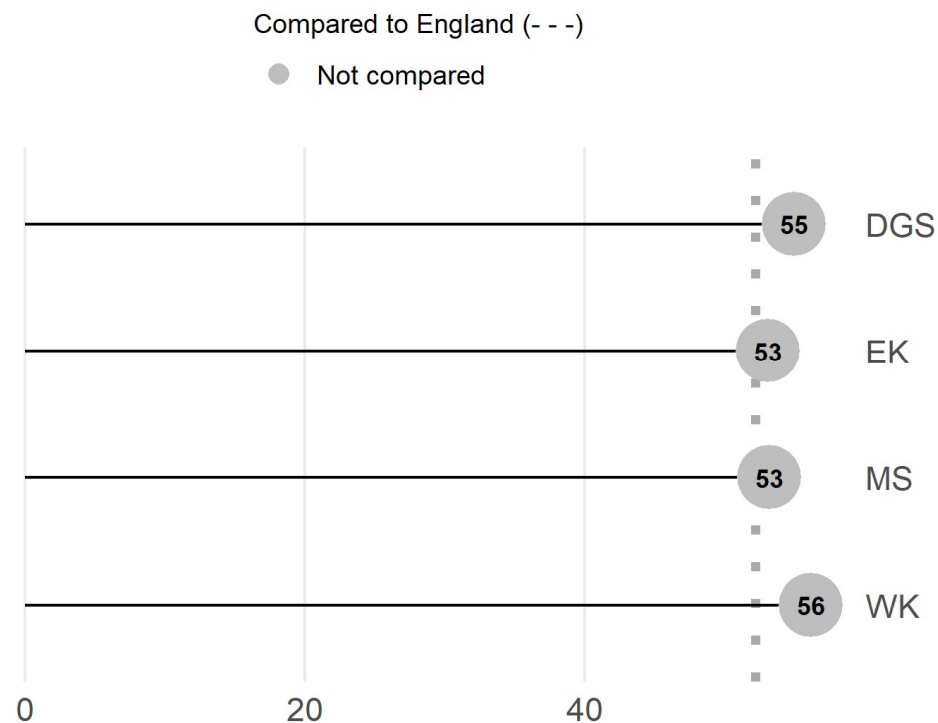
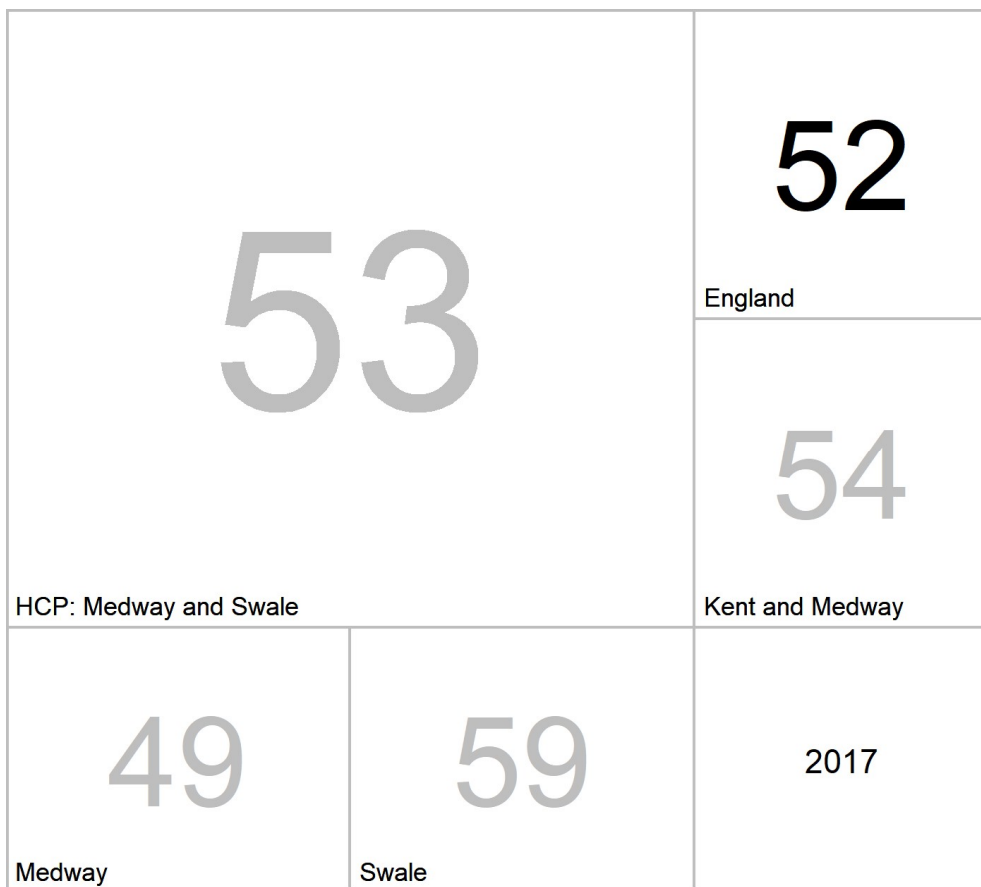
Trend data not available.



The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Indirectly standardised ratio per 100.
Latest time period: 2015 - 19.
Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93254.
Value calculation: Aggregated data.
Small area type: Ward to PCN.
RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.

Cancer diagnosed at early stage (experimental statistics)



Medway and Swale cannot be compared to England statistically.

Value type: Proportion - %.

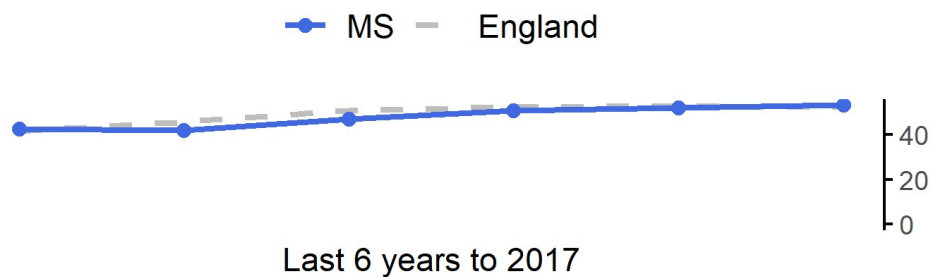
Latest time period: 2017.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 90834.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (2019/20).

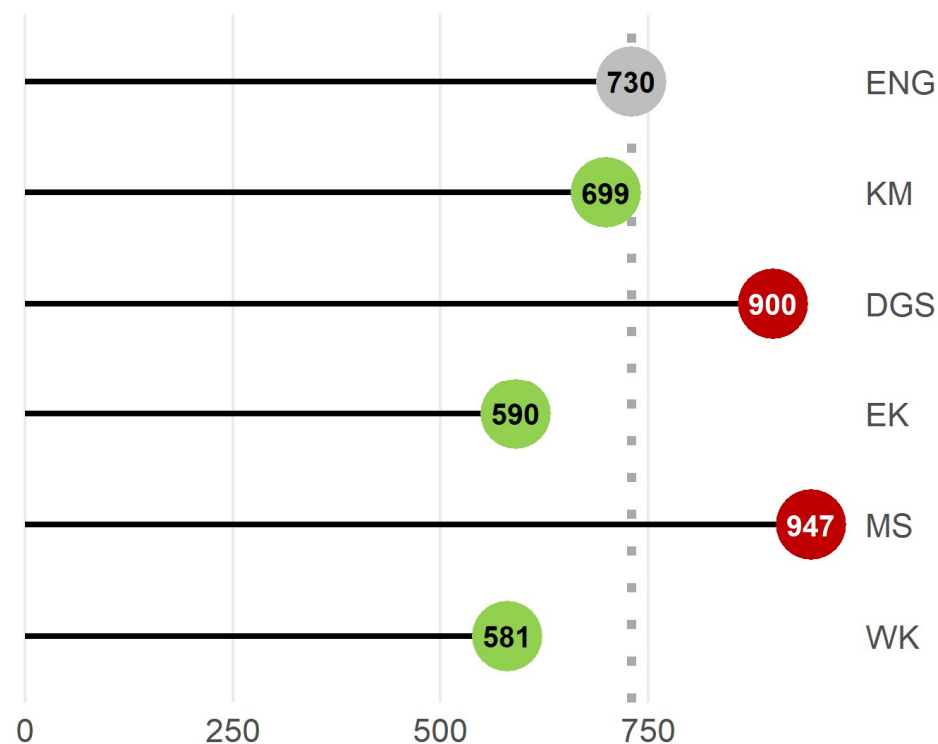
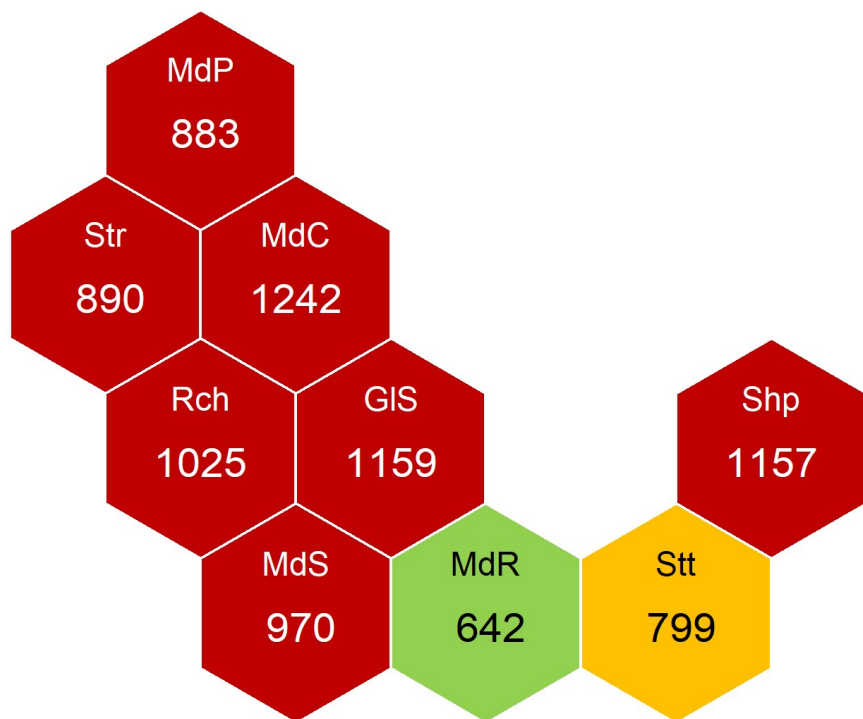
RAG method: None applied.



Unplanned hospitalisation for chronic ACSC

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared



The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Directly standardised rate per 100,000.

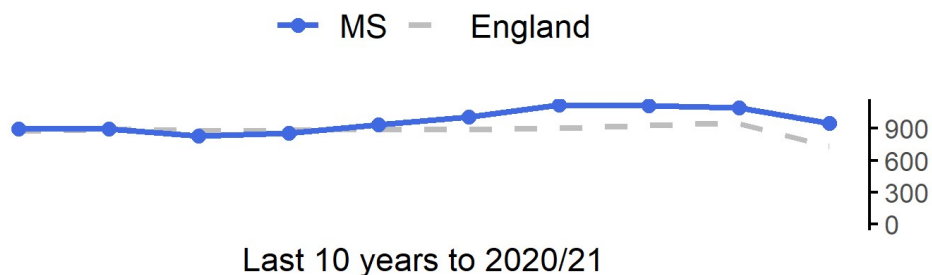
Latest time period: 2020/21.

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: LSOA to PCN.

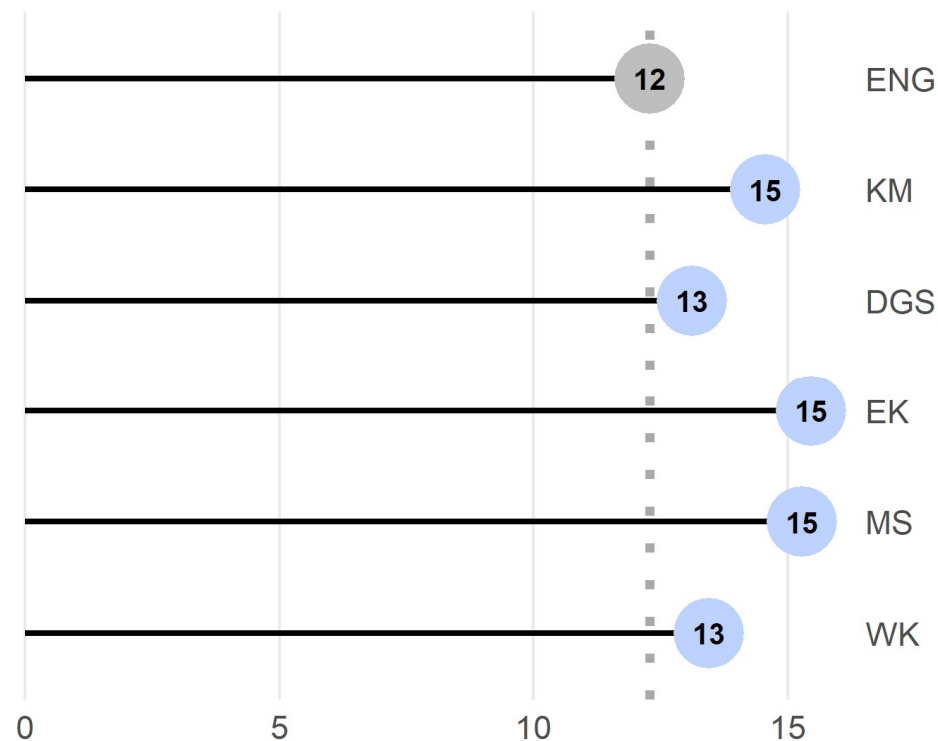
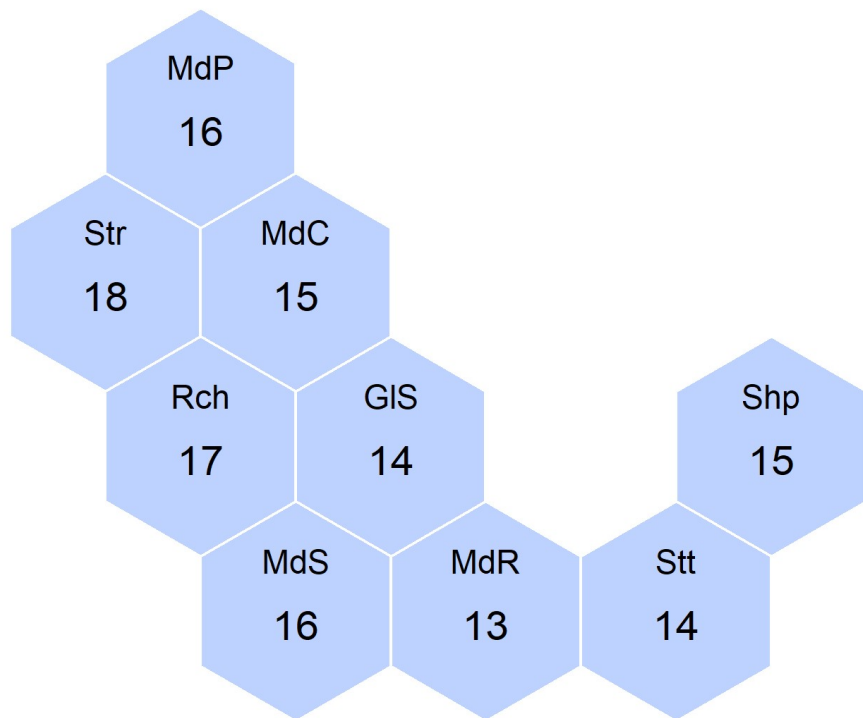
RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Dobson's method.



Depression: Recorded prevalence (aged 18+)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher ■ Not compared



The rate in Medway and Swale is higher than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.

Latest time period: 2020/21.

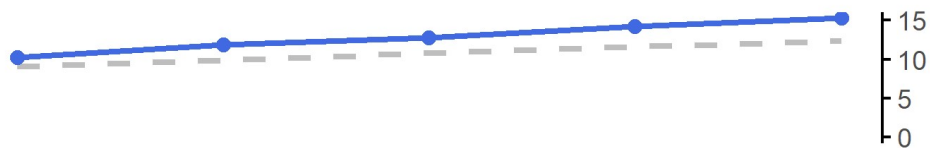
Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 848.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Practice to PCN.

RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Byar's method.

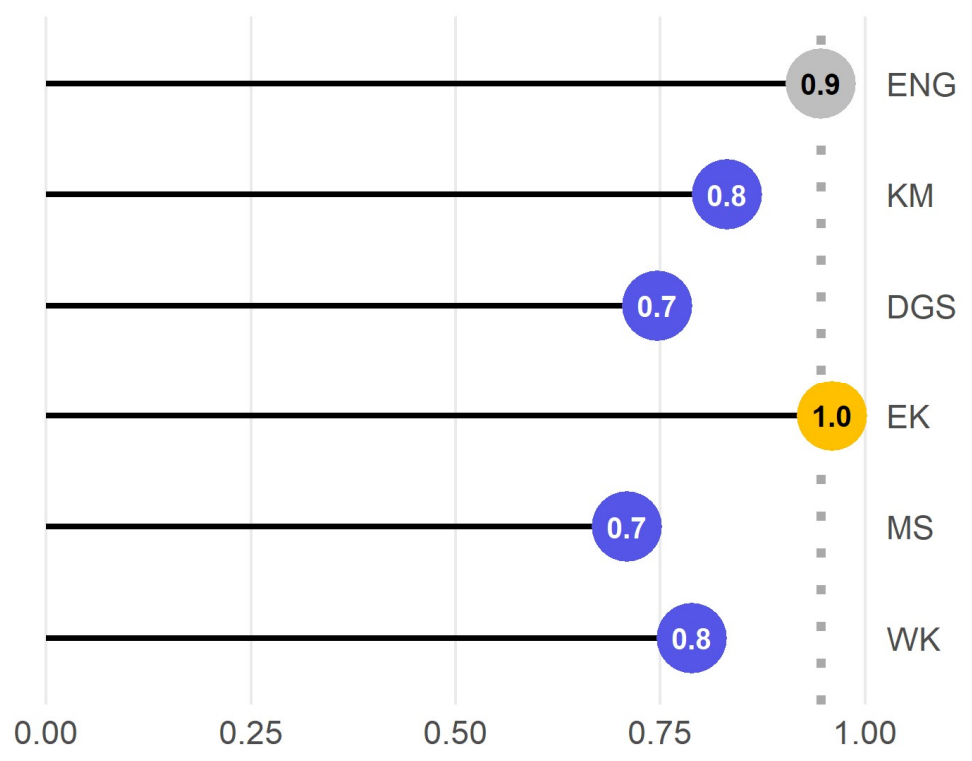
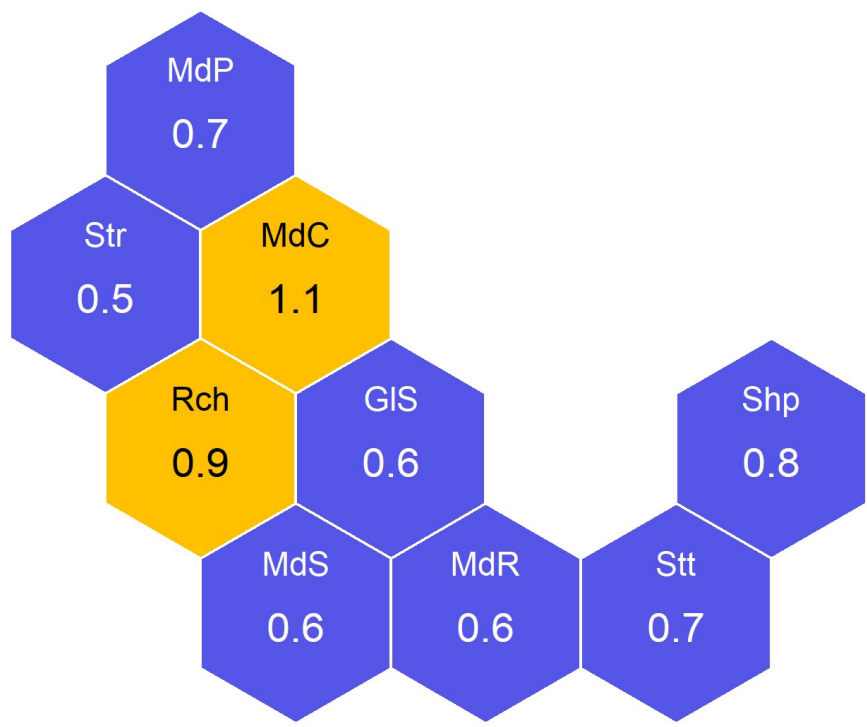
● MS — England



Last 5 years to 2020/21

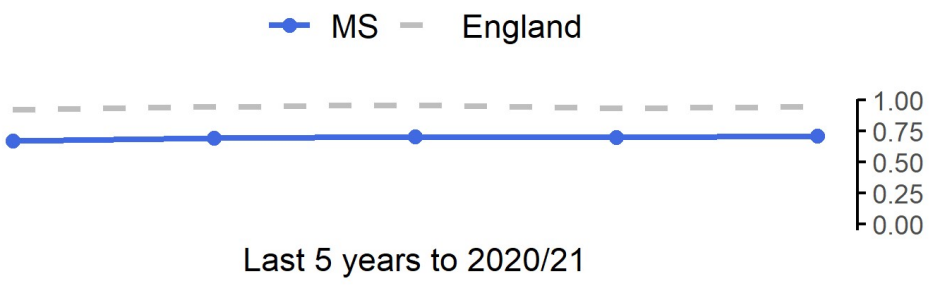
Serious Mental Illness: QOF prevalence (all ages)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:
■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher ■ Not compared

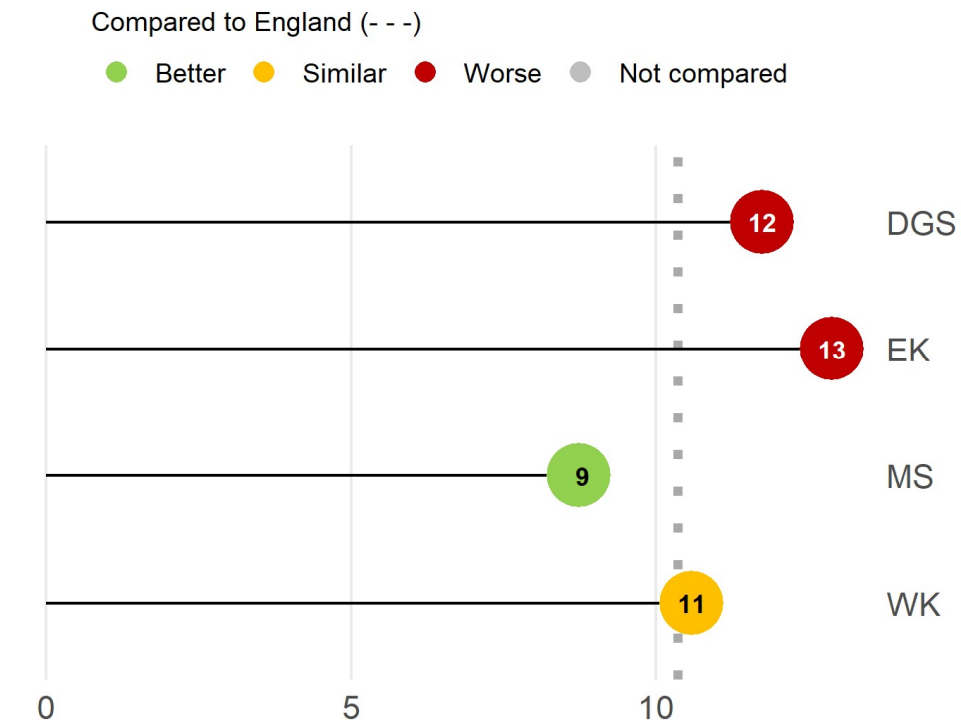
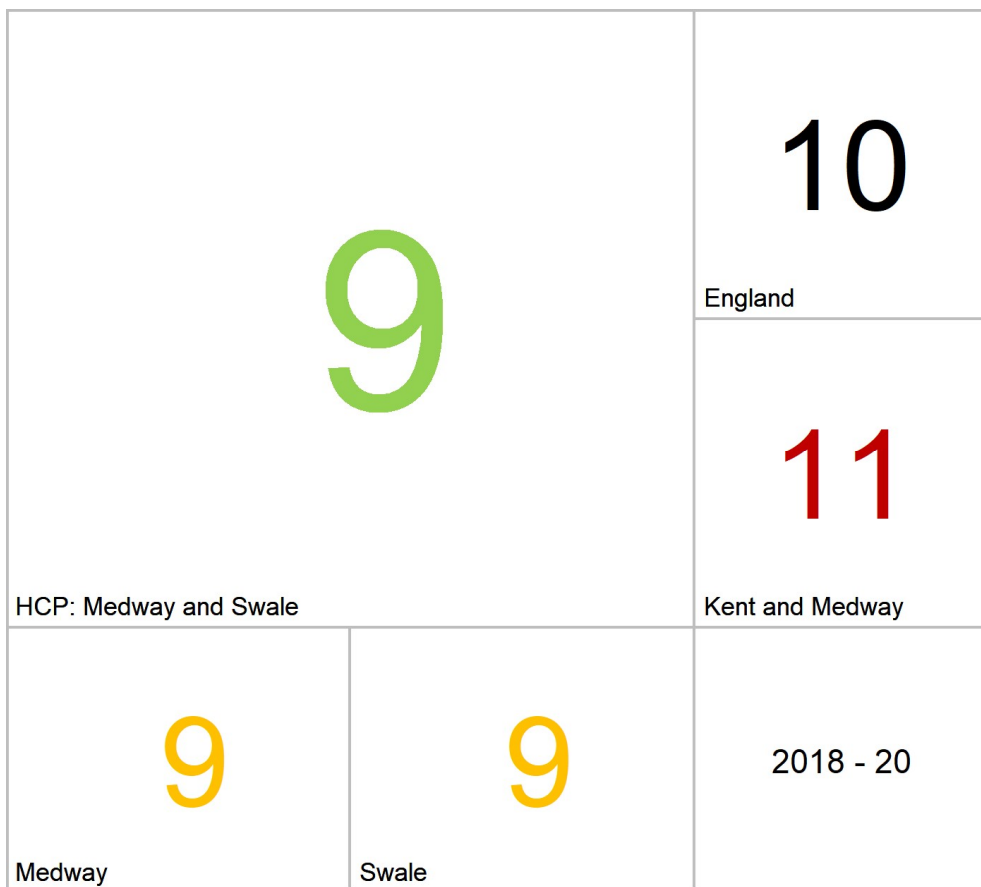


The rate in Medway and Swale is lower than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.
 Latest time period: 2020/21.
 Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 90581.
 Value calculation: Aggregated data.
 Small area type: Practice to PCN.
 RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.



Suicide rate (Persons)



The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Directly standardised rate - per 100,000.

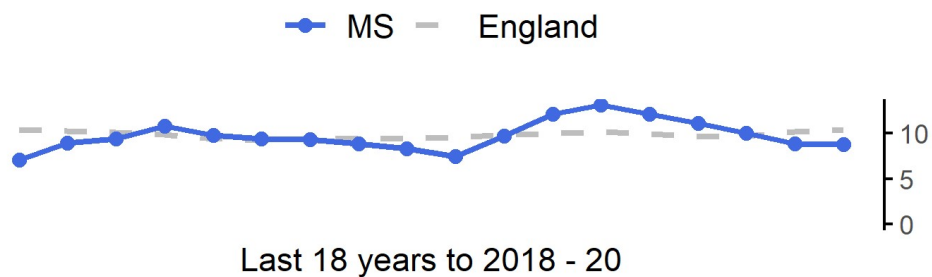
Latest time period: 2018 - 20.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 41001.

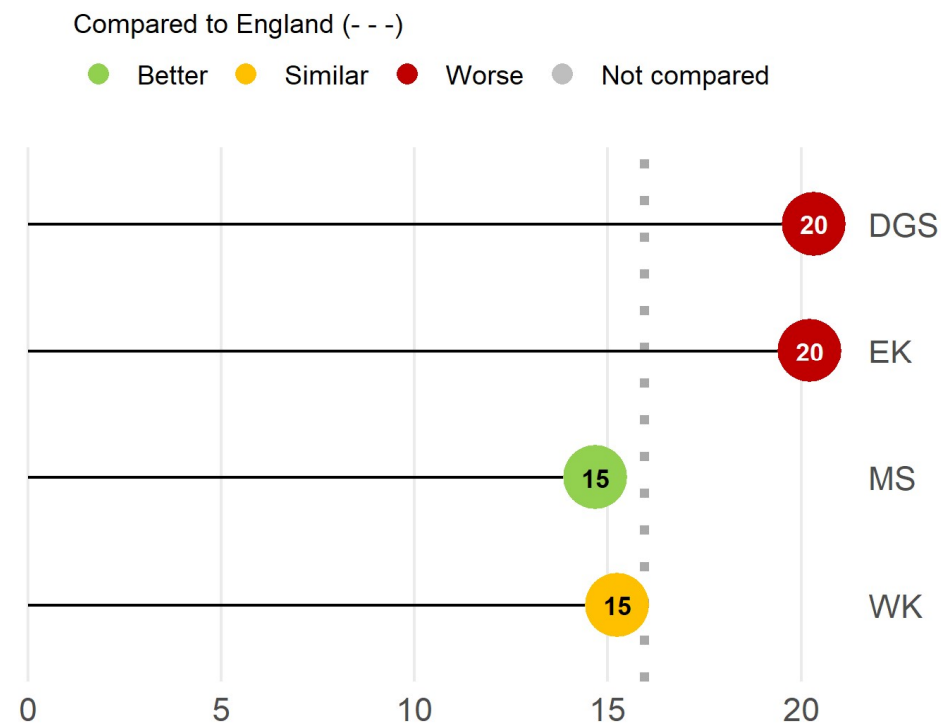
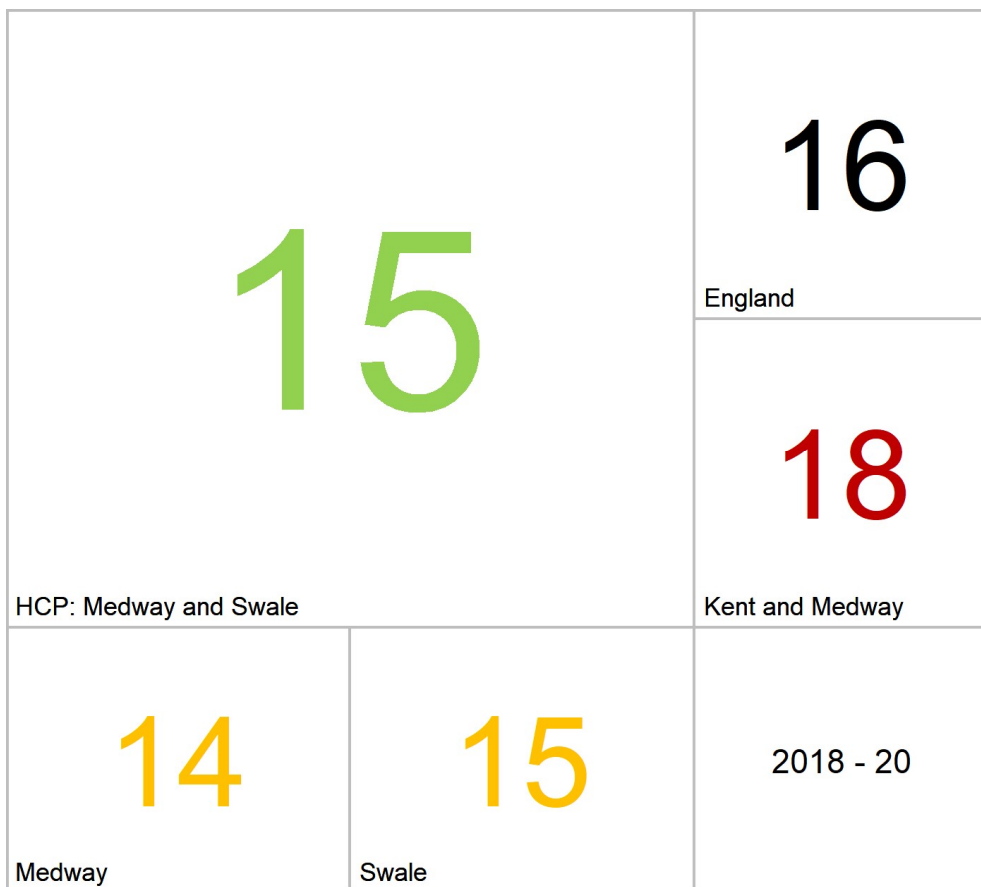
Value calculation: Small areas averaged.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).

RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.



Suicide rate (Male)



The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Directly standardised rate - per 100,000.

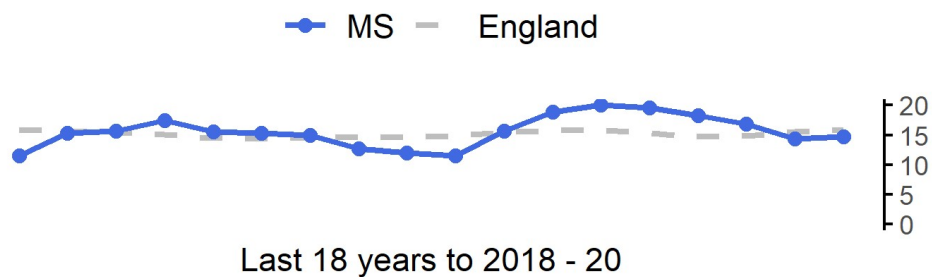
Latest time period: 2018 - 20.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 41001.

Value calculation: Small areas averaged.

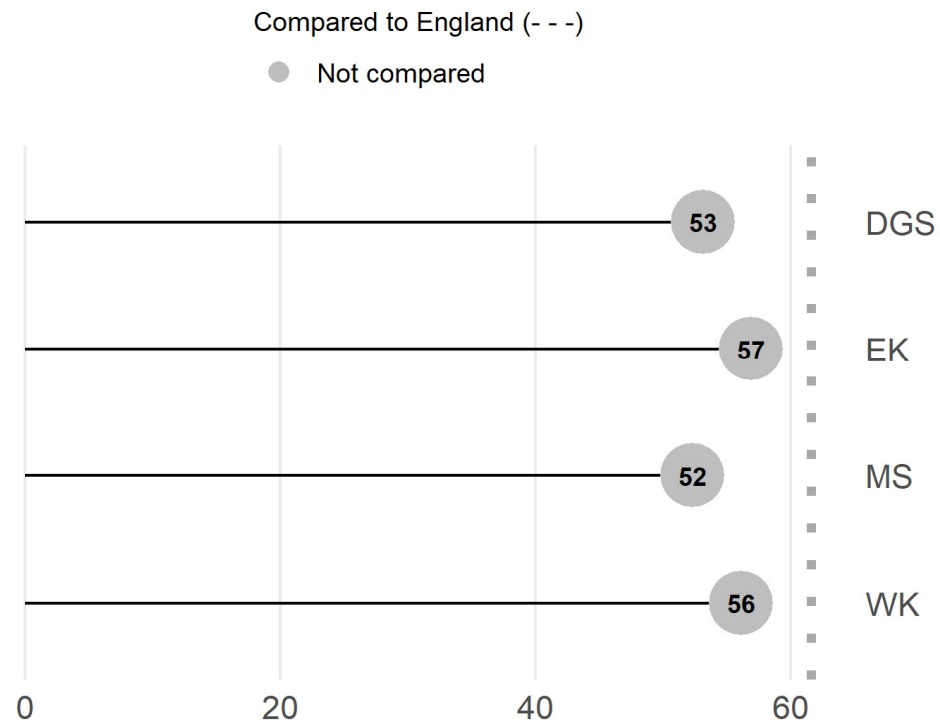
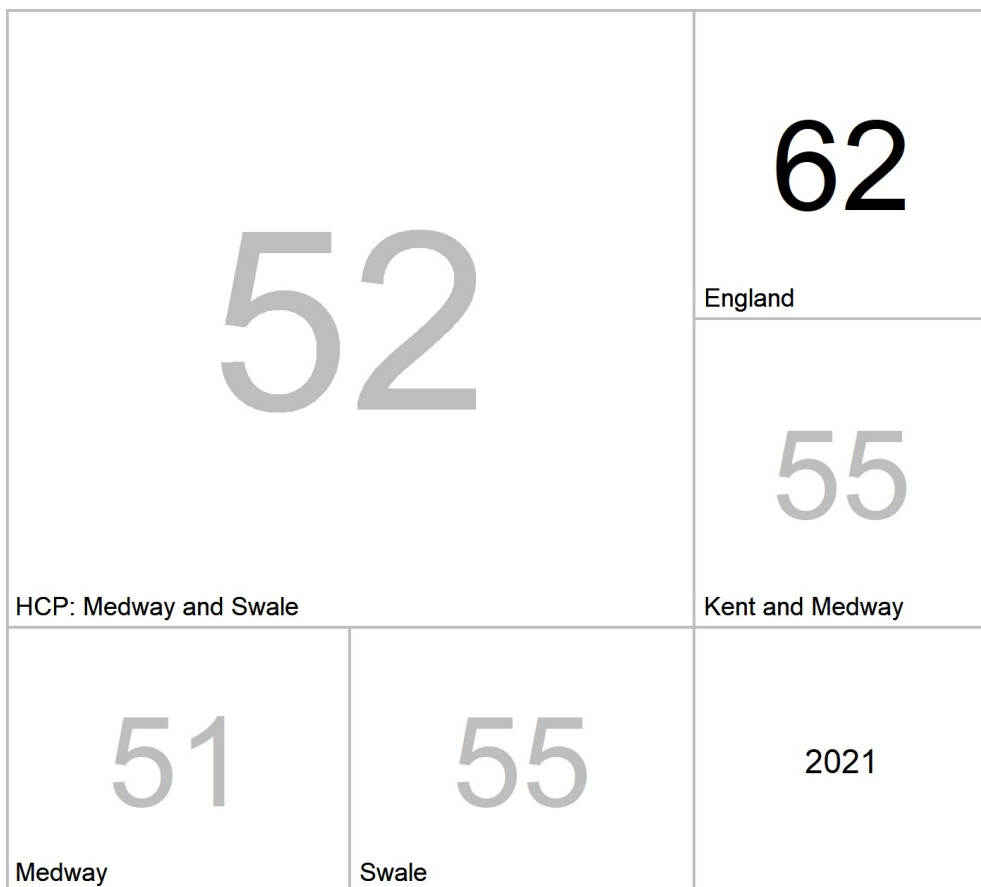
Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).

RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.



AGEING WELL

Estimated dementia diagnosis rate (aged 65 and over)



Medway and Swale cannot be compared to England statistically.

Value type: Proportion - %.

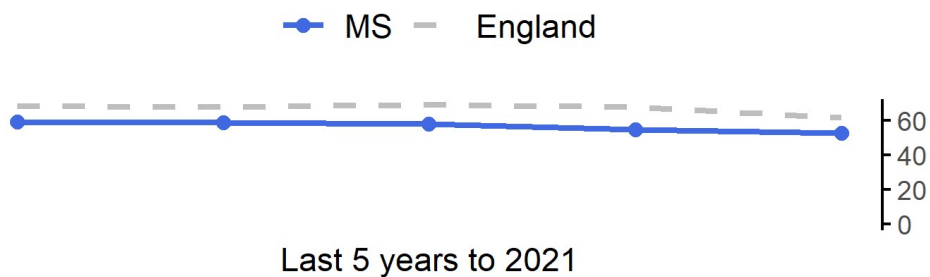
Latest time period: 2021.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 92949.

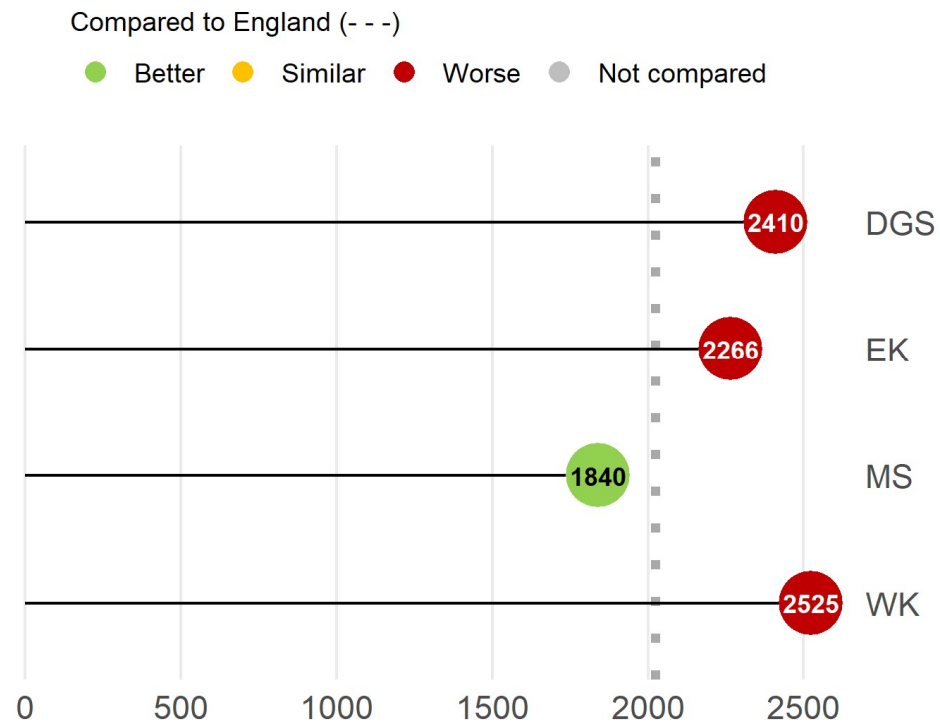
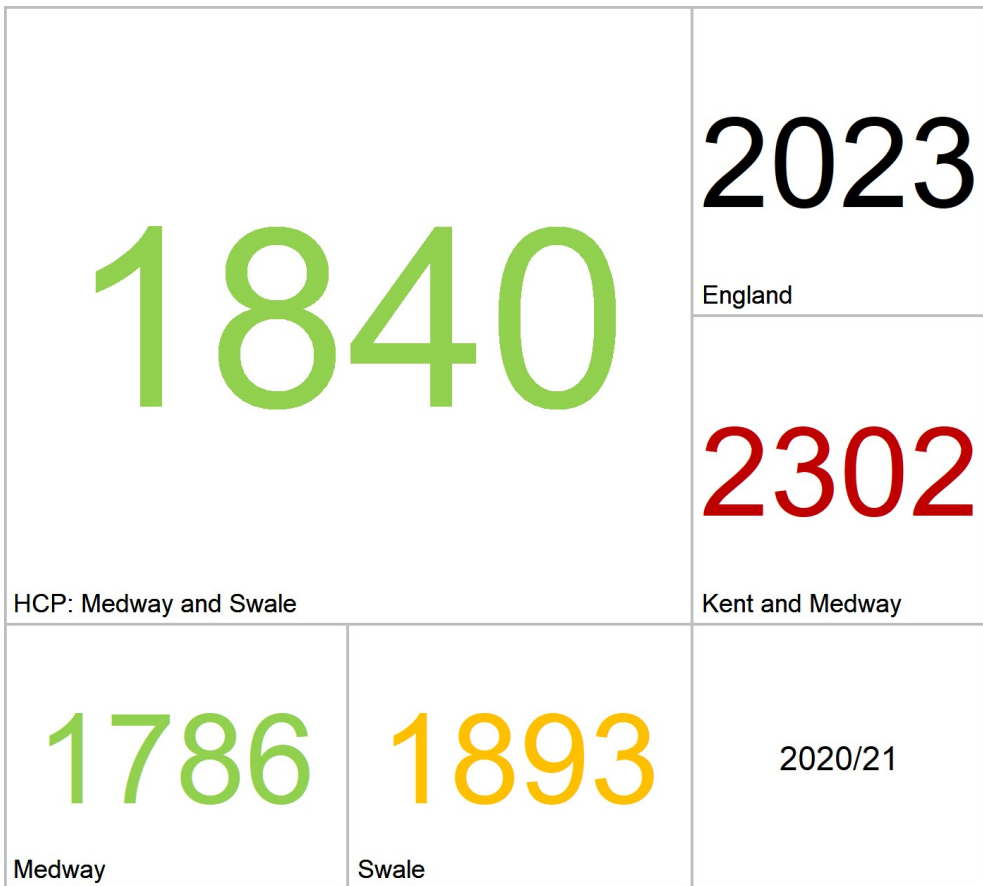
Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).

RAG method: None applied.



Emergency hospital admissions due to falls (persons aged 65 and over)



The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Directly standardised rate - per 100,000.

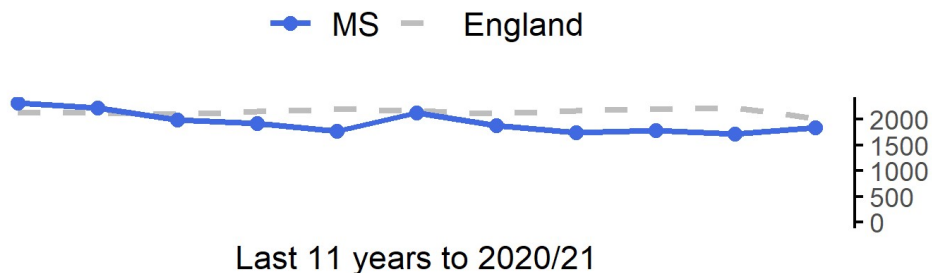
Latest time period: 2020/21.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 22401.

Value calculation: Small areas averaged.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).

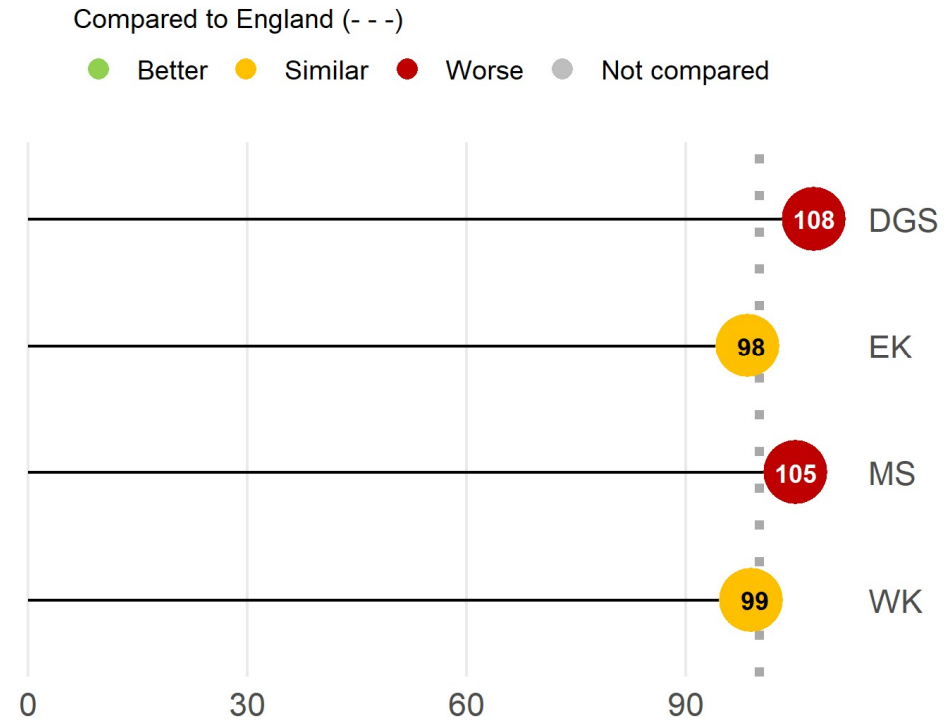
RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.



Emergency hospital admissions for hip fracture (persons aged 65 and over)

105		100
		England
HCP: Medway and Swale		101
		Kent and Medway
107	103	2015/16 - 19/20
Medway	Swale	

Trend data not available.



The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Indirectly standardised ratio per 100.

Latest time period: 2015/16 - 19/20.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93241.

Value calculation: Small areas averaged.

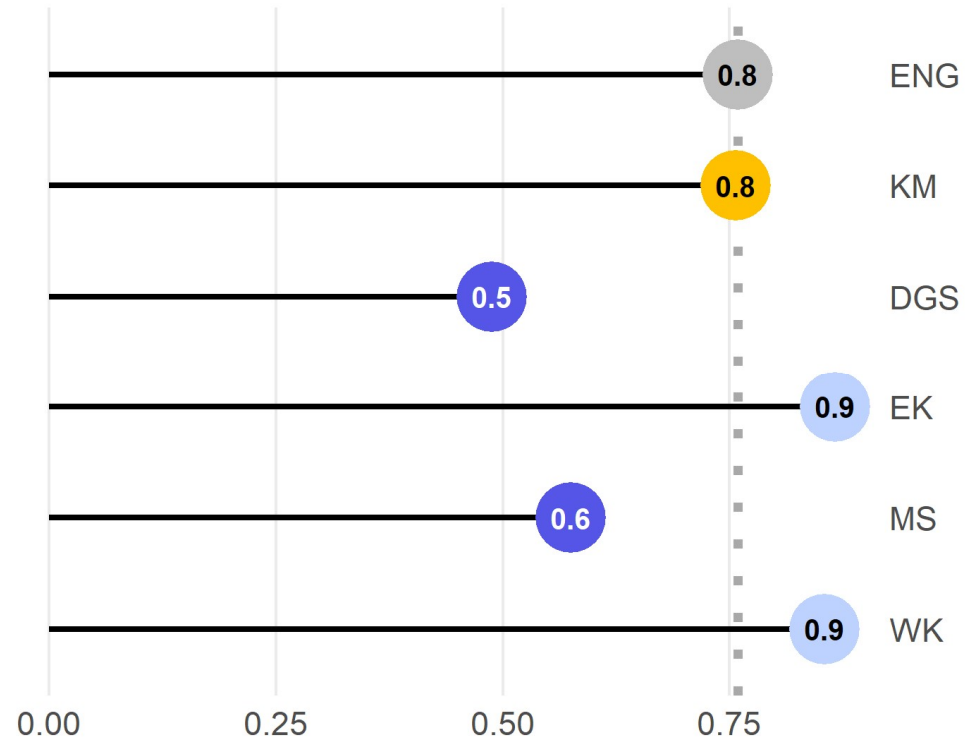
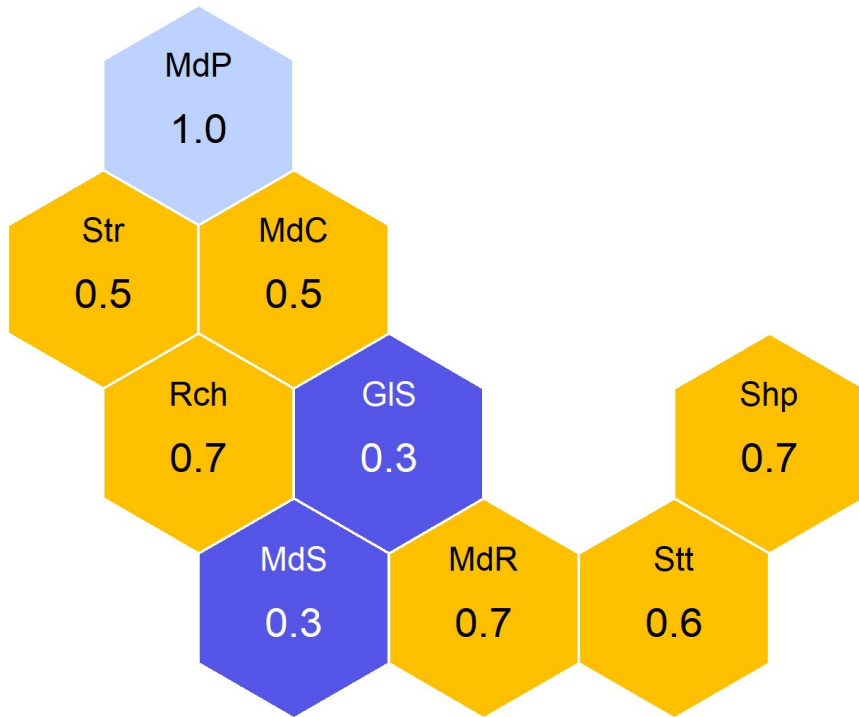
Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2021).

RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.

Osteoporosis: QOF prevalence (50+)

PCNs in Medway and Swale. Compared to England:

■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher ■ Not compared



The rate in Medway and Swale is lower than England.

Value type: Crude rate - %.

Latest time period: 2020/21.

Source: PHE, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 90443.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Practice to PCN.

RAG method: Confidence interval (99.8%) - Wilson Score method.

